

09/734,625

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alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS 10 DEC 17 COMPUAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
alerts (SDIs) affected
NEWS 11 DEC 17 SOLIDSTATE reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
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NEWS 12 DEC 17 CERAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
alerts (SDIs) affected
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NEWS 14 DEC 30 EPFULL: New patent full text database to be available on STN
NEWS 15 DEC 30 CAPLUS - PATENT COVERAGE EXPANDED
NEWS 16 JAN 03 No connect-hour charges in EPFULL during January and
February 2005
NEWS 17 JAN 26 CA/CAPLUS - Expanded patent coverage to include the Russian
Agency for Patents and Trademarks (ROSPATENT)

NEWS EXPRESS JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:50:59 ON 06 FEB 2005

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE
ENTRY

TOTAL
SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:51:10 ON 06 FEB 2005

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

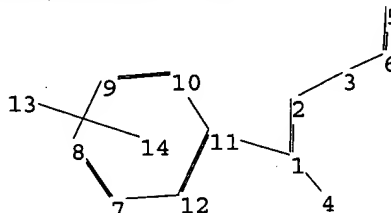
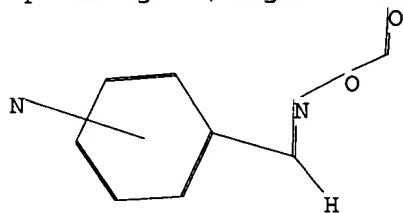
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09734625.str



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 13

ring nodes :

7 8 9 10 11 12

chain bonds :

1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6

ring bonds :

7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

exact/norm bonds :

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exact bonds :

1-4 1-11

normalized bonds :

7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

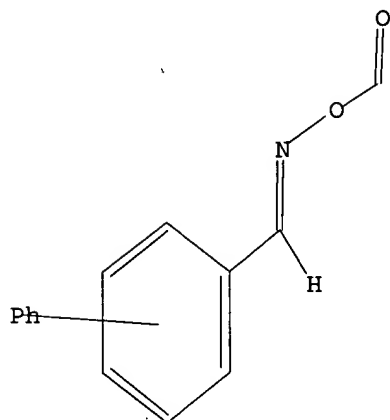
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 14:51:30 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 20775 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 20775 ITERATIONS

10 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 10 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

161.33

161.54

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:51:33 ON 06 FEB 2005

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7

FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 12

L3 4 L2

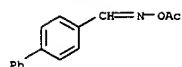
=> d 13 1-4 abs ibib hitstr

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of
 Ar1-C=N-OR1(H) (R1 = cycloalkenyl, benzoyl, alkenoyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl). The photopolym. initiator provides the alkali-developable light-sensitive photoresist composition, which shows the improved storageability, of the high resolution and the good storageability.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752026 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:280493
 TITLE: Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive photoresist composition
 INVENTOR(S): Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 171 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

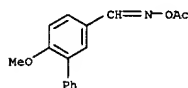
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| NL 1016815 | C2 | 20020514 | | |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
| US 2001012596 | A1 | 20010809 | US 2000-734625 | 20001212 |
| JP 2001233842 | A2 | 20010828 | JP 2000-377671 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319688 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2676 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328376 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328376 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002730 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2730 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061947 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061947 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | A1 | 20021201 | ES 2000-2977 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | B1 | 20041016 | | |
| DK 200001978 | A5 | 20010616 | DK 2000-1878 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013872 | A5 | 20021105 | BE 2000-789 | 20001214 |
| CN 1299812 | A | 20010620 | CN 2000-135980 | 20001215 |
| BR 2000006379 | A | 20010724 | BR 2000-6379 | 20001215 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 1999-811160 | A 19991215 |
| | | | EP 2000-810629 | A 20000717 |

IT 362624-52-OP 362624-74-6P 362624-75-7P
 362624-76-SP
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)
 (light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters used in optical imaging devices)
 RN 362624-52-0 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-carboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

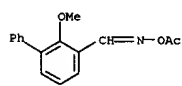
L3 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



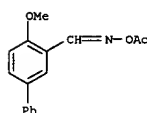
RN 362624-74-6 CAPLUS
 CN (1,1'-Biphenyl)-3-carboxaldehyde, 6-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-75-7 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-carboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



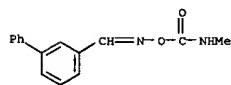
RN 362624-76-8 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-carboxaldehyde, 4-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB In dealing with the passive transport of organic contaminants from soils to plants (including crops), a partition-limited model is proposed in which (i) the maximum (equilibrium) concentration of a contaminant in any location in the plant is determined by partition equilibrium with its concentration in the soil interstitial water, which in turn is determined essentially by the concentration in the soil organic matter (SOM) and (ii) the extent of approach to partition equilibrium, as measured by the ratio of the contaminant concns. in plant water and soil interstitial water, opt (≤ 1), depends on the transport rate of the contaminant in soil water into the plant and the volume of soil water solution that is required for the plant contaminant level to reach equilibrium with the external soil-water phase. Through reasonable ests. of plant organic-water compns. and of contaminant partition coeffs. with various plant components, the model accounts for calculated values of opt in several published crop-contamination studies, including near-equilibrium values (i.e., opt equivalent 1) for relatively water-soluble contaminants and lower values for much less soluble contaminants; the differences are attributed to the much higher partition coeffs. of the less soluble compds. between plant lipids and plant water, which necessitates much larger vols. of the plant water transport for achieving the equilibrium capacities. The model anal. indicates that for plants with high water contents the plant-water phase acts as the major reservoir for highly water-soluble contaminants. By contrast, the lipid in a plant, even at small amts., is usually the major reservoir for highly water-insol. contaminants.

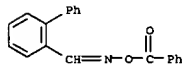
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:149493 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:321868
 TITLE: A Partition-Limited Model for the Plant Uptake of Organic Contaminants from Soil and Water
 AUTHOR(S): Chiou, Cary T.; Sheng, Guangyao; Manes, Milton
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Denver Federal Center, U.S. Geological Survey, Denver, CO, 80225, USA
 SOURCE: Environmental Science and Technology (2001), 35(7), 1437-1444
 CODEN: ESTHAG; ISSN: 0013-936X
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 336784-32-8, 3-Phenylbenzaldehyde O-methylcarbamoyl oxime
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (partition-limited model for plant uptake of organic contaminants from soil and water)
 RN 336784-32-8 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-3-carboxaldehyde, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

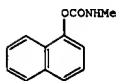


REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

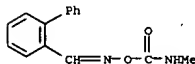
L3 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Biphenyl-2-yl- and triarylvinyliminyls, generated by oxidation of the corresponding iminoxyacetic acids with persulfate and by the thermolysis of their tert-Bu peresters, underwent cyclization in high yield to give phenanthridines and quinolines, resp. E.g., o-PhC6H4CH:NOCH2CO2H and Ph2C:CHPh:NOCH2CO2H with persulfate gave 80% (by gas chromatog.) phenanthridine and 91% 2,3,4-triphenylquinoline, resp.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:491472 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:91472
 TITLE: Iminyls. Part 2. Intramolecular aromatic substitution by iminyls. A new route to phenanthridines and quinolines
 AUTHOR(S): Forrester, Alexander R.; Gill, Melvyn; Sadd, John S.; Thomson, Ronald H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Dep., Univ. Aberdeen, Aberdeen, UK
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1979), (3), 612-15
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 71103-62-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
 RN 71103-62-3 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-carboxaldehyde, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L3 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI

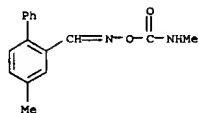


AB The anticholinesterase activity of Sevin (I) [63-25-2] and 25 biphenyl, furylbenzene, fluorene, and tetraline derivs. was determined by IR and
 NMR measurements of inhibition of acetylcholine hydrolysis by pseudocholinesterase. The media used were H2O-dioxane for the NMR and D2O-dioxane for the IR measurement. The method may be used for screening of potential insecticides. The relations between structure and anticholinesterase and insecticidal activities are discussed.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:38457 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:38457
 TITLE: Spectroscopic measurement of cholinesterase activity. III. NMR and IR spectroscopic determination of anticholinesterase activity of carbamate insecticides
 AUTHOR(S): Ronzani, Nello; Guillochon, Didier; Lange, Catherine; Basselier, Jean J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Struct., Paris, Fr.
 SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1976), 11(4), 310-15
 CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 61518-10-3 61518-11-4 61518-12-5
 61518-13-6
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (anticholinesterase activity of, determination of)
 RN 61518-10-3 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-carboxaldehyde, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

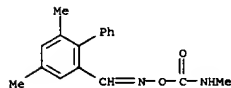


RN 61518-11-4 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-carboxaldehyde, 4-methyl-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

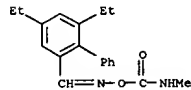
L3 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 61518-12-5 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-carboxaldehyde, 4,6-dimethyl-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 61518-13-6 CAPLUS
 CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-carboxaldehyde, 4,6-diethyl-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



| | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| => fil reg | | |
| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 22.46 | 184.00 |
| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | -2.92 | -2.92 |

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 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

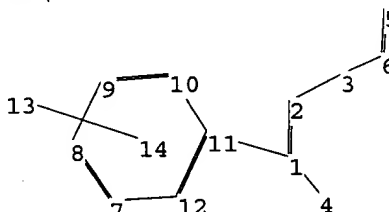
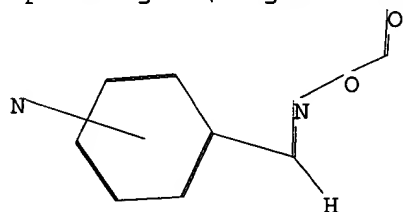
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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=>
 Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09734625.str



chain nodes :
 1 2 3 4 5 6 13
 ring nodes :
 7 8 9 10 11 12
 chain bonds :
 1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
 ring bonds :
 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12
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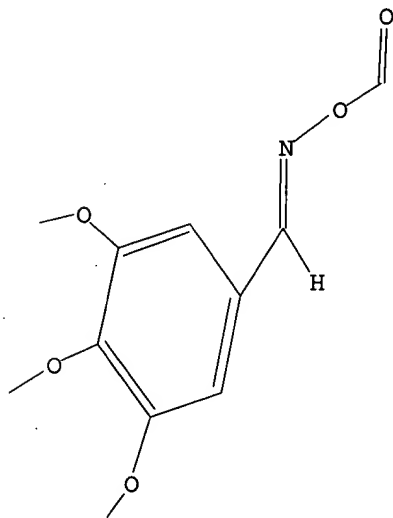
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1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
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L4 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L4 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l4

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 14:56:31 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 11 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 22 TO 418
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L5 0 SEA SSS SAM L4

=> s l4 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 14:56:36 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 212 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 212 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

57 ANSWERS

L6 57 SEA SSS FUL L4

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l6
L7

2 L6

=> d l7 1-2 abs ibib hitstr

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of

Arl-C=N-OR1(H) (R1 = cycloalkenyl, benzoyl, alkenyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl). The photopolym. initiator provides the alkali-developable light-sensitive photoresist composition, which shows the improved storageability, of the high resolution and the good storageability.

the good storageability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752026 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:280493

TITLE: Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive photoresist composition

INVENTOR(S): Kunitomo, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 171 pp. CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
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| NL 1016815 | C2 | 20020514 | | |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
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| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 1999-811160 | A 19991215 |
| | | | EP 2000-810629 | A 20000717 |

IT 333438-68-9P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

used in (light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters

optical imaging devices)

RN 333438-68-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Carbaryl was applied topically, singly, and in combination with several series of adjuvants to the housefly to determine the role of the dioxole ring of methylenedioxyphenyl compds. in synergizing the carbamate insecticides.

When the methylenedioxy moiety was replaced with methoxyl or methoxyl and hydroxyl groups, synergistic activity was greatly reduced or lost.

Several 1,3-benzodioxans also failed to act as synergists. The integrity of the 1,2-methylenedioxy structure is essential for maximum

potentiation of housefly toxicity of the carbamates, paralleling the case for pyrethrins synergism.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:25221 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:25221

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:4549f-g

TITLE: Influence of the methylenedioxyphenyl structure in synergism of a carbamate insecticide for house flies

Moorefield, Herbert H.; Welden, Mathias H. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Union Carbide Agr. Res. Sta., Clayton, NC

SOURCE: Contributions from Boyce Thompson Institute (1964),

22(8), 425-33

CODEN: CBTIAE; ISSN: 0006-8543

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 2815-72-7, Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-

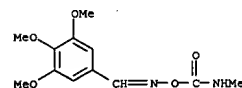
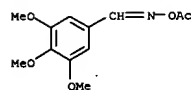
(methylcarbamoyl)oxime

(as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)

RN 2815-72-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



=> fil reg

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 10.78 | 356.97 |

| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | -1.46 | -4.38 |

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=> fil reg

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 0.43 | 357.40 |

| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|--|------------------|---------------|
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | 0.00 | -4.38 |

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:58:11 ON 06 FEB 2005
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

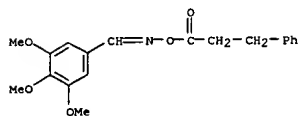
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

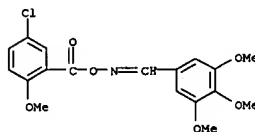
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L6 ANSWER 1 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409338-28-9 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-3-phenylpropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



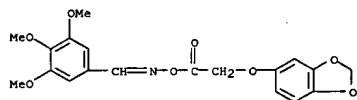
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-99-1 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



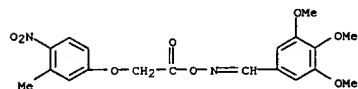
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-93-5 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H19 N O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



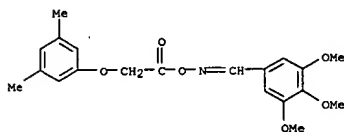
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L6 ANSWER 4 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-84-4 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H20 N2 O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



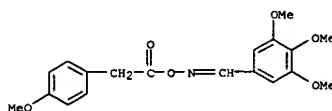
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L6 ANSWER 5 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-43-5 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



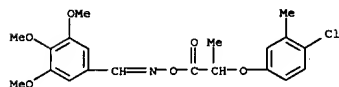
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L6 ANSWER 6 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-21-9 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



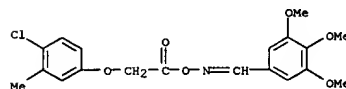
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L6 ANSWER 7 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409312-01-2 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H22 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



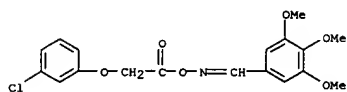
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L6 ANSWER 8 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409311-99-5 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



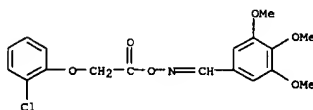
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L6 ANSWER 9 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409311-83-7 REGISTRY
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 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



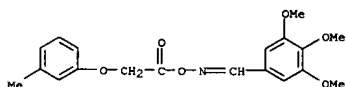
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409310-57-2 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



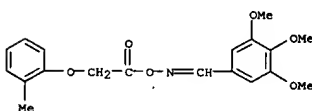
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L6 ANSWER 11 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409310-51-6 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



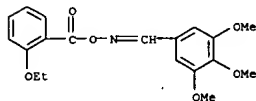
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L6 ANSWER 12 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



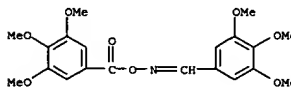
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L6 ANSWER 13 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409308-82-3 REGISTRY
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 INDEX
 NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



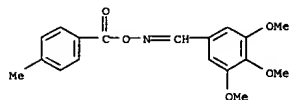
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409308-34-5 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



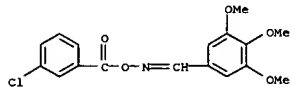
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L6 ANSWER 15 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409307-85-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-methylbenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



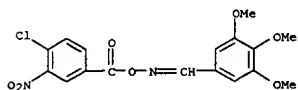
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409125-17-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



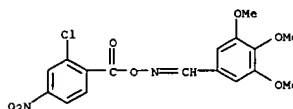
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409124-54-5 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-chloro-3-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



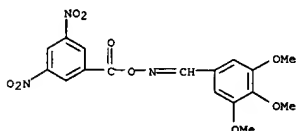
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L6 ANSWER 18 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409124-36-3 REGISTRY
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 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



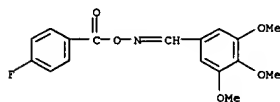
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L6 ANSWER 19 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409123-19-9 REGISTRY
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 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 N3 O9
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



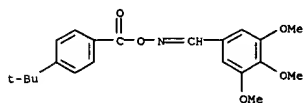
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L6 ANSWER 20 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409122-57-2 REGISTRY
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 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 F N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



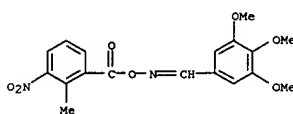
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L6 ANSWER 21 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409122-03-8 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C21 H25 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



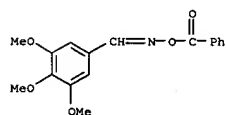
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L6 ANSWER 22 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-98-8 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H19 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



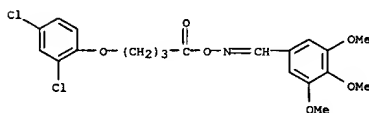
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L6 ANSWER 23 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-91-1 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H17 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



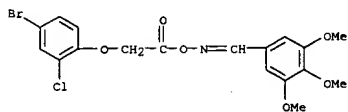
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L6 ANSWER 24 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-41-1 REGISTRY
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 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



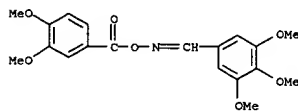
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L6 ANSWER 25 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409120-61-2 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



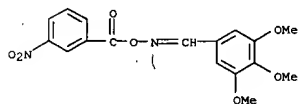
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L6 ANSWER 26 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-87-5 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



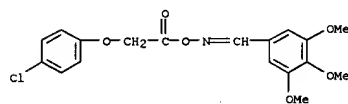
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L6 ANSWER 27 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-23-9 REGISTRY
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



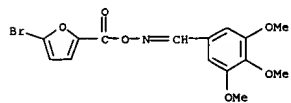
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L6 ANSWER 28 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-16-0 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



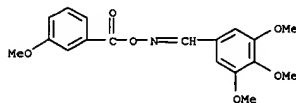
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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 FS 3D CONCORD
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 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



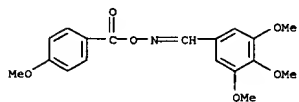
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L6 ANSWER 30 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-77-0 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



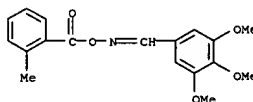
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L6 ANSWER 31 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-69-0 REGISTRY
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 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



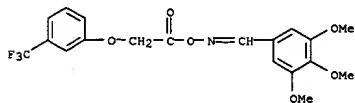
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 32 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-51-0 REGISTRY
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 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



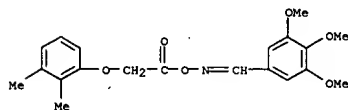
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-25-8 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H18 F3 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



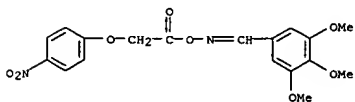
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 34 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-12-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2,3-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



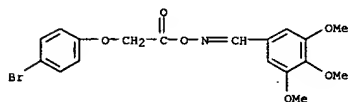
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409117-91-5 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-nitrophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 N2 O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



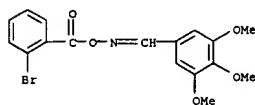
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 36 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409117-26-6 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-bromophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Br N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



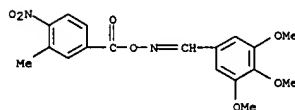
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 37 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409116-32-1 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-bromobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Br N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



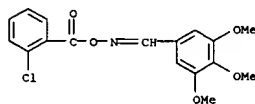
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 38 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-93-1 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3-methyl-4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



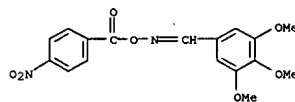
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-90-8 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



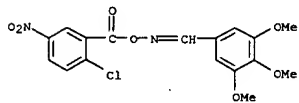
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-64-6 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



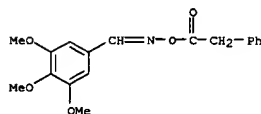
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 41 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-37-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



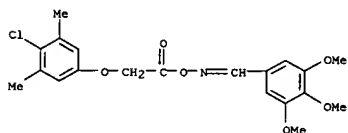
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409103-86-2 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(phenylacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



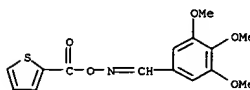
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 43 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409103-02-2 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-3,5-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H22 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



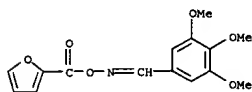
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-98-0 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-thienylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C15 H15 N O5 S
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



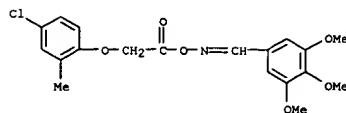
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-91-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-furanylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C15 H15 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



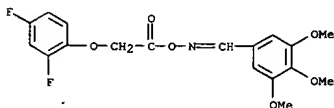
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 46 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-71-9 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H20 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



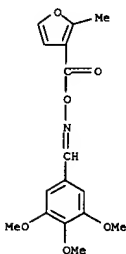
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 47 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-45-7 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H17 F2 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



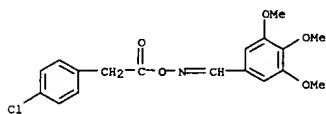
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 48 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-11-7 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2-methyl-3-furanyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C16 H17 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



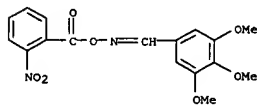
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 49 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409100-85-2 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chlorophenyl)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



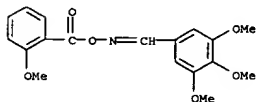
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 50 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409100-56-7 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



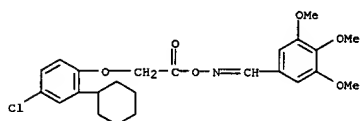
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 51 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409099-89-4 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-methoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



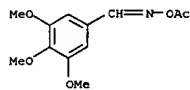
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 52 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409099-69-0 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-2-cyclohexylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C24 H28 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



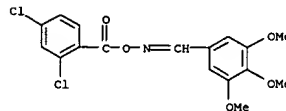
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 333438-68-9 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C12 H15 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, USPATFULL
 DT.CA CAPLUS document type: Patent
 RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)



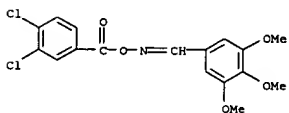
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 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L6 ANSWER 54 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 284679-88-5 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl2 N O5
 SR CAS Client Services
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



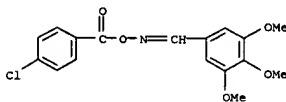
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 55 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 284679-87-4 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,4-dichlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl2 N O5
 SR CAS Client Services
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



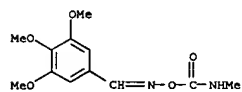
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 56 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 284679-86-3 REGISTRY
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
 SR CAS Client Services
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 57 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 2815-72-7 REGISTRY
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)
FS 3D CONCORD
MF C12 H16 N2 O5
LC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER
DT.CA CAPLUS document type: Journal
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: NORL (No role in record)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 106.17 | 463.57 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 0.00 | -4.38 |

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 409100-56-7/rn
0 409100-56-7
0 409100-56-7D
L8 0 409100-56-7/RN
(409100-56-7 (NOTL) 409100-56-7D)

=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 4.23 | 467.80 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 0.00 | -4.38 |

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:00:14 ON 06 FEB 2005
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

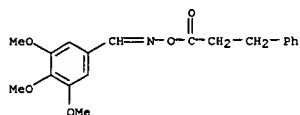
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

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L6 ANSWER 1 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409338-28-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-3-phenylpropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



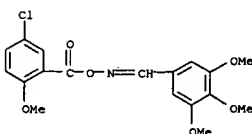
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1875 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1875 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1875 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1875 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1875 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1479.5+/-50.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 174.38+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 191.8+/-44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14442 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14442 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14442 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14442 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14442 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.17 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.17 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.17 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.17 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.17 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.174+/-0.586 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-99-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(5-chloro-2-methoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11194 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11194 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11194 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11194 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11194 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1521.6+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 179.49+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1269.3+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15548 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15548 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15548 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15548 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15548 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1343.37 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.35E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 logP (LOGP) 14.351+/-0.601 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1379.79 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 15.58E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

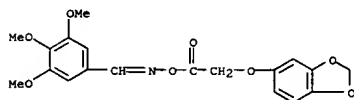
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-93-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H19 N O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 11 |
| C302-C6 | OCOC2-C6 | 15-6 | IC702 | 1333.584.8 11 |



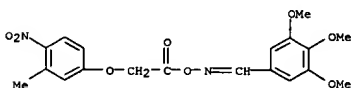
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1250 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1250 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1250 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1250 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1250 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1528.3+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 180.31+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1218.7+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11814 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11814 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11814 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11814 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11814 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.459+/-0.626 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-84-4 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-methyl-4-nitrophenoxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H20 N2 O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1570.9+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 185.61+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1299.1+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13375 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13375 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13375 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13375 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13375 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.958+/-0.610 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1389.36 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.99E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1404.37 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.82E-13 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

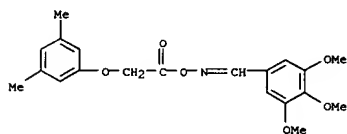
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-43-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3,5-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 6 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1515.9+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 178.78+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1202.9+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 logP (LOGP) 14.518+/-0.604
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1373.40
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 19.46E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

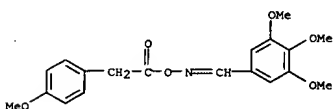
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409337-21-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 6 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1365 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1365 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1365 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1365 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1365 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1499.1+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 176.74+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1200.8+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12373 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12373 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12373 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12373 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12373 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.67 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.67 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.67 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.67 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.67 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.673+/-0.596 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1359.37
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.28E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

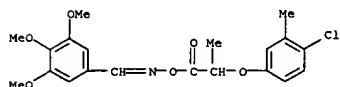
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409312-01-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[2-(4-chloro-3-methylphenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H22 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID | Count |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----|-------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | | |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 | |



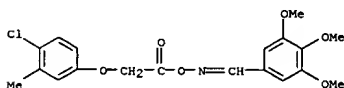
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14365 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14365 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14365 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14365 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14365 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1529.8 +/- -60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 180.49 +/- -3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1274.2 +/- -59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 114030 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 114030 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 114030 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 114030 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 114030 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.09 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.09 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.09 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.09 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.09 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 15.092 +/- -0.610 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409311-99-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[2-(4-chloro-3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H20 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID | Count |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----|-------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | | |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 | |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1524.8 +/- -60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 179.88 +/- -3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1271.2 +/- -59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.745 +/- -0.609 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1407.84 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.61E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1393.82 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.14E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

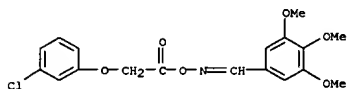
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409311-93-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



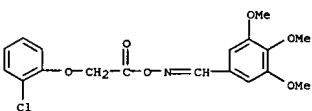
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1359 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1359 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1359 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1359 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1359 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1509.4+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 178.00+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1261.9+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16086 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16086 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16086 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16086 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16086 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.43 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.43 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.43 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.43 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.43 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.425+/-0.608 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409310-57-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1849 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1849 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1849 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1849 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1849 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1507.5+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 177.76+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1260.7+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14345 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14345 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14345 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14345 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14345 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.16 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.16 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.16 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.16 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.16 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.156+/-0.608 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1379.79 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.70E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1379.79 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.02E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

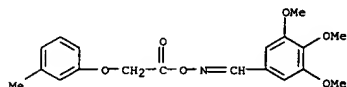
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409310-51-6 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Elemental the Rings | Size of Ring System | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count | |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 | |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1500.4+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 176.90+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1201.6+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.058+/-0.603 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1359.37
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 13.82E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

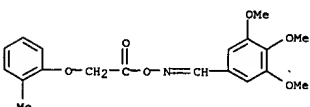
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409309-67-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Elemental the Rings | Size of Ring System | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count | |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 | |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1715 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1493.0+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 176.00+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1196.9+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13843 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.06 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.058+/-0.603 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1359.37
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 17.34E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

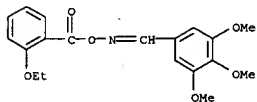
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409308-82-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-ethoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



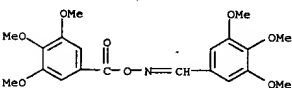
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1640 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1640 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1640 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1640 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1640 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1498.4+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 176.65+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1200.3+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13552 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13552 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13552 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13552 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13552 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.00 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.00 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.00 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.00 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.00 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.995+/-0.594 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409308-34-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1565 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1565 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1565 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1565 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1565 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1546.9+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 182.61+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1215.0+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13247 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13247 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13247 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13247 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13247 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.92 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.92 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.92 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.92 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.92 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.924+/-0.612 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1359.37 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.57E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1405.40 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 15.15E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

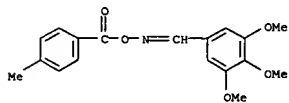
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 15 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409307-85-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 01 May 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-methylbenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



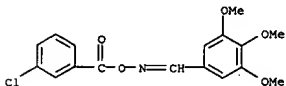
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1466.2 +/- 50.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 172.80 +/- 3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1191.8 +/- 44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.194 +/- 0.585 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409125-17-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11631 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11631 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11631 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11631 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11631 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1478.6 +/- 55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 174.29 +/- 3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1243.2 +/- 56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16937 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16937 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16937 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16937 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16937 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.53 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.53 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.53 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.53 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.53 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.530 +/- 0.592 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 15 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 329.35
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 17.22E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 349.77
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.55E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

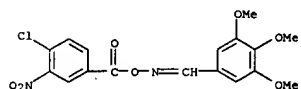
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409124-54-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-chloro-3-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1917 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1917 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1917 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1917 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1917 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1541.7+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 181.96+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1281.4+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14594 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14594 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14594 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14594 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14594 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.20 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.20 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.20 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.20 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.20 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.201+/-0.601 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |

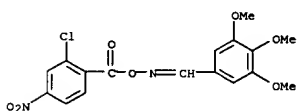
L6 ANSWER 17 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1394.76
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 18.51E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD
 (1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409124-36-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1604 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1604 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1604 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1604 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1604 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1546.6+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 182.58+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1284.4+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13407 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13407 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13407 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13407 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13407 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.96 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.96 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.96 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.96 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.96 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.962+/-0.604 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1394.76
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 15.28E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

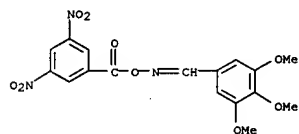
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 RN 409123-19-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,5-dinitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 N3 O9
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



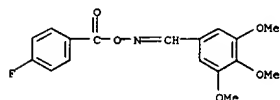
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1266 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1266 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1266 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1266 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1266 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1558.2+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 184.02+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1291.4+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 12 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1895 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1895 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1895 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1895 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1895 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 RN 409122-57-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-fluorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 F N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1596 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1452.6+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 171.19+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1227.5+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13374 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13374 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13374 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13374 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13374 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.95 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.954+/-0.621 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 logP (LOGP) 13.494+/-0.601 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 405.32 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 1.71E-12 Torr 25.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 333.31 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.21E-08 Torr 25.0 deg C (1) ACD

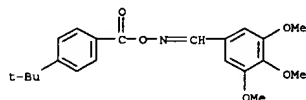
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409122-03-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)benzoyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C21 H25 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 17775 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 17775 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 17775 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 17775 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 17775 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1486.5+/-50.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 175.22+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1179.2+/-44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 121210 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 121210 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 121210 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 121210 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 121210 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.42 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.42 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.42 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.42 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.42 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 15.422+/-0.591 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 371.43
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.28E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

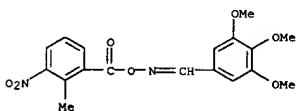
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-98-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-methyl-3-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1776 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1776 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1776 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1776 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1776 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1524.2+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 179.81+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1270.8+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 15 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14074 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14074 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14074 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14074 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14074 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.10 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.10 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.10 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.10 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.10 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.105+/-0.594 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 374.34
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.40E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

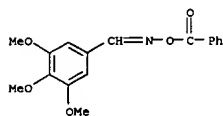
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 23 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-91-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H17 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1405 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1405 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1405 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1405 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1405 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1443.4+/-50.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 170.10+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1185.5+/-44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12559 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12559 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12559 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12559 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12559 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.73 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.73 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.73 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.73 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.73 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.734+/-0.584 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 23 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1315.32 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.65E-08 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

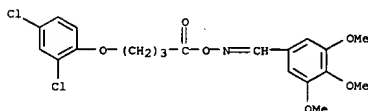
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409121-41-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H21 Cl2 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 18705 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 18705 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 18705 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 18705 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 18705 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1560.2+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 184.27+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1292.6+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 122997 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 122997 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 122997 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 122997 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 122997 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.49 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.49 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.49 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.49 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.49 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 15.487+/-0.606 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1442.29 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.40E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

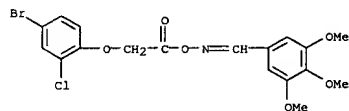
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 25 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409120-61-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-bromo-2-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H17 Br Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| Count | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



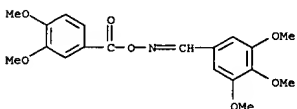
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15003 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15003 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15003 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15003 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15003 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1545.0+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 182.37+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1283.4+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115470 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115470 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115470 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115470 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115470 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 15.170+/-0.641 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-87-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H21 N O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| Count | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1614 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1614 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1614 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1614 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1614 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1515.7+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 178.77+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1207.8+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13448 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13448 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13448 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13448 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13448 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.97 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.97 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.97 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.97 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.97 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.972+/-0.602 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 25 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1458.69 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 16.18E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1375.37 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 19.60E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

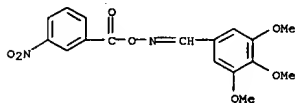
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-23-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1347 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1347 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1347 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1347 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1347 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1509.6+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 178.01+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1262.0+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12289 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12289 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12289 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12289 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12289 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.64 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.64 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.64 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.64 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.64 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.645+/-0.592 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1360.32 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.68E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

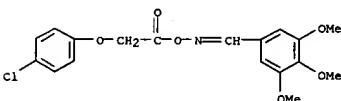
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 28 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-16-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11062 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11062 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11062 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11062 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11062 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1509.4+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 177.99+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1261.9+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15103 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15103 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15103 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15103 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15103 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.28 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.28 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.28 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.28 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.28 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.285+/-0.608 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 28 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1379.79 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.70E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

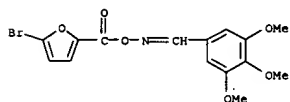
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409119-14-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(5-bromo-2-furanyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C15 H14 Br N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------|------------|-------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C4O | OC4 | 5 | C4O | 16.138.5 | 1 |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 1 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1454 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1454 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1454 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1454 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1454 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1466.9+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 172.88+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1236.2+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12776 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12776 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12776 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12776 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12776 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.80 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.80 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.80 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.80 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.80 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.799+/-0.641 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1384.18
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 16.81E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

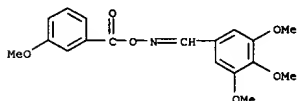
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-77-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(3-methoxybenzoyl)oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------|------------|-------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1541 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1541 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1541 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1541 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1541 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1486.0+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 175.16+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1201.0+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13148 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13148 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13148 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13148 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13148 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.899+/-0.593 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1345.35
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.35E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

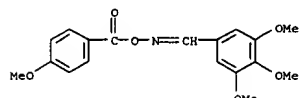
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-69-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-methoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1542 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1542 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1542 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1542 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1542 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1486.7+/-55.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 175.24+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1201.5+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13152 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13152 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13152 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13152 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13152 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.90 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.900+/-0.593 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1345.35 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.27E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

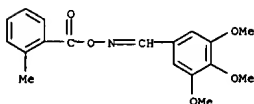
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 32 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-51-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-methylbenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1906 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1464.9+/-50.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 172.64+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1191.0+/-44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14554 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.19 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.194+/-0.585 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 32 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1329.35 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 18.06E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

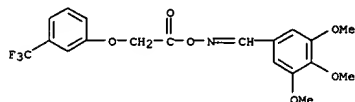
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-25-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-,
 O-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)acetyl]oxi
 me (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H18 F3 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



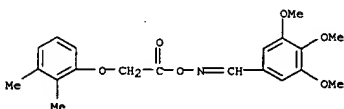
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12349 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12349 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12349 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12349 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12349 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1490.0+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 175.64+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1250.1+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19004 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19004 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19004 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19004 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19004 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.738+/-0.628 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 34 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409118-12-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2,3-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H23 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11599 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1512.4+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 178.36+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1200.7+/-49.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16839 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.52 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.518+/-0.604 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1413.34
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 19.50E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 34 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1373.40
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.30E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

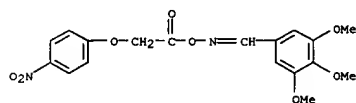
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409117-91-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-nitrophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 N2 O8
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | 1C6 | 16 | 1C6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1267 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1267 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1267 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1267 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1267 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1561.7+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 184.46+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1293.5+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 110 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11897 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11897 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11897 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11897 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11897 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.49 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.495+/-0.609 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 35 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1390.34 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.21E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

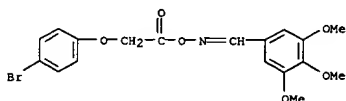
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 36 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409117-26-6 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-bromophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Br N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | 1C6 | 16 | 1C6 | 146.150.18 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11864 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11864 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11864 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11864 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11864 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1524.8+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (Hvap) | 179.88+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1271.2+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 17632 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 17632 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 17632 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 17632 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 17632 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.61 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.61 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.61 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.61 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.61 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.606+/-0.635 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 36 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1424.24 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.16E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

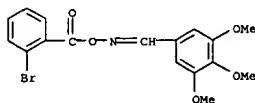
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 37 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409116-32-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-bromobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Br N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



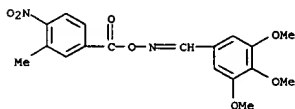
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1747 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1747 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1747 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1747 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1747 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1492.4+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 175.93+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1251.6+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13966 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13966 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13966 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13966 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13966 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.08 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.08 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.08 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.08 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.08 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.083+/-0.624 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 38 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-93-1 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3-methyl-4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1846 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1846 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1846 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1846 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1846 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1540.1+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 181.77+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1280.5+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14337 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14337 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14337 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14337 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 14337 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.15 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.15 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.15 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.15 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.15 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.155+/-0.594 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 37 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1394.22 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 17.73E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris.V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 38 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1374.34 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 19.84E-12 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

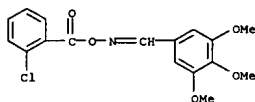
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-90-8 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | C6 | 16 | C6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1548 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1548 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1548 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1548 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1548 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 177.2+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 174.10+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1242.4+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13179 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13179 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13179 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13179 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13179 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.91 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.91 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.91 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.91 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.91 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.907+/-0.595 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1349.77 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.86E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

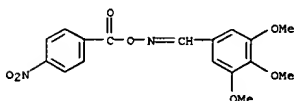
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-64-6 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | C6 | 16 | C6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1378 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1378 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1378 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1378 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1378 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1523.3+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 179.69+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1270.3+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12437 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12437 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12437 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12437 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12437 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.69 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.69 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.69 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.69 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.69 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.695+/-0.592 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1360.32 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.78E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

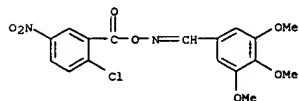
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 41 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409115-37-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1518 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1518 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1518 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1518 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1518 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1539.5+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 181.69+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1280.1+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13051 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13051 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13051 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13051 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 13051 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.87 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.87 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.87 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.87 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.87 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.874+/-0.604 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 41 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1394.76 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.05E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

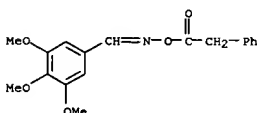
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409103-86-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(phenylacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1423 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1423 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1423 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1423 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1423 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1466.4+/-50.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 172.81+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1191.9+/-44.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12638 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12638 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12638 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12638 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 12638 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.76 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.76 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.76 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.76 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.76 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.758+/-0.589 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 42 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1329.35 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 17.13E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

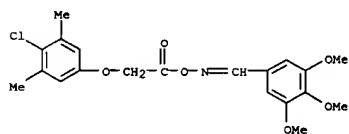
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 43 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409103-02-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-3,5-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C20 H22 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 |



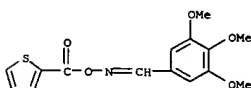
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15316 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15316 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15316 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15316 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 15316 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1539.5+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 181.70+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1280.1+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 116157 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 116157 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 116157 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 116157 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 116157 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.20 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.20 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.20 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.20 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.20 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-98-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-thienylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C15 H15 N O5 S
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C4S | ISC4 | 15 | IC4S | 116.145.3 |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1202 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1202 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1202 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1202 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1202 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1450.0+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 170.88+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1225.9+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11556 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11556 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11556 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11556 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11556 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.34 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.34 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.34 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.34 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.34 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.337+/-0.600 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 43 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 logP (LOGP) 15.205+/-0.610
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1407.84
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.04E-11 Torr
 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 44 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1321.35
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.74E-08 Torr
 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

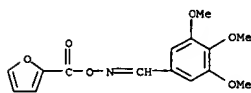
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-91-3 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-furanylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C15 H15 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C4O | OC4 | 5 | OC4O | 16.138.5 | 11 |
| C6 | OC6 | 6 | OC6 | 146.150.18 | 11 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 148.9 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 148.9 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 148.9 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 148.9 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 148.9 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1423.8+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 167.81+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1210.1+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1564 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1564 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1564 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1564 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1564 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 12.53 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 12.53 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 12.53 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 12.53 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 12.53 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 12.526+/-0.601 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | 1<0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 45 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 305.28 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.18E-07 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

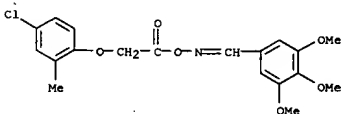
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 46 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-71-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C19 H20 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | OC6 | 16 | OC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12376 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1519.9+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 179.27+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1268.2+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 19080 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.74 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 46 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 logP (LOGP) 14.745+/-0.609 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 393.82 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 16.57E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

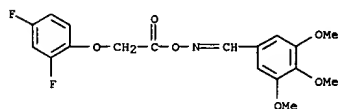
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 47 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-45-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2,4-difluorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H17 F2 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 6 | IC6 | 146.150.18 12 |



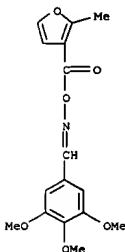
Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 548 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 548 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 548 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 548 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 548 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 496.7+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (H/VAP) | 76.45+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 254.2+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 18 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 0 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 3178 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 3178 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 3178 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 3178 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 3178 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 3.91 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 3.91 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 3.91 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 3.91 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 3.91 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 3.907+/-0.664 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 48 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409101-11-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(2-methyl-3-furanyl)carbonyl]oxime
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C16 H17 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C4O | OC4 | 5 | IC4O | 16.138.5 11 |
| C6 | IC6 | 6 | IC6 | 146.150.18 11 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 209 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 209 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 209 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 209 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 209 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 442.8+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (H/VAP) | 70.04+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 221.6+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 16 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 47 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 381.33 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 15.28E-10 Torr 25.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 48 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 H acceptors (HAC) 17 (1) ACD
 H donors (HD) 0 (1) ACD
 Koc (KOC) 11592 pH 1 (1) ACD
 Koc (KOC) 11592 pH 4 (1) ACD
 Koc (KOC) 11592 pH 7 (1) ACD
 Koc (KOC) 11592 pH 8 (1) ACD
 Koc (KOC) 11592 pH 10 (1) ACD
 logD (LOGD) 3.35 pH 1 (1) ACD
 logD (LOGD) 3.35 pH 4 (1) ACD
 logD (LOGD) 3.35 pH 7 (1) ACD
 logD (LOGD) 3.35 pH 8 (1) ACD
 logD (LOGD) 3.35 pH 10 (1) ACD
 logP (LOGP) 3.355+/-0.833 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 319.31 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 14.87E-08 Torr 25.0 deg C (1) ACD

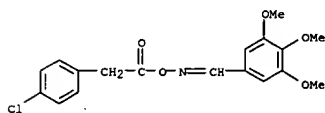
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 49 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409100-85-2 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chlorophenyl)acetyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H18 Cl N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11197 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11197 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11197 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11197 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11197 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1489.9+/-55.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 175.64+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1250.1+/-56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15559 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15559 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15559 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15559 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 15559 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.35 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.353+/-0.595 | | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 49 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1363.79
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 19.55E-10 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

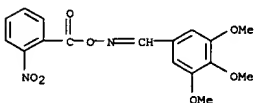
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 50 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409100-56-7 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H16 N2 O7
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1168 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1168 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1168 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1168 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1168 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1517.3+/-60.0 deg C | 1760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 178.95+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1266.6+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11363 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11363 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11363 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11363 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11363 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.23 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.23 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.23 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.23 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.23 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.231+/-0.594 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | 1<0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 50 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) 1<0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 1360.32
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 18.33E-11 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

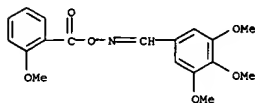
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 51 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409099-89-4 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2-methoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C18 H19 N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1253 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1253 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1253 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1253 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 1253 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1487.8+/-55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 175.38+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1202.2+/-46.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11826 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11826 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11826 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11826 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 11826 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 13.46 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 13.464+/-0.594 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 51 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 345.35 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 11.15E-09 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

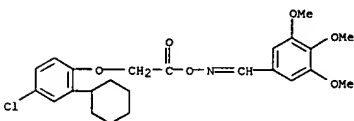
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 52 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 409099-69-0 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2002
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-[(4-chloro-2-cyclohexylphenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C24 H29 Cl N O6
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.1 | 11 |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 187340 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 187340 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 187340 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 187340 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 187340 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1578.2+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVPAP) | 186.54+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1303.5+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 19 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 17 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1119811 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1119811 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1119811 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1119811 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1119811 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 16.80 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 16.80 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 16.80 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 16.80 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 52 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 logD (LOGD) 16.80 pH 10 (1) ACD
 logP (LOGP) 16.804+/-0.609 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 1 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 4 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 461.93 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.30E-13 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

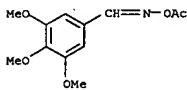
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 333438-68-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2001
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C12 H15 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, USPATFULL
 DT,CA CAPLUS document type: Patent
 RL,P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 11 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | I | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 118.9 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 118.9 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 118.9 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 118.9 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 118.9 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1358.1+/-47.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD | |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 160.35+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD | |
| Flash Point (FP) | 155.8+/-42.7 deg C | | (1) ACD | |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD | |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 1285 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 1285 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 1285 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 1285 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 1285 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.98 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.98 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.98 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.98 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.98 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| logP (LOGP) | 11.981+/-0.584 | | (1) ACD | |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 333438-68-9 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 2001
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C12 H15 N O5
 SR Chemical Library
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, USPATFULL
 DT,CA CAPLUS document type: Patent
 RL,P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

ST photopolym initiator oxime ester light sensitive photoresist compn
 IT Light-sensitive materials
 Photoresists

used in (light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters

optical imaging devices)

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photopolym.; light-sensitive color filter composition containing

oxime esters

used in optical imaging devices)

| | | | | | |
|----|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| IT | 333438-68-9P | 362624-48-4P | 362624-51-9P | 362624-52-0P | 362624-53-1P |
| | 362624-54-2P | 362624-55-3P | 362624-56-4P | 362624-57-5P | 362624-58-6P |
| | 362624-59-7P | 362624-60-0P | 362624-61-1P | 362624-62-2P | 362624-63-3P |
| | 362624-64-4P | 362624-65-5P | 362624-66-6P | 362624-67-7P | 362624-68-8P |
| | 362624-69-9P | 362624-70-2P | 362624-71-3P | 362624-72-4P | 362624-73-5P |
| | 362624-74-6P | 362624-75-7P | 362624-76-8P | 362624-77-9P | 362624-78-0P |
| | 362624-79-1P | 362624-80-4P | 362624-81-5P | 362624-82-6P | 362624-83-7P |
| | 362624-84-8P | 362624-85-9P | 362624-87-1P | 362624-88-2P | 362624-89-3P |
| | 362624-90-6P | 362624-91-7P | 362624-92-8P | 362624-94-0P | 362624-96-2P |
| | 362624-97-3P | 362624-98-4P | 362624-99-5P | 362625-00-1P | 362625-01-2P |
| | 362625-03-4P | 362625-04-5P | 362625-06-7P | | |

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)

(light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters

used in

optical imaging devices)

IT 74-88-4, Iodomethane, reactions 75-36-5, Acetyl chloride 104-88-1,

4-Chlorobenzaldehyde, reactions 108-98-5, Benzenethiol, reactions

127-09-3, Sodium acetate 5470-11-1, Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride

38360-81-5, 3,5-Dimethylbenzenethiol

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters

used in

optical imaging devices)

IT 1208-88-4P, Benzaldehyde, 4-(phenylthio)- 66794-11-4P 84211-99-4P

362624-49-5P 362624-50-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters

used in

optical imaging devices)

L6 ANSWER 53 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 7 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 8 (1) ACD
 Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) <0.01 mol/L pH 10 (1) ACD
 Molecular Weight (MW) 253.25 (1) ACD
 Vapor Pressure (VP) 12.61E-05 Torr 125.0 deg C (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
 Solaris V4.67 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

AN 135:280493 CA
 TI Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive
 photoresist composition
 IN Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura,
 Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc
 PA Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
 SO Fr. Demande, 171 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DT Patent
 LA French
 IC ICM C07C251-36
 ICS C07C251-38; C07C251-40; C07C251-52; C07C251-54; C07C323-47;
 C07D333-22; G03F007-031; C08F002-50; G03C009-08

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 35

FAN CNT 1

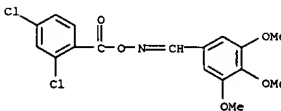
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------|----------|----------|------------------|----------|
| FR 2802528 | A1 | 20010622 | FR 2000-16306 | 20001214 |
| TW 499411 | B | 20020821 | TW 2000-89123924 | 20001110 |
| NL 1016815 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016815 | 20001206 |
| GB 2358017 | C2 | 20020514 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | | |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
| US 2001012596 | A1 | 20010809 | US 2000-734625 | 20001212 |
| JP 2001233842 | A2 | 20010828 | JP 2000-377671 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319688 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2676 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328376 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328376 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002730 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2730 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061947 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061947 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | A1 | 20021201 | ES 2000-2977 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | B1 | 20041016 | | |
| DK 200001878 | A5 | 20010616 | DK 2000-1878 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013872 | A5 | 20021105 | BE 2000-789 | 20001214 |
| CN 1299812 | A | 20010620 | CN 2000-135980 | 20001215 |
| BR 2000006379 | A | 20010724 | BR 2000-6379 | 20001215 |
| PRAI EP 1999-811160 | 19991215 | | | |
| EP 2000-810629 | 20000717 | | | |

AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a
 photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of
 Ar1-C=N-OR1(H) (R1 =

L6 ANSWER 54 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 RN 284679-88-5 REGISTRY
 ED Entered STN: 10 Aug 2000
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C17 H15 Cl2 N O5
 SR CAS Client Services
 LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring System | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | I | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12134 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12134 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12134 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12134 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 12134 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1509.4+/-60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD | |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVP) | 177.99+/-3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD | |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1261.9+/-59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD | |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD | |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 18407 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 18407 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 18407 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 18407 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| Koc (KOC) | 18407 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.68 | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.68 | pH 4 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.68 | pH 7 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.68 | pH 8 | (1) ACD | |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.68 | pH 10 | (1) ACD | |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.683+/-0.602 | | (1) ACD | |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD | |

L6 ANSWER 54 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 7 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 8 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 10 | (1) ACD
Molecular Weight (MW) | 1384.21 | | (1) ACD
Vapor Pressure (VP) | 11.70E-10 Torr | 25.0 deg C | (1) ACD

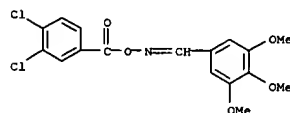
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
Solaris V4.67 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 55 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 284679-87-4 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 10 Aug 2000
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(3,4-dichlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)
FS 3D CONCORD
MF C17 H15 Cl2 N O5
SR CAS Client Services
LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14990 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14990 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14990 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14990 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 14990 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1512.6 +/- 60.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 178.38 +/- 3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1263.8 +/- 59.2 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115443 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115443 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115443 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115443 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 115443 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 15.17 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 15.169 +/- 0.600 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 55 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 7 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 8 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 10 | (1) ACD
Molecular Weight (MW) | 1384.21 | | (1) ACD
Vapor Pressure (VP) | 11.27E-10 Torr | 25.0 deg C | (1) ACD

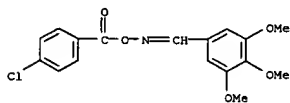
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
Solaris V4.67 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 56 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 284679-86-3 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 10 Aug 2000
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)
FS 3D CONCORD
MF C17 H16 Cl N O5
SR CAS Client Services
LC STN Files: CHEMCATS

Ring System Data

| Elemental Analysis | Elemental Sequence | Size of the Rings | Ring Formula | Ring Identifier | RID Occurrence |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 | 12 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11543 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11543 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11543 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11543 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 11543 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Boiling Point (BP) | 1477.4 +/- 55.0 deg C | 760.0 Torr | (1) ACD |
| Enthalpy of Vap. (HVAP) | 174.12 +/- 3.0 kJ/mol | | (1) ACD |
| Flash Point (FP) | 1242.5 +/- 56.7 deg C | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 16 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 10 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16664 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16664 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16664 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16664 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 16664 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.50 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.50 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.50 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.50 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 14.50 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 14.498 +/- 0.591 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 56 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) |<0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) |<0.01 mol/L | pH 7 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) |<0.01 mol/L | pH 8 | (1) ACD
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) |<0.01 mol/L | pH 10 | (1) ACD
Molecular Weight (MW) | 349.77 | | (1) ACD
Vapor Pressure (VP) | 12.82E-09 Torr | 125.0 deg C | (1) ACD

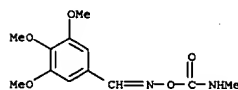
(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
Solaris V4.67 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

L6 ANSWER 57 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 2815-72-7 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)
FS 3D CONCORD
MF C12 H16 N2 O5
LC STN Files: CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER
DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: NORL (No role in record)

Ring System Data

| Elemental | Elemental | Size of | Ring | RID |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|---------|----------------|
| Analysis | Sequence | (the Rings) | Formula | Identifier |
| EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID |
| | | | | Count |
| C6 | IC6 | 16 | IC6 | 146.150.18 1 |



Calculated Properties (CALC)

| PROPERTY (CODE) | VALUE | CONDITION | NOTE |
|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 113.7 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 113.8 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 113.8 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 113.8 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Bioconc. Factor (BCF) | 113.8 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| Freely Rotatable Bonds (FRB) | 6 | | (1) ACD |
| H acceptors (HAC) | 7 | | (1) ACD |
| H donors (HD) | 1 | | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1226 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1228 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1228 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1228 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| Koc (KOC) | 1228 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.80 | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.80 | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.80 | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.80 | pH 8 | (1) ACD |
| logD (LOGD) | 11.80 | pH 10 | (1) ACD |
| logP (LOGP) | 11.802 +/- 0.588 | | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 1 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 4 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 7 | (1) ACD |
| Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) | <0.01 mol/L | pH 8 | (1) ACD |

L6 ANSWER 57 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Molar Solubility (SLB.MOL) |<0.01 mol/L | pH 10 | (1) ACD
Molecular Weight (MW) | 268.27 | | (1) ACD
pKa (PKA) | 113.72 +/- 0.46 | Most Acidic | (1) ACD

(1) Calculated using Advanced Chemistry Development (ACD/Labs) Software
Solaris V4.76 ((C) 1994-2005 ACD/Labs)

See HELP PROPERTIES for information about property data sources in REGISTRY.

- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1

AN 62:25221 CA
TI Influence of the methylenedioxyphenyl structure in synergism of a carbamate insecticide for house flies
AU Moorefield, Herbert H.; Weiden, Mathias H. J.
CS Union Carbide Agr. Res. Sta., Clayton, NC
SO Contributions from Boyce Thompson Institute (1964), 22(8), 425-33
CODEN: CBTIAE; ISSN: 0006-8543
DT Journal
LA English
CC 72 (Pesticides)
AB Carbaryl was applied topically, singly, and in combination with several series of adjuvants to the housefly to determine the role of the dioxole ring of methylenedioxyphenyl compds. in synergizing the carbamate insecticides.
When the methylenedioxy moiety was replaced with methoxyl or methoxyl and hydroxyl groups, synergistic activity was greatly reduced or lost.
Several 1,3-benzodioxans also failed to act as synergists. The integrity of the 1,2-methylenedioxy structure is essential for maximum potentiation of housefly toxicity of the carbamates, paralleling the case for pyrethrins synergism.
IT Houseflies
(carbamate insecticide effect on, synergism of compds. containing (methylenedioxy)phenyl group for)
IT Phenol, 3,4-(methylenedioxy)-, methylcarbamate
(as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT (Methylenedioxy)phenyl group
(synergism with carbamate insecticides of compds. containing)
IT 6414-57-9, Carbamic acid, methyl-
(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde oxime derivative, as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT 93-03-8, Veratryl alcohol 93-07-2, Veratric acid 93-15-2, Benzene, 4-allyl-1,2-dimethoxy- 94-59-7, Benzene, 4-allyl-1,2-(methylenedioxy)- 120-14-9, Veratraldehyde 120-57-0, Piperonal 120-60-5, Carbamic acid, methyl-, 3,4-(methylenedioxy)phenyl ester 121-33-5, Vanillin 121-34-6, Vanillic acid 274-09-9, Benzene, 1,2-(methylenedioxy)- 495-76-1, Piperonyl alcohol 533-31-3, Phenol, 3,4-(methylenedioxy)- 1135-24-6, Cinnamic acid, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy- 2033-89-8, Phenol, 3,4-dimethoxy- 2089-36-3, Piperonal, oxime 2169-98-4, Veratraldehyde, oxime 2620-43-1, Piperonyl alcohol, methylcarbamate 2631-35-8, Piperonal,

L6 ANSWER 57 OF 57 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime 2635-13-4, Benzene, 4-bromo-1,2-(methylenedioxy) 2815-67-0, Styrene, 2,3-dimethoxy-β-nitro- 2815-68-1, Carbamic acid, methyl-, 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl ester 2815-70-5, o-Veratraldehyde, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime 2815-71-6, Veratraldehyde, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime 2815-72-7, Benzaldehyde, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime 2815-74-9, Veratryl alcohol, methylcarbamate 2815-74-9, Carbamic acid, methyl-, veratryl ester 2844-83-9, Acetaldehyde, 2-ethylhexyl piperonyl acetal 2859-78-1, Benzene, 4-bromo-1,2-dimethoxy- 2874-33-1, Vanillin, oxime 2878-54-8, Acetaldehyde, ethyl veratryl acetal 2878-55-9, Acetaldehyde, ethyl piperonyl acetal 2878-56-0, Acetaldehyde, 2-chloroethyl 2,3-dimethoxybenzyl acetal 2878-58-2, Acetaldehyde, 2-ethylhexyl veratryl acetal 2963-50-0, Styrene, 2,3-(methylenedioxy)-β-nitro- 28583-34-8, Acetaldehyde, 2-chloroethyl piperonyl acetal (as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT 91-16-7, Benzene, o-dimethoxy- (carbaryl in relation to, in housefly control)
IT 55-38-9, Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-dimethyl O-[4-(methylthio)-m-tolyl] ester 299-84-3, Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-dimethyl O-2,4,5-trichlorophenyl ester 333-41-5, Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl O-[2-isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl] ester (housefly control by)
IT 52-68-6, Phosphonic acid, (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl)-, dimethyl ester 126-22-7, Butyric acid, ester with dimethyl (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl)phosphonate 919-54-0, Acetic acid, mercapto-, ethyl ester, S-ester with O,O-diethyl phosphorodithioate 2373-80-0, Cinnamic acid, 3,4-(methylenedioxy)- 2844-83-9, Toluene, α-[1-(2-ethylhexyloxy)ethoxy]-3,4-(methylenedioxy)- 2859-77-0, Toluene, α-[1-(2-chloroethoxy)ethoxy]-3,4-(methylenedioxy)- 2874-31-9, Acetaldehyde, 2-chloroethyl veratryl acetal 2874-31-9, Toluene, α-[1-(2-chloroethoxy)ethoxy]-3,4-dimethoxy- 2878-53-7, Toluene, α-[1-ethoxyethoxy]-2,3-dimethoxy- 2878-53-7, Acetaldehyde, 2,3-dimethoxybenzyl Et acetal 2878-54-8, Toluene, α-[1-ethoxyethoxy]-3,4-dimethoxy- 2878-55-9, Toluene, α-[1-ethoxyethoxy]-3,4-(methylenedioxy)- 2878-56-0, Toluene, α-[1-(2-chloroethoxy)ethoxy]-2,3-dimethoxy- 2878-57-1, Toluene, α-[1-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]ethoxy]-2,3-dimethoxy- 2878-57-1, Acetaldehyde, 2,3-dimethoxybenzyl 2-ethylhexyl acetal 2878-58-2, Toluene, α-[1-(2-ethylhexyloxy)ethoxy]-3,4-dimethoxy- (in housefly control)
IT 63-25-2, Carbamic acid, methyl-, 1-naphthyl ester (in housefly control, compds. containing (methylenedioxy)phenyl group as synergists for)
IT 2620-43-1, Carbamic acid, methyl-, piperonyl ester (insecticidal activity and synergism of, as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT 6414-57-9, Carbamic acid, methyl- (piperonal oxime derivative, as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT 6414-57-9, Carbamic acid, methyl- (veratraldehyde oxime derivative, as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
IT 6414-57-9, Carbamic acid, methyl- (o-veratraldehyde oxime derivative, as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)


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=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS          SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                ENTRY      SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST          274.82      742.62

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                                ENTRY      SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE          -1.36      -5.74
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

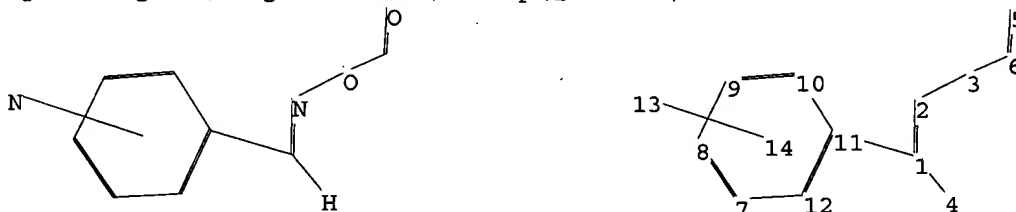
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more
 information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer
 to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

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chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 13
ring nodes :
7 8 9 10 11 12
chain bonds :
1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
ring bonds :
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exact/norm bonds :
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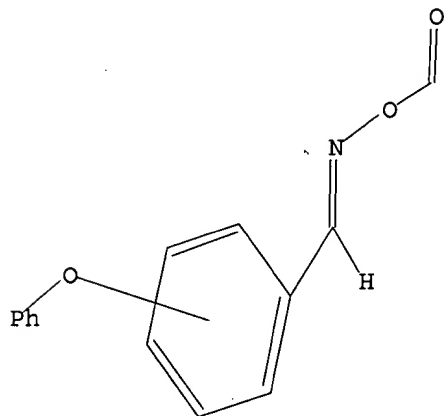

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L9 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L9 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l9

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 15:04:03 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 373 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 373 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 6302 TO 8618
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L10 0 SEA SSS SAM L9

=> s l9 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:04:06 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 7152 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 7152 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

16 ANSWERS

L11 16 SEA SSS FUL L9

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

162.19

904.81

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|--|------------|---------|
| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
| | ENTRY | SESSION |
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | 0.00 | -5.74 |

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L12      15 L11

=> d l12 1-15 abs ibib hitstr
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CN(C)C(=O)O/C=C/c1ccc(O)cc1CC1(C)C(C)(C)C1C(=O)ON=CC1=CC=C(C=C1)C2=CC=CC=C2

FORMAT

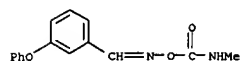
C[C@H]1C(C)(C)C1C(=O)O[N+]#C(=Y)c2ccccc2XCC1(C)C(C)(C)C1C(=O)ON=CC1=CC=C(C=C1)OC

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); POL (Pollutant); REM (Removal or disposal); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)

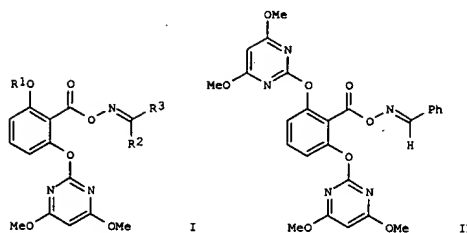
(predicting bioconcn. ratio for plant uptake of organic chems. from soil or air using octanol/water and octanol/air partition ratios and mol. connectivity index)

85879-19-2 CAPLUS

Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



AB The invention relates to novel herbicidal pyrimidine derivs. I [R1 = 4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, acyl, alkylsulfonyl or heteroarylmethyl; R2 = H, halo, cyano, NO2, C1-8 alkyl, C1-8 alkoxy, C1-8 alkythio, C1-8 alkoxy carbonyl, C2-4 alkenyloxy carbonyl, (hetero)arylmethoxycarbonyl, C1-4 alkylaminocarbonyl, aryl-C1-4 alkylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylmethylaminocarbonyl, aryl, C2-8 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, PhCH2, aryloxy, arylthio, or C1-8 alkyl carbonyl; R3 = (un)substituted Ph, COR4; R4 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, PhCH2, aryl, C1-4 alkoxy, C2-4 alkenyloxy, C3-6 cycloalkoxy, PhCH2O, aryloxy, C1-4 alkythio, C2-4 alkenylthio, C3-6 cycloalkylthio, PhCH2S, arylthio, amino which can be substituted with C1-C4 alkyl or aryl or arylmethyl], as well as a process for their preparation, and their herbicidal compns. I have excellent activity against both narrow- and broadleaf weeds, with increased safety for crops (especially directly

sown rice). For example, 2,6-bis(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid was treated with 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide and PPh3 in PhMe to give 90% of the corresponding 2-pyridyl thioester, which reacted with benzaldehyde oxime in CH2Cl2 in the presence of CuBr2 to give 85% title compound II.

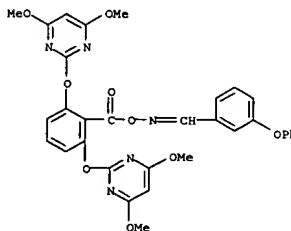
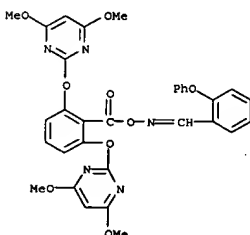
At 63 g/ha postemergence under paddy field conditions, II gave complete control of 7 weeds with no damage to direct-sown rice seedlings. Characterizing phys. and herbicidal data for 73 compds. are given.

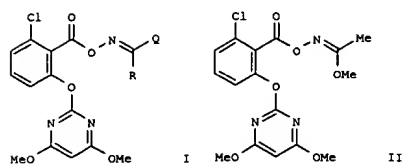
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:810566 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:228208
TITLE: Pyrimidine derivatives, process for their preparation, and their use as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Hong
Woo; Lim, Young Hee; Rim, Jae Suk; Kim, Jeong Su; Chae, Sang Heon
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 54 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 658549 | A1 | 19950621 | EP 1994-117857 | 19941111 |
| EP 658549 | B1 | 20010523 | | |
| R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, NL | | | | |
| KR 9701480 | B1 | 19970206 | KR 1993-24099 | 19931113 |
| KR 120271 | B1 | 19971104 | KR 1993-30055 | 19931227 |
| KR 120270 | B1 | 19971104 | KR 1993-31016 | 19931229 |
| US 5521146 | A | 19960528 | US 1994-339249 | 19941110 |
| BR 9404436 | A | 19951017 | BR 1994-4436 | 19941111 |
| CN 1111623 | A | 19951115 | CN 1994-117926 | 19941111 |
| CN 1043885 | B | 19990630 | | |
| AU 9478812 | A1 | 19950608 | AU 1994-78812 | 19941114 |
| AU 673629 | B2 | 19961114 | | |
| JP 07196629 | A2 | 19950801 | JP 1994-279506 | 19941114 |
| JP 2517215 | B2 | 19960724 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 1993-24099 | A 19931113 |
| | | | KR 1993-30055 | A 19931227 |
| | | | KR 1993-31016 | A 19931229 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:228208; MARPAT 123:228208
IT 168088-51-5P 168088-52-6P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of pyrimidine derivs. as herbicides)
RN 168088-51-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-phenoxy-, O-[2,6-bis(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

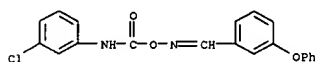




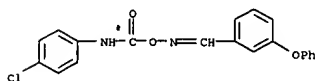
AB New 6-chloro-2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoates
[2-[(alkyleneamino)oxy]carbonyl-1-chloro-3-phenoxy]pyrimidines I (R =
H, halo, cyano, etc.; Q = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.) were
disclosed. I were claimed as herbicides. An example compound
2-[1-chloro-[[[(1-methoxyethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenoxy]-4,6-
dimethoxypyrimidine (II) was prepared
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:605344 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:205344
TITLE: Novel 6-chloro-2-[(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-
oxybenzoic acid ester derivatives, processes for
their
production and their application as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Lee, Ho Seong; Yoo, Sang
Ku; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Hong Woo; Rim, Jae Suk;
Bae,
Yeong Tae; Chae, Sand Heon; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 82 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 608862 | A1 | 19940803 | EP 1994-101132 | 19940126 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, | | | | |
| SE | | | | |
| KR 9603323 | B1 | 19960308 | KR 1993-1017 | 19930127 |
| KR 9612180 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10097 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612179 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10098 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612181 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10099 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612194 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10100 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612195 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10101 | 19930604 |
| CN 1101345 | A | 19950412 | CN 1994-102665 | 19940126 |
| US 5494888 | A | 19960227 | US 1994-186589 | 19940126 |
| BR 9400365 | A | 19940816 | BR 1994-365 | 19940127 |
| JP 07149735 | A2 | 19950613 | JP 1994-7824 | 19940127 |
| JP 2543665 | B2 | 19961016 | | |

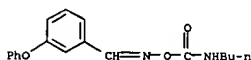
AB The title reaction gave the corresponding carbamates or ureas. Thus,
reaction of 3-PhOC6H4CH(OH)P(O)(OEt)2 with 3-ClC6H4NCO gave 90%
3-PhOC6H4CH[P(O)(OEt)2]O2CNHC6H4Cl-3.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:511702 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:111702
TITLE: Reaction of O,O-dialkyl 3-phenoxy- α -
hydroxy(amino)benzylphosphonates and the E isomer of
3-phenoxybenzaldehyde with isocyanates
ABDULLAEV, N. B.; GALYMZHANOV, S. A.; ERZHANOVA, M.
S.; PROMONENKOV, V. K.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Kaz. Gos. Univ., Alma-Ata, Kazakhstan
SOURCE: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Respubliki Kazakhstan, Seriya
Khimicheskaya (1992), (1), 90-4
CODEN: IARREQ
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 117:111702
IT 143057-00-SP 143057-01-SP 143057-02-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 143057-00-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(3-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyloxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 143057-01-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyloxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



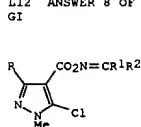
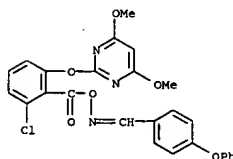
RN 143057-02-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(butylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



KR 1993-10097 A 19930604
KR 1993-10098 A 19930604
KR 1993-10099 A 19930604
KR 1993-10100 A 19930604
KR 1993-10101 A 19930604
EP 1994-101132 A 19940126

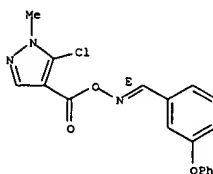
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:205344

IT 157990-11-9P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except
adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of, as herbicide)
RN 157990-11-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-phenoxy-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-
pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



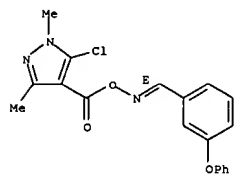
AB A series of novel 1,3-substituted 5-chloropyrazole-4-carboxylic acid
oxime
esters I (R = H, Me; R1 = H, Me, Et; R2 = Ph, Me, substituted Ph; R1R2 =
cyclohexylidene) was synthesized. Their chemical structures were
elucidated
by 1H, 13C-NMR and IR spectra. Fifteen such compds. were screened for
their antifungal activity. The results showed that pyrazole oxime esters
with electron withdrawing groups had better biol. activities than those
with electron releasing groups.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:23855 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:23855
TITLE: Synthesis and antifungal activity of 1,3-substituted
5-chloropyrazole-4-carboxylic acid oxime esters
AUTHOR(S): Khim, Yong Whan; Park, Chi Hyun; Choi, Weon Seok;
Kwon, Young Chil; Park, Chang Kyu
CORPORATE SOURCE: OCI Res. Cent., Incheon, S. Korea
SOURCE: Han'guk Nonghwa Hakhoechi (1989), 32(4), 401-7
CODEN: JKACA7; ISSN: 0368-2897
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Korean
IT 131141-98-SP 131142-03-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological
study); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and fungicidal activity of)
RN 131141-98-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(5-chloro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-
yl)carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

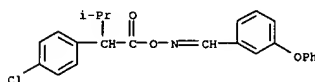


RN 131142-03-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

Double bond geometry as shown.



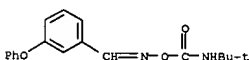
AB A detailed examination is reported of the effect of replacement of the central link in pyrethroids by isosteric or isoelectronic groups. The resulting change in insecticidal activity is shown to depend on the particular groups present in the other parts of the mol. A wide range (42 variations) of central groups in different combinations are synthesized and tested. Results indicate that with conventionally pyrethroidal acid and alc. fragments in the mol., some isosteric replacements are tolerated, but most other variations are unsuccessful. Particularly interesting central groups are -COCH₂- and -CH:CH-CH₂-(E).
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:2825 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:2825
TITLE: The pyrethrins and related compounds. Part XXXII. Replacement of the central ester link
AUTHOR(S): Elliott, Michael; Farnham, Andrew W.; Janes, Norman F.; Khambay, Bhupinder P. S.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Insectic. Fungic., AFRC Inst. Arable Crops Res., Harpenden/Hertfordshire, AL5 2JQ, UK
SOURCE: Pesticide Science (1988), 23(3), 215-30
CODEN: PSSCBG; ISSN: 0031-613X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 89171-82-4P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and insecticidal activity of)
RN 89171-82-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Structure-activity relationships were examined for the toxicity to houseflies of pyrethroid-like carbamates, esters, and related compds. lacking a cyclopropane ring. The isosteric tert-Bu α-bromoacetate and N-tert-butylcarbamate are effective acid moieties with α-cyano-m-phenoxybenzyl, m-phenoxybenzyl, and other pyrethroid alcs. and the oxidase inhibitor piperonyl butoxide strongly synergizes the toxicity in each case. The esterase inhibitor phenylsaligenin cyclic phosphonate is generally more effective in synergizing the carboxylic esters than the carbamates. Substituent effects on the activity of 15 O-(α-cyano-m-phenoxybenzyl) N-alkylcarbamates are shown by a modified Free-Wilson method to be related to the number of branches in the alkyl group in which α branching is favorable and β and γ branching unfavorable for the activity. O-(α-Cyano-m-phenoxybenzyl) N-[(R)α-methylbenzyl]carbamate was much more toxic than the S isomer. In a series of esters, amides, and ethers, critical features for activity are both the distance between the tert-Bu and m-phenoxyphenyl groups and the nature of the central linkage providing this distance.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:60839 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:20839
TITLE: O-(α-Cyano-m-phenoxybenzyl) N-Alkyl- and N-aralkylcarbamates and related pyrethroid-like insecticides
AUTHOR(S): Kirino, Osamu; Casida, John E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Entomol. Sci., Univ. California, Berkeley, CA, 94720, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1985), 33(6), 1208-13
CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 89992-39-3
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (insecticidal activity of, structure in relation to)
RN 89992-39-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

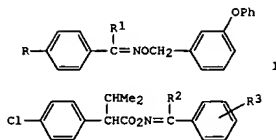
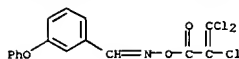


AB Cl2C:CC1CO2N:CRR1 (I) (R,R1 = H, lower alkyl, benzyl, cycloalkyl, naphthyl, aryl, etc.) were prepared and shown, in some cases, to be more effective fungicides than kilazin P. Thus, 100 mL PhMe solution containing 40 g Cl2C:CC1CO2N:CRR1 were added at ≤20° to 30 g PhCH:NON and 26 g Et3N in 400 mL PhMe, and the mixture was heated 2 h at 50° to give 58 g I (R = Ph, R1 = H). Among 39 other I prepared were I (R,R1 = Me,Me; Me,Ets; (RR1=) cyclohexylidene), the naphthyl analog II, and the dicyclopentyl analog III.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:610740 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:210740
TITLE: Trichloroacryloyl oxime derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Yasuo; Saito, Junichi; Gotoh, Toshio; Katsumata, Osamu; Sakawa, Shinji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Tokushu Noyaku Seizo K. K., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
CODEN: EPXKDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 112524 | A1 | 19840704 | EP 1983-112276 | 19831207 |
| EP 112524 | B1 | 19860528 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 59110665 | A2 | 19840626 | JP 1982-220165 | 19821217 |
| US 4581365 | A | 19860408 | US 1983-557688 | 19831202 |
| IL 70443 | A1 | 19870130 | IL 1983-70443 | 19831214 |
| BR 8306913 | A | 19840724 | BR 1983-6913 | 19831215 |
| ZA 8309329 | A | 19840829 | ZA 1983-9329 | 19831215 |
| DK 8305810 | A | 19840618 | DK 1983-5810 | 19831216 |
| AU 8322504 | A1 | 19840621 | AU 1983-22504 | 19831219 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: | | | JP 1982-220165 | A 19821217 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:210740
IT 93033-15-9P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as fungicide)
RN 93033-15-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



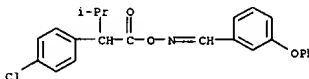
AB Title compds. I (R = F, Cl, Br, Me, Me3C, dichlorocyclopropyl, PhO; R1 = Me, Et, CHMe2, cyclopropyl) and II (R2 = H, Me, CN; R3 = H, Cl, PhO, CH2O2) were prepared E.g., stirring 4-ClC6H4C(CHMe2):NOH with 3-PhOC6H4CH2Cl in aqueous NaOH in the presence of Bu4N+ Br- gave 63% I (R = Cl, R1 = CHMe2).

The latter showed high insecticidal activity against army worms and showed no inhibition of cholinesterase.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:120606 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:120606
TITLE: Oxime-ether compounds with pyrethroid-like activity
AUTHOR(S): Huang, Runqiu; Chai, Youxin; Bi, Fuchun; Chen, Xueren;
CORPORATE SOURCE: Wang, Yinshu
Inst. Elem. Org. Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao (1983), 4(5), 589-94
CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Chinese

IT 89171-82-4P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and insecticidal activity of)

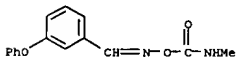
RN 89171-82-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Detns. were made of the distribution of 2 series of nonionized chems., O-methylcarbamoyloximes and substituted phenylureas, in barley shoots, following uptake by the roots from solution. The concns. in basal and central shoot sections became constant after 24-48 h for all but the most lipophilic chemical studied, and were then greatest for the more lipophilic chemical Amts. in the leaves generally increased up to 72 or 96 h, when degradation balanced translocation. The accumulation of chemical in the lower section of shoots can be ascribed to a partitioning process similar to that in roots, the chemical being partitioned between the shoot and the xylem transpiration stream; this uptake could be estimated from the octan-1-ol/water distribution coeffs., and was predicted to be greatest for compds. for which log Kow = 4.5.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:47051 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:47051
TITLE: Relationships between lipophilicity and the distribution of nonionized chemicals in barley shoots following uptake by the roots
AUTHOR(S): Briggs, Geoffrey; Bromilow, Richard H.; Evans, Avis A.; Williams, Mark
CORPORATE SOURCE: Rothamsted Exp. Stn., Harpenden/Hertfordshire, AL5 2JQ, UK
SOURCE: Pesticide Science (1983), 14(5), 492-500
CODEN: PSSCBG; ISSN: 0031-613X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 85879-19-2
RL: BIOL (Biological study) (absorption and translocation of, in barley, lipophilicity in relation to)
RN 85879-19-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

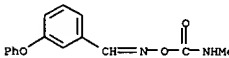


AB The uptake of O-methylcarbamoyloximes and substituted phenylureas by barley roots was greater the more lipophilic the chemical, and fell to a lower limiting value for polar chems. Translocation to the shoots was a passive process, and was most efficient for compds. of intermediate polarity. Both processes had reached equilibrium within 24 h of treatment.

The reported behavior of many pesticides in various plant species agrees with the derived relationships, but the detailed mechanisms of these processes are unknown.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:211541 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:211541
TITLE: Relationships between lipophilicity and root uptake and translocation of nonionized chemicals by barley
AUTHOR(S): Briggs, Geoffrey; Bromilow, Richard H.; Evans, Avis A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Rothamsted Exp. Stn., Harpenden, AL5 2JQ, UK
SOURCE: Pesticide Science (1982), 13(5), 495-504
CODEN: PSSCBG; ISSN: 0031-613X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

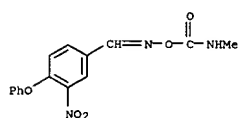
IT 85879-19-2
RL: BIOL (Biological study) (root uptake and translocation of, lipophilicity in relation to)
RN 85879-19-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-phenoxy-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L12 ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB Diphenyl ether derivs. (I; R = lower alkyl; R1 to R4 = H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy; n = 0-1; a, b = 0-1; a + b = 1-2) were prepared by reaction of II with R'MCO or R'NHCOCl. I had insecticidal, anticarcinogenic, and antibacterial activities. Thus, 6.0 g MeNCO and trace Et3N were added to 30.0 g p-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde in THF and the mixture refluxed 1 hr to give 27.5 g O-methylcarbamoyl-p-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldoxime. Among 13 more I prepared were O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(m-tolyloxy)-, O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(p-methoxyphenoxy)-, O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-phenoxy-, and O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(o-chlorophenoxy)benzaldoximes.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:458415 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:58415
 TITLE: Diphenyl ether derivatives
 INVENTOR(S): Kotani, Akeshi; Inamasu, Shuji
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 50012047 | A2 | 19750207 | JP 1973-62203 | 19730601 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1973-62203 | A 19730601 |

IT 56135-53-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 56135-53-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-4-phenoxy-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



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| => fil reg | | |
| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
| | ENTRY | SESSION |
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 77.70 | 982.51 |
| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
| | ENTRY | SESSION |
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 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

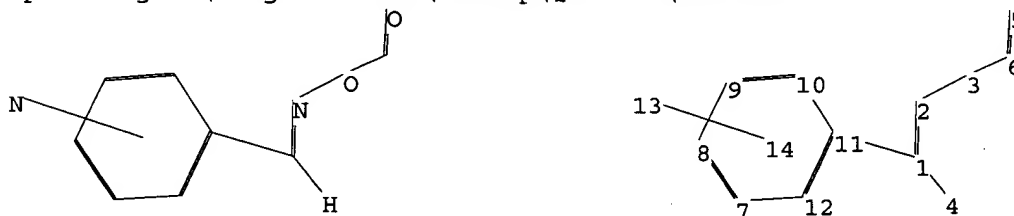
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 information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer
 to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

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chain nodes :
 1 2 3 4 5 6 13
 ring nodes :
 7 8 9 10 11 12
 chain bonds :
 1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
 ring bonds :
 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12
 exact/norm bonds :
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 exact bonds :
 1-4 1-11
 normalized bonds :
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Match level :

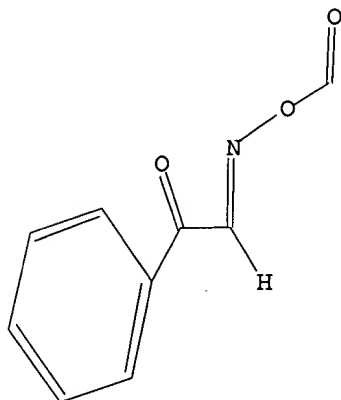
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10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L13 - STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L13

STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:13:08 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 745 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 745 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

13 ANSWERS

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=> fil caplus

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| ENTRY | SESSION |
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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| ENTRY | SESSION |
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L15 7 L14

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L15 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

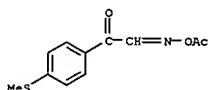
AB Ketoxime-esters which generate radicals upon UV and/or visible radiation can be used in specific imaging applications and in electronics. The photogenerated radicals initiate radical polymerization of the photoimaging

compns. The ketoxime-esters initiators can be used alone or in combination with sensitizers. The photosensitive compns. contg. these initiators can be used for (1) manufacture of spacers for liquid crystal displays; (2) producing lens arrays (microlens arrays) and prism sheets for solid-state image sensors; (3) producing dielec. insulating layers in liquid crystal displays.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:713730 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:78558
TITLE: Use of ketoxime-esters
AUTHOR(S): Anon.
CORPORATE SOURCE: UK
SOURCE: Research Disclosure (2000), 437(Sept.), P1572-P1573 (No. 437035)
CODEN: RDSDBB; ISSN: 0374-4353
PUBLISHER: Kenneth Mason Publications Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Patent
LANGUAGE: English
PATENT INFORMATION:

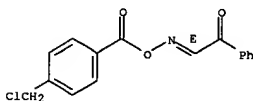
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
RD 437035 20000910
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: RD 2000-437035 20000910
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:78558
IT 314745-04-5

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(ketoxime-esters photogenerating radicals upon UV and/or visible radiation for use in photopolym. compns. for imaging applications and in electronics)
RN 314745-04-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, 4-(methylthio)- α -oxo-, aldehyde-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



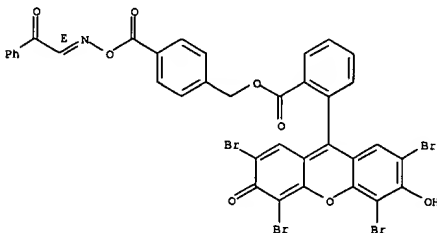
L15 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

Double bond geometry as shown.

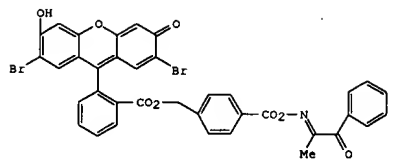


IT 154584-14-2P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as photoinitiators for methacrylates)
RN 154584-14-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-(2,4,5,7-tetrabromo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl)-, [4-[[[(2-oxo-2-phenylethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenyl]methyl ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L15 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI



AB A new dye I which incorporated both the eosin and the O-benzoyl- α -oxoxime chromophores was synthesized and its behavior for the polymerization of 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (II) in the presence of a molar excess of N-methyldiethanolamine (III) was studied by differential scanning photocalorimetry. Under visible light (525 nm), I gives a greater polymerization rate than Eosin (IV) alone or a 1:1 M mixture of IV and 1-phenyl-2-(O-benzoyloxoimino)-1-propanone. A photopolymerizable mixture of I, II, III,

and ethylene glycol dimethacrylate as the crosslinking monomer was evaluated as a photosensitive recording material for holog.

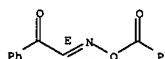
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:606082 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:206082
TITLE: Synthesis and Evaluation as a Visible-Light Polymerization Photoinitiator of a New Eosin Ester with an O-Benzoyl- α -oxoxime Group

AUTHOR(S): Mallavia, R.; Amat-Guerri, F.; Fimia, A.; Sastre, R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Instituto de Química Orgánica, CSIC, Madrid, 28006, Spain

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1994), 27(9), 2643-6
CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

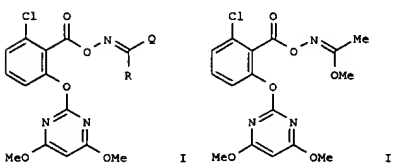
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 154584-15-3P 154584-16-4P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and condensation with eosin)
RN 154584-15-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehyde-(O-benzoyloxime), (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 154584-16-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehyde-[O-[4-(chloromethyl)benzoyl]oxime], (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI



AB New 6-chloro-2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoates [2-[[[(alkyleneamino)oxy]carbonyl]-1-chloro-3-phenoxy]pyrimidines] I (R = H, halo, cyano, etc.; Q = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.) were disclosed. I were claimed as herbicides. An example compound 2-[1-chloro-[[[(1-methoxyethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenoxy]-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine (II) was prepared

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:605344 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:205344
TITLE: Novel 6-chloro-2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid ester derivatives, processes for their

production and their application as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Lee, Ho Seong; Yoo, Sang Ku; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Hong Woo; Rim, Jae Suk;

Bae, Yeong Tae; Chae, Sand Heon; et al.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

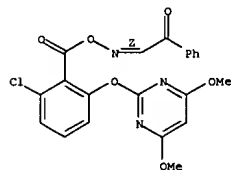
PATENT INFORMATION:

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| EP 608862 | A1 | 19940803 | EP 1994-101132 | 19940126 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE | | | | |
| KR 9603323 | B1 | 19960308 | KR 1993-1017 | 19930127 |
| KR 9612180 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10097 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612179 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10098 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612181 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10099 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612194 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10100 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612195 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10101 | 19930604 |
| CN 1101345 | A | 19950412 | CN 1994-102665 | 19940126 |
| US 5494888 | A | 19960227 | US 1994-186589 | 19940126 |
| BR 9400365 | A | 19940816 | BR 1994-365 | 19940127 |
| JP 07149735 | A2 | 19950613 | JP 1994-7824 | 19940127 |
| JP 2543665 | B2 | 19961016 | | |

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 IN 182571 A 19990508 IN 1994-DE86 19940128
 IN 183197 A 19991002 IN 1994-DE1445 19941111
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 1993-1017 A 19930127
 KR 1993-10097 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10098 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10099 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10100 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10101 A 19930604
 EP 1994-101132 A 19940126

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:205344
 IT 157991-16-7P 157991-21-4P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
 RN 157991-16-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehyde-[O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime], (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

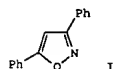
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 157991-21-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, 3-bromo- α -oxo-, aldehyde-[O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime], (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

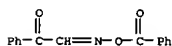
Double bond geometry as shown.

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI

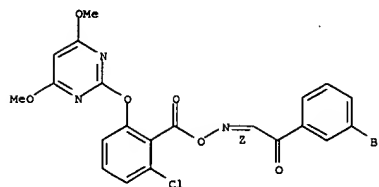


AB The ozonolysis of substituted isoxazoles, e.g. I, was investigated. The ozonolysis rates and the products were dependent on the site of the substituent group on isoxazole ring. The reaction mechanism of the ozonolysis of isoxazoles was also proposed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:507759 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:107759
 TITLE: Ozonolysis of substituted isoxazoles
 AUTHOR(S): Kashima, Choji; Takahashi, Katsumi; Hosomi, Akira
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Tsukuba, Tsukuba, 305, Japan
 SOURCE: Heterocycles (1994), 37(2), 1075-82
 CODEN: HETCYM; ISSN: 0385-5414
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 24561-42-0P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
 RN 24561-42-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehyde-(O-benzoyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



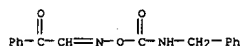
L15 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



L15 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Among 14 potential substrates, neuropathy target esterase (NTE) hydrolyzed

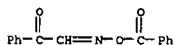
Ph phenoxyacetate and Ph thiophenoxyacetate faster (1.5-1.7+) than Ph valerate, but selectivity of these substrates for NTE among the paraoxon-resistant esterases was only 35-52%. Seventy-seven other potential inhibitors (organophosphates, phosphonates, phosphoramidates, and carbamates) were examined to determine ISONTE and effects on both NTE and non-NTE at 3-4 + ISONTE (185-95) and, where possible, at 6-20 + ISONTE. Hydrophobic inhibitors with small/flexible leaving groups were generally very inhibitory: several 2,2-dichlorovinyl phosphates and fluorides were active at low nanomolar concns. In the dichlorovinyl phosphate series, increasing dialkyl chain length beyond n-pentyl decreased inhibitory power, presumably due to steric hindrance since the methyl/n-decyl ester was 15-fold more active than di-n-decyl. Chloro-substitution of both ortho-positions of a Ph leaving group for benzylcarbamates reduced inhibitory power more than 20-fold but had little effect in a Ph leaving group of Me phenylphosphonates where the acyl-leaving group bond is longer and less subject to steric hindrance. N-Phenylbenzohydroxamyl benzylcarbamate is 10-fold more potent than any previously described carbamate against NTE. Among stereo-isomers, differences of activity ranged from <2 to 15-fold. Only diphenylphosphinyl fluoride appeared to be virtually specific for NTE: at 0.5-1 μ M, it inhibited approx. 92% of NTE and 10-13% of non-NTE which is similar to the specificity found for 2,6-dichlorophenyl Me phenylphosphonate which has been claimed to be specific. Diphenylphosphinyl fluoride has an advantage in that it is easily synthesized and should be protective rather than neuropathic, but it is not stable in store. According to first-order kinetics, concns. of inhibitor >6 + I50 should inhibit NTE >98% and for 19 out of 26 compds. a residue (2nd isoenzyme) >3% (limit of precision) was found under these conditions: in nearly every case, the quantity was 3-5%. This quantity may not be true NTE but it cannot be the target for organophosphate-induced delayed neuropathy since it is resistant to various neuropathic and protective compds. The error of including this non-NTE in assays using the standard protocol is negligible.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:130136 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:130136
 TITLE: Sensitivity and selectivity of compounds interacting with neuropathy target esterase. Further structure-activity studies
 AUTHOR(S): Johnson, Martin K.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Toxicol. Unit, Med. Res. Council Lab., Carshalton/Surrey, SM5 4EF, UK
 SOURCE: Biochemical Pharmacology (1988), 37(21), 4095-104
 CODEN: BCPA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 118855-72-4
 RL: BIOL (Biological study) (neuropathy target esterase inhibition by, structure in relation to)
 RN 118855-72-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehyde-[O-[[phenylmethyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L15 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB O-Acylated oximinoketones $\text{RCOCR}':\text{NO}_2\text{CR}''$ (I) were synthesized from the corresponding α,β -diketones and their structures ascertained by microanal. and NMR spectroscopy. The free radicals produced during the photolysis of I initiate the polymerization of acryl derivs. The kinetics of the photopolyms. of acrylamide and Me methacrylate were studied by gravimetric, thermometric, and dilatometric methods. The photopolymn. rate is proportional to the 1.5 power of the monomer concentration. A square root dependence of the rate of photopolymn. was observed with respect to the light intensity for acrylamide, and with respect to the initiator concentration for Me methacrylate. Copolymn. of 1-phenyl-1,2-propanedione 2-O-methacryloyl oxime with Me methacrylate and polycondensation of 1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1,2-propanedione 2-oxime or p-hydroxyphenylglyoxal aldoxime and 2,2-bis-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane with isophthaloyl, terephthaloyl, and sebacoyl chlorides were successful. Irradiation of these polymers produces intensive photodegradation; in the presence of monomers such as acrylamide, styrene or acrylonitrile, graft and block polymers are obtained.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:477691 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:77691
 TITLE: Photopolymerization initiated by O-acetyloximes
 AUTHOR(S): Delzenne, Gerard A.; Laridon, Urbain L.; Peeters, H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Photochem. Res. Lab., Gevaert-Agfa N. V., Mortsel-Antwerp, Belg.
 SOURCE: European Polymer Journal (1970), 6(7), 933-43
 CODEN: EUPJAG; ISSN: 0014-3057
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 24561-42-0
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for polymerization of vinyl compds.)
 RN 24561-42-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehydo-(O-benzoyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

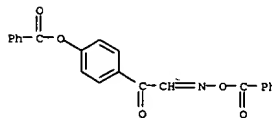


L15 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Photopolymerizable, ethylenically unsatd. monomers are polymerized by irradiating a mixture of the desired monomer and an O-acyl oxime initiator. Thus, various amts. of Me methacrylate (I) were dissolved in 10-3M PhCOCHMe:NOBz in benzene. The solns. were sealed in tubes under N and irradiated for 120 min. with a Hg vapor lamp. The polymer was then precipitated by pouring the solution into an excess of MeOH, separated and dried (I concentration in moles/l. and mg. polymer yield given): 2.34, 300; 3.74, 762; 4.68, 1101; 5.62, 1424; 7.02, 1908; 8.42, 2238. Styrene, acrylonitrile, and acrylamide were also polymerized by this method, using as initiators MeCOCH:NOBz, MeCOCOCMe:NO2CMe:CH2 (II), MeCOCMe:NO2CCH:CHPh, biacetyl O-(1-naphthoyl)monooxime, MeCOCMe:NOBz, biacetyl O-(α -chlorobenzoyl)monooxime, biacetyl O-(m-nitrobenzoyl)monooxime, biacetyl O-(m-methoxybenzoyl)monooxime, MeCOCPh:NOBz, PhCH:NOBz, 1-phenyl-1,2-propanedione 2-[O-(m-chlorobenzoyl)oxime], 1-phenyl-1,2-propanedione 2-[O-(p-azidobenzoyl)oxime], 1-phenyl-1,2-propanedione 2-[O-(1-anthraquinonylcarbonyl)oxime], PhCOCPh:NOBz, benzil O-(α -chlorobenzoyl)monooxime, PhCOCMe:NO2CCH2Ph, PhCOCMe:NO2CCH:CHPh, 1-[p-(benzoyloxy)phenyl]glyoxal 2-(O-benzoyl)-oxime, 1-[p-(methacryloyloxy)phenyl]1,2-propanedione 2-(O-methacryloyl)oxime, PhCH:CHCOC:NOBz, phenanthrenequinone (O-benzoyl)monooxime, 2,3-dihydroindene-1,2-dione 2-(O-benzoyl)oxime, O,O'-isophthalalylbis(biacetyl monooxime), and Ph-COC(SO2Ph):NOBz. I and II were copolymerized and a 1-g. portion of this copolymer and 5 ml. styrene were diluted to 20 ml. with benzene and irradiated under N giving a mixture of polystyrene, 2 different graft copolymers, and the I-II copolymer. This copolymer was used as an initiator for a variety of monomers, including (diethylamino)ethyl methacrylate. In another type of example, 1-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-1,2-propanedione 2-oxime was polycondensed with isophthaloyl dichloride, terephthaloyl dichloride, and 2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane, giving a copolyester, which was used as a polymerization initiator for I, giving I homopolymer and a block copolymer. A similar condensate from 1-(p-hydroxyphenyl)glyoxal 2-oxime was also used as an initiator. A mixture of 10 g. ethylene-maleic anhydride copolymer, 5 ml. triethylene glycol diacrylate, 25 mg. 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol, 50 ml. acetone, and 100 mg. PhCOCHMe:NOBz was coated on a glass plate and dried to a 0.3-mm. layer. This layer was exposed 5 min. through a line neg. with a Hg lamp, and then washed with acetone, giving a very sharp relief image.

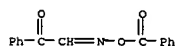
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:439636 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:39636
 TITLE: Unsaturated ethylenic compound photopolymers
 INVENTOR(S): Laridon, Urbain L.; Delzenne, Gerard A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gevaert-Agfa N. V.
 SOURCE: Belg., 27 pp.
 CODEN: BEXXAL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

| | | | |
|--|----------|----|----------|
| BE 719039 | 19690205 | | |
| DE 1795089 | | DE | |
| GB 1180845 | | GB | |
| GB 1180846 | | GB | |
| US 3558309 | 19710000 | US | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | GB | 19670808 |
| IT 22603-43-6 24561-42-0 | | | |
| RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) | | | |
| (catalysts, for polymerization of vinyl compds. by light) | | | |
| RN 22603-43-6 CAPLUS | | | |
| CN Glyoxal, (p-hydroxyphenyl)-, 2-(O-benzoyloxime), benzoate (ester) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) | | | |



RN 24561-42-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetaldehyde, α -oxo-, aldehydo-(O-benzoyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
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| ENTRY | SESSION |
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

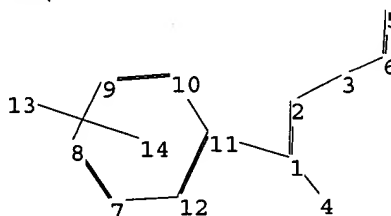
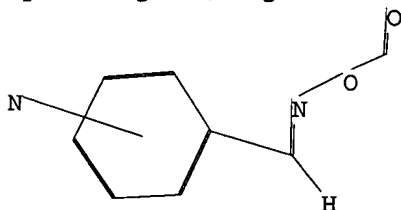
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ring nodes :
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chain bonds :
1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
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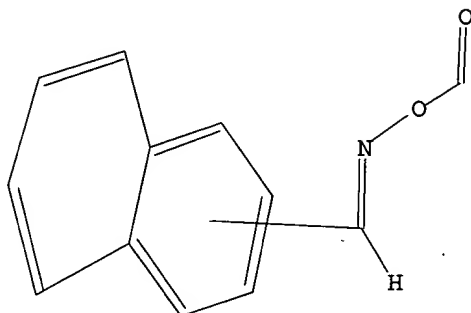
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10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L16 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L16 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l16

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 81 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 81 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

5 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
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PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L17 5 SEA SSS SAM L16

=> s l16 full

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1386 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1386 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

151 ANSWERS

L18 151 SEA SSS FUL L16

=> fil caplus

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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| ENTRY | SESSION |
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

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L19 37 L18

=> d l19 1-37 abs ibib hitstr

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title printing plate master contains a photothermal conversion material, a phenolic alkaline-soluble resin, and an organic acid precursor having a structure of -CH=NOCO- or -CONHOCO-. The printing plate master shows improved stability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:37360 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:84686
TITLE: Positive-working offset printing plate master suitable for IR laser digital direct platemaking

INVENTOR(S): Endo, Akihiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujii Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.
CODEN: JXXXXX

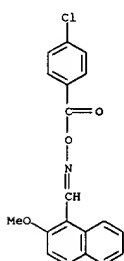
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

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| JP 2004012978 | A2 | 20040115 | JP 2002-168556 | 20020610 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-168556 20020610

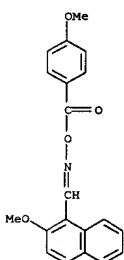
IT 99806-93-6 100906-55-6 640285-77-4

640285-78-5 640285-79-6
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(organic acid precursor; pos.-working offset printing plate master containing organic acid precursor suitable for IR laser digital direct platemaking)
RN 99806-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

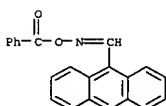


RN 100906-55-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(2-naphthalenylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

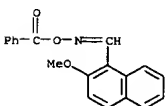
L19 ANSWER 1 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



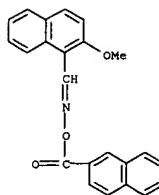
RN 640285-79-6 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



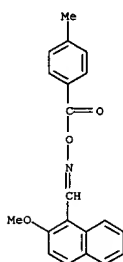
IT 99806-90-3P
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(organic acid precursor; pos.-working offset printing plate master containing organic acid precursor suitable for IR laser digital direct platemaking)
RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 1 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 640285-77-4 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(4-methylbenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 640285-78-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(4-methoxybenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

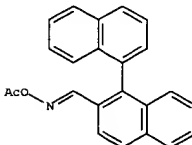
L19 ANSWER 2 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Lipase-catalyzed acylation of 2-hydroxyiminomethyl-1,1'-binaphthyl and hydrolysis of 2-acetoxyiminomethyl-1,1'-binaphthyl yielded corresponding optically active oximes with high enantiomeric excess. Successful synthesis of the optically active aldehyde from its corresponding chiral O-acetyl oxime occurred without a decrease of enantiomeric excess.

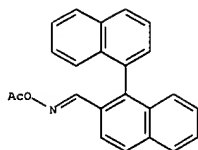
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:807855 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:16553
TITLE: Facile synthesis of chiral 2-formyl-1,1'-binaphthyl via lipase-catalyzed acylation and hydrolysis of 1,1'-binaphthyl oximes
AUTHOR(S): Aoyagi, Naoto; Ohwada, Tomoyuki; Izumi, Taeko
CORPORATE SOURCE: Graduate School of Science and Engineering, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Yamagata University, Yamagata, 992-8510, Japan

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2003), 44(45), 8269-8272
CODEN: TETLEA; ISSN: 0040-4039
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:16553

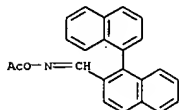
IT 631920-63-3P 631920-66-6P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(facile synthesis of chiral formyl binaphthyl via lipase-catalyzed acylation/kinetic resolution and hydrolysis of corresponding binaphthyl oximes)
RN 631920-63-3 CAPLUS
CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2-carboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (1R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 631920-66-6 CAPLUS
CN [1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2-carboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (1S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 630407-82-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (facile synthesis of chiral formyl binaphthyl via lipase-catalyzed acylation/kinetic resolution and hydrolysis of corresponding binaphthyl oximes)
 RN 630407-82-8 CAPLUS
 CN (1,1'-Binaphthalene)-2-carboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

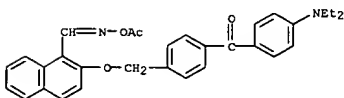


REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT

AB Aromatic compds. having 1 or 2 oxime ester groups such as 1-(6-benzoyl-9-ethyl-9H-carbazolyl)octan-1-one oxime O-acetate (I) are useful as initiators for photopolymer of unsatd. compds., especially in photoimaging. I was manufactured by stirring CH₂Cl₂ containing N-ethylcarbazole 7.83, BzCl 5.91, and AlCl₃ 5.88 g 4 h, adding 6.89 g octanoyl chloride and 5.92 g AlCl₃, adding 2.14 g resulting intermediate in EtOH to water containing 0.39 g hydroxylammonium chloride and 0.54 g NaOAc, refluxing 7 h, adding 0.53 g AcCl and then 1 mL Et₃N to Tert-Bu Me ether containing the 2nd intermediate, and stirring 2.5 h.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:964398 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:47420
 TITLE: Aromatic oxime ester photoinitiators
 INVENTOR(S): Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002100903 | A1 | 20021219 | WO 2002-EP6107 | 20020604 |
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| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| EP 1395615 | A1 | 20040310 | EP 2002-778878 | 20020604 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | | |
| JP 2004534797 | T2 | 20041118 | JP 2003-503669 | 20020604 |
| US 2004170924 | A1 | 20040902 | US 2003-480146 | 20031208 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 2001-810559 | A 20010611 |
| | | | WO 2002-EP6107 | W 20020604 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:47420
 IT 478556-44-6P
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (aromatic oxime ester initiators for use in photoimaging compns.)
 RN 478556-44-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-[[4-(4-(diethylamino)benzoyl)phenyl]methoxy]-, 1-O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



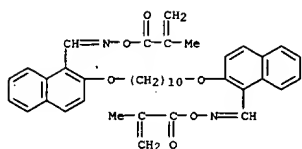
REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT

AB The title compns. are easily applied to a substrate, but yet they possess adequate cohesive strength after application. A method for transitioning a crosslinked polymer composition from a 1st chemical state to a 2nd at least partially crosslinked chemical state. Thus, acrylic acid-4-acryloxybenzophenone-2-ethylhexyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-2-(5-[2-(hydroxyiminomethyl)phenoxy]pentyl)oxy)benzaldehyde oxime copolymer crosslinked beads (gel content 66%) were mixed with SiO₂, activated at 175°, hot melt pressed between two release liners, and laminated to a functional film, showing a 180° peel adhesion 53.4 N/mm.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:51555 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:103215
 TITLE: Polymer compositions with energetically degradable crosslinker
 INVENTOR(S): Everaerts, Albert I.; Leir, Charles M.; Mader, Roger A.; Stark, Peter A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 3M Innovative Properties Company, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002004548 | A1 | 20020117 | WO 2000-US31643 | 20001109 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, FL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TH | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-611589 | A 20000707 |

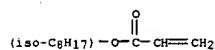
IT 389600-81-1P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 ((photo)curable polymer compns. with energetically degradable crosslinker for adhesive coatings)
 RN 389600-81-1 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2,2'-[1,10-decanediylbis(oxy)]bis[1-naphthalenecarboxaldehyde] bis[O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime] and isooctyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 389600-60-6
 CMP C40 H44 N2 O6



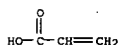
CM 2

CRN 29590-42-9
CMF C11 H20 O2
CCI IDS



CM 3

CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2



| | |
|------|--|
| IT | 389600-60-6P |
| RL | IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); |
| RACT | (Reactant or reagent) (crosslinker; [photo]curable polymer compo. with energetically degradable [photoinitiator for adhesive coatings]) |
| RN | 389600-60-6 CAPUS |
| CN | 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2,2'-[1,10-decanedithylbis(oxy)]bis-, bis[O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxo] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) |

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A degradable crosslinker comprises: at least one energetically labile moiety and at least two free radically polymerizable groups, wherein the degradable crosslinker is capable of fragmentation into at least two fragments upon activation by an external energy source, wherein the fragments are essentially free of free radicals and ethylenic unsat. 2-(5-[2-(Hydroxyiminomethyl)phenoxy]pentyl)oxy benzaldehyde oxime dimethacrylate ester was prepared as a degradable crosslinker.

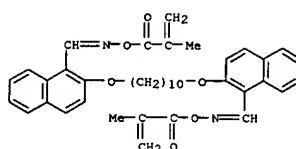
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:51421 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:103214
TITLE: Degradable crosslinkers, compositions therefrom, and methods of their preparation and use
INVENTOR(S): Everaerts, Albert I.; Leir, Charles M.; Mader, Roger A.; Stark, Peter A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 3M Innovative Properties Company, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2002004408 | A1 | 20020117 | WO 2000-531642 | 200001109 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, EE, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NS, NL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SI, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 6652920 | B1 | 20031125 | US 2000-612016 | 20000707 |
| EP 1301470 | A1 | 20030416 | EP 2000-983720 | 200001109 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TB | | | | |
| JP 2004502837 | T2 | 20040129 | JP 002-509076 | 200001109 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-612016 | A 20000707 |
| | | | WO 2000-531642 | W 200001109 |

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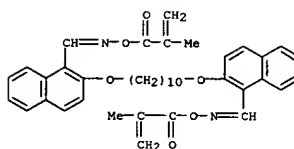
IT 389600-60-6P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);
RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(crosslinker; degradable crosslinkers, compns. therefrom, and methods
of their preparation and use)
RN 389600-60-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalencarboxaldehyde, 2,2'-[1,10-decanediylbis(oxy)]bis-,
bis[O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
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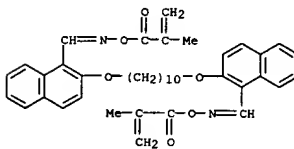
L19 ANSWER 5 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



| | |
|----|--|
| IT | 389600-81-1P |
| | RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (degradable crosslinkers, compns. therefrom, and methods of their preparation and use) |
| RN | 389600-81-1 CAPLUS |
| CN | 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2,2'-[1,10-decanediylbis(oxy)]bis[1- naphthalenecarboxaldehyde] bis[O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime] and isooctyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) |

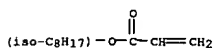
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CRN 389600-60-6
CMF C40 H44 N2 O6



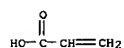
CM 2

CRN 29590-42-9
CMF C11 H20 O2
CCI IDS



CM 3

CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

AB The title composition contains alkali soluble composition materials, oxime ester as a polymerization initiator, and photopolym. materials, wherein the oxime ester has structure Ar1-C=NOR1(H) or M1-[-C=NOR1(H)]_x (R1 = cycloalkanoyl, benzoyl, alkenoyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl; M1 = 2, 3). The composition, which contains the oxime ester, provides the photoresist of the improved resolution and shows the good storageability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752027 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:264637
TITLE: Light-sensitive photoresist composition containing oxime esters as polymerization initiator in fabrication of optical filters in optical imaging devices
INVENTOR(S): Oka, Hidetaka; Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Kura, Hisatoshi; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 110 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| FR 2802655 | A1 | 20010622 | FR 2000-16309 | 20001214 |
| FR 2802655 | B1 | 20030815 | | |
| SG 97168 | A1 | 20030718 | SG 2000-6382 | 20001103 |
| NL 1016814 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016814 | 20001206 |
| NL 1016814 | C2 | 20020129 | | |
| GB 2357293 | A1 | 20010620 | GB 2000-29801 | 20001207 |
| GB 2357293 | B2 | 20020807 | | |
| SE 2000004565 | A | 20010725 | SE 2000-4565 | 20001211 |
| SE 522645 | C2 | 20040224 | | |
| JP 2001235858 | A2 | 20010831 | JP 2000-376036 | 20001211 |
| US 2002020832 | A1 | 20020221 | US 2000-734635 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319687 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2675 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328342 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328342 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002731 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2731 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061948 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061948 | 20001213 |
| BR 2000005866 | A | 20020521 | BR 2000-5866 | 20001213 |
| CN 1305124 | A | 20010725 | CN 2000-135063 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013705 | A3 | 20020604 | BE 2000-786 | 20001214 |
| AT 200002080 | A5 | 20020615 | AT 2000-2080 | 20001214 |
| AT 410146 | B | 20030225 | | |
| ES 2189609 | A1 | 20030701 | ES 2000-2990 | 20001214 |
| ES 2189609 | B1 | 20040401 | | |
| AU 773749 | B2 | 20040603 | AU 2000-72268 | 20001214 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 1999-811161 | A 19991215 |
| | | | EP 2000-810630 | A 20000717 |

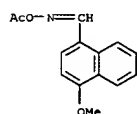
IT 362523-11-3P 362523-14-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(oxime in light-sensitive color filter compn.)

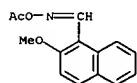
RN 362523-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 4-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362523-14-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of Ar1-C=N-OR1(H) (R1 = cycloalkanoyl, benzoyl, alkenoyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl). The photopolym. initiator provides the alkali-developable light-sensitive photoresist composition, which shows the improved storageability, of the high resolution and the good storageability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752026 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:280493
TITLE: Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive photoresist composition
INVENTOR(S): Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 171 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| FR 2802528 | A1 | 20010622 | FR 2000-16306 | 20001214 |
| TW 459411 | B | 20020821 | TW 2000-89123924 | 20001110 |
| NL 1016815 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016815 | 20001206 |
| NL 1016815 | C2 | 20020514 | | |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
| US 2001012596 | A1 | 20010809 | US 2000-734625 | 20001212 |
| JP 2001233842 | A2 | 20010828 | JP 2000-377671 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319688 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2676 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328376 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328376 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002730 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2730 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061947 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061947 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | A1 | 20021201 | ES 2000-2977 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | B1 | 20041016 | | |
| DK 200001878 | A5 | 20010616 | DK 2000-1878 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013872 | A5 | 20021105 | BE 2000-789 | 20001214 |
| CN 1299812 | A | 20010620 | CN 2000-135980 | 20001215 |
| BR 2000006379 | A | 20010724 | BR 2000-6379 | 20001215 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | EP 1999-811160 | A 19991215 |
| | | | EP 2000-810629 | A 20000717 |

IT 362624-70-2P 362624-71-3P 362624-72-4P

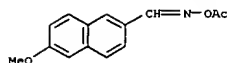
362624-73-5P 362624-91-7P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

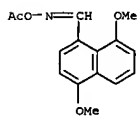
(light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters used in optical imaging devices)

RN 362624-70-2 CAPLUS

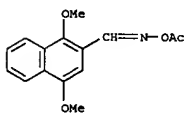
CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 6-methoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



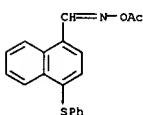
RN 362624-71-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 4,8-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-72-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-73-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 4-(phenylthio)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-91-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(octyloxy)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Antireflective films suitable for submicron lithog. and the production of semiconductor elements contain acrylic polymers with anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime chromophore units. The polymers are prepared by radical polymerization with other acrylic monomers. Back reflections of light and the problem of the critical dimension change, which are due to scattered and/or reflected light, are reduced clearly or avoided by the antireflective films. The effect of a standing wave and of reflection grooves are reduced or eliminated. In an example, 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime was condensed with acryloyl chloride to give a monomer, which was copolyd. with 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate to give

a polymer which could be combined with acetals of polyacrolein or polymethacrolein to give antireflective film materials.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:467935 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:77875
TITLE: Antireflective films containing anthracene-based acrylic polymers, their production and their use
INVENTOR(S): Jung, Min-Ho; Hong, Sung-Eun; Jung, Jae-Chang; Lee, Geun-Su; Baik, Ki-Ho
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hyundai Electronics Industries Co., Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 18 pp.
CODEN: GWXXDX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| DE 10063263 | A1 | 20010628 | DE 2000-10063263 | 20001219 |
| KR 2001057925 | A | 20010705 | KR 1999-61344 | 19991223 |
| NL 1016942 | A1 | 20010626 | NL 2000-1016942 | 20001221 |
| NL 1016942 | C2 | 20020501 | | |
| JP 2001192422 | A2 | 20010717 | JP 2000-388729 | 20001221 |
| GB 2357511 | A1 | 20010627 | GB 2000-31419 | 20001222 |
| GB 2357511 | B2 | 20030402 | | |
| FR 2802935 | A1 | 20010629 | FR 2000-16962 | 20001222 |
| FR 2802935 | B1 | 20030328 | | |
| US 2001034427 | A1 | 20011025 | US 2000-747364 | 20001222 |
| US 6548613 | B2 | 20030415 | | |
| IT 1320867 | B1 | 20031210 | IT 2000-T01220 | 20001222 |
| CN 1308089 | A | 20010815 | CN 2000-136237 | 20001225 |
| FR 2808027 | A1 | 20011026 | FR 2001-6011 | 20010504 |
| | | | KR 1999-61344 | A 19991223 |

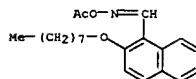
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:77875

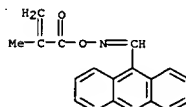
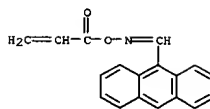
IT 330443-03-3P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate
330443-05-5P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);

RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(monomer; production of anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime-based acrylic polymers for antireflective films)

RN 330443-03-3 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 330443-05-5 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 346685-19-6P 346685-20-9P 346685-21-0P
346685-22-1P 346685-23-2P 346685-24-3P
346685-25-4P 346685-26-5P 346685-27-6P
346685-28-7P 346685-29-8P 346685-30-1P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(production of anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime-based acrylic polymers

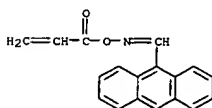
for antireflective films)

RN 346685-19-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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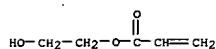
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CMF C18 H13 N O2



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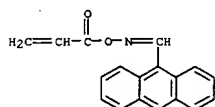
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 CRN 818-61-1
 CMF C5 H8 O3



RN 346685-20-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

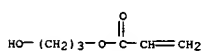
CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2



CM 2

CRN 2761-08-2
 CMF C6 H10 O3



RN 346685-21-0 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-hydroxybutyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

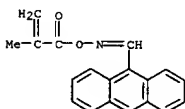
CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 INDEX NAME)

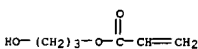
CM 1

CRN 330443-05-5
 CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2

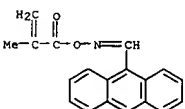
CRN 2761-08-2
 CMF C6 H10 O3



RN 346685-24-3 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-hydroxybutyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

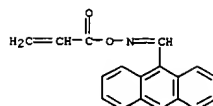
CRN 330443-05-5
 CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2

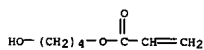
CRN 2478-10-6
 CMF C7 H12 O3

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



CM 2

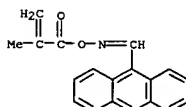
CRN 2478-10-6
 CMF C7 H12 O3



RN 346685-22-1 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

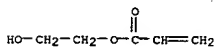
CM 1

CRN 330443-05-5
 CMF C19 H15 N O2



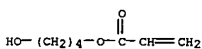
CM 2

CRN 818-61-1
 CMF C5 H8 O3



RN 346685-23-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

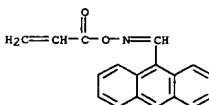
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 346685-25-4 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

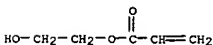
CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2



CM 2

CRN 818-61-1
 CMF C5 H8 O3



CM 3

CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C5 H8 O2

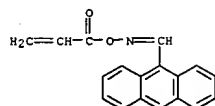


RN 346685-26-5 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

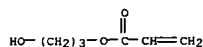
CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3

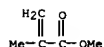
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CMF C18 H13 N O2



CM 2
CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3

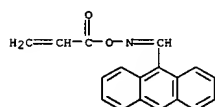


CM 3
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

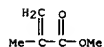


RN 346685-27-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 330443-03-3
CMF C18 H13 N O2

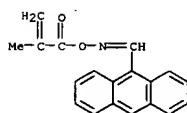


L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

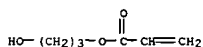


RN 346685-29-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

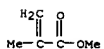
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2
CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3



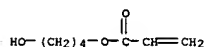
CM 3
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2



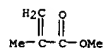
RN 346685-30-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 2

CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3

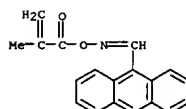


CM 3
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

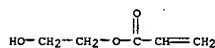


RN 346685-28-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



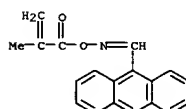
CM 2
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3



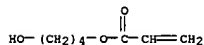
CM 3

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 1

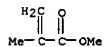
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2
CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3



CM 3
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2




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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:237981
IT 330443-03-3P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate
330443-05-5P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);
RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(monomer); production and polymerization of anthracenecarboxaldehyde
oxime
(meth)acrylates for antireflective coatings)
CN 330443-03-3 CAPLUS
RN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

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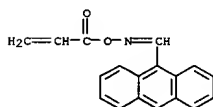
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L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)
methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer
330443-32-8P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime
methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate-methyl
methacrylate copolymer 330443-33-9P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde
oxime methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate-methyl
methacrylate copolymer 330443-34-0P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde
oxime methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate-methyl
methacrylate copolymer 330443-35-1P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde
oxime methacrylate-glycidyl acrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate-methyl
methacrylate copolymer 330443-36-2P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde
oxime methacrylate-glycidyl acrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate-methyl
methacrylate copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prod'n. of anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime (meth)acrylate copolymers
for
antireflective coatings)
RN 330443-07-7 CAPLUS
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with
9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde Oxide O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 2-hydroxyethyl
CN 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3
CMF C18.H13.N.O2

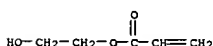
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CM 2

CRN 818-61-1

CMF C5 H8 O3

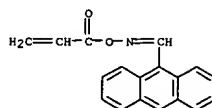


CM 3

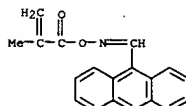
CRN 106-91-2

CMF C7 H10 O3

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

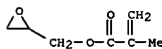


RN 330443-05-5 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



IT 330443-07-7P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate copolymer 330443-09-5P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer 330443-11-3P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate copolymer 330443-13-5P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer 330443-15-7P, 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate copolymer 330443-17-5P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate copolymer 330443-18-0P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer 330443-19-1P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate copolymer 330443-21-5P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate copolymer 330443-23-7P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl acrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate copolymer 330443-25-5P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl acrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate copolymer 330443-26-0P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 330443-27-1P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 330443-28-2P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 330443-29-3P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-3-hydroxypropyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 330443-30-6P
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime acrylate-glycidyl acrylate-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer 330443-31-7P,
9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde oxime methacrylate-glycidyl

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

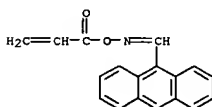


RN 330443-09-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with
9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 3-hydroxypropyl
2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3

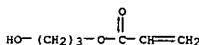
CMF C18 H13 N O2



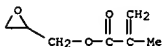
CM 2

CRN 2761-08-2

CME C6 H10 O3



CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

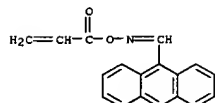


RN 330443-11-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-(oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

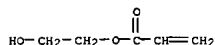
CM 1

CRN 330443-03-3

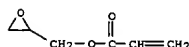
L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CMF C18 H13 N O2



CM 2
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3

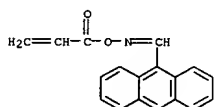


CM 3
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

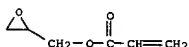


RN 330443-13-5 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 330443-03-3
CMF C18 H13 N O2

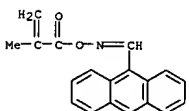


L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

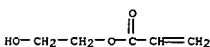


RN 330443-17-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

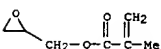
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3



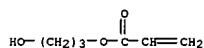
CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3



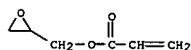
RN 330443-18-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 2

CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3

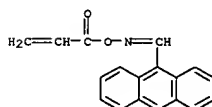


CM 3
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

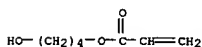


RN 330443-15-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-hydroxybutyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 330443-03-3
CMF C18 H13 N O2



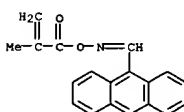
CM 2
CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3



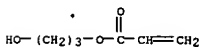
CM 3

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 1

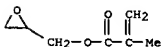
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2
CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3

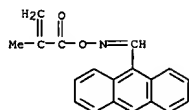


CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

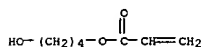


RN 330443-19-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

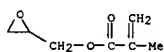
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2

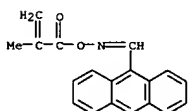
CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3

CM 3

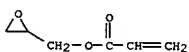
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

RN 330443-21-5 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

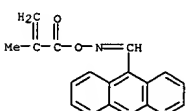
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2

CM 2

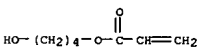


RN 330443-25-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-hydroxybutyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

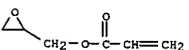
CM 1

CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2

CM 2

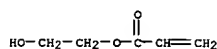
CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3

CM 3

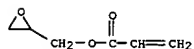
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

RN 330443-26-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

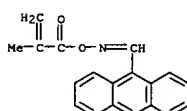
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3

CM 3

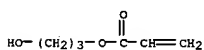
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

RN 330443-23-7 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 3-hydroxypropyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

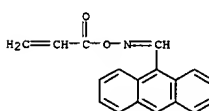
CM 1

CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2

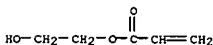
CM 2

CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3

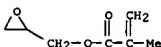
CM 3

CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3CRN 330443-03-3
CMF C18 H13 N O2

CM 2

CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3

CM 3

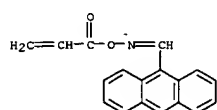
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 4

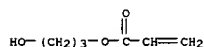
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 330443-27-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

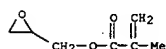
CM 1



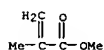
CM 2
 CRN 2761-08-2
 CMF C6 H10 O3



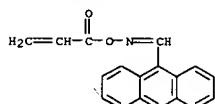
CM 3
 CRN 106-91-2
 CMF C7 H10 O3



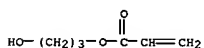
CM 4
 CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C5 H8 O2



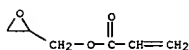
RN 330443-28-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2



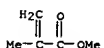
CM 2
 CRN 2761-08-2
 CMF C6 H10 O3



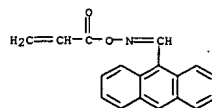
CM 3
 CRN 106-90-1
 CMF C6 H8 O3



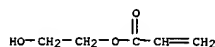
CM 4
 CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C5 H8 O2



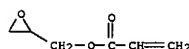
RN 330443-30-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2



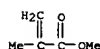
CM 2
 CRN 818-61-1
 CMF C5 H8 O3



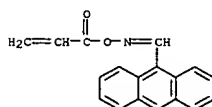
CM 3
 CRN 106-90-1
 CMF C6 H8 O3



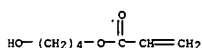
CM 4
 CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C5 H8 O2



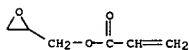
RN 330443-29-3 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 330443-03-3
 CMF C18 H13 N O2



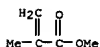
CM 2
 CRN 2478-10-6
 CMF C7 H12 O3



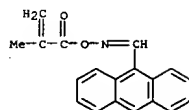
CM 3
 CRN 106-90-1
 CMF C6 H8 O3



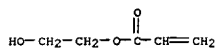
CM 4
 CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C5 H8 O2



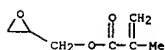
RN 330443-31-7 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 330443-05-5
 CMF C19 H15 N O2



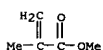
CM 2
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3



CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

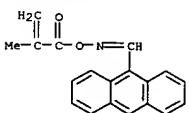


CM 4
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

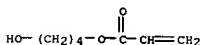


RN 330443-32-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

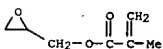
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



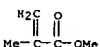
CM 2
CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3



CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

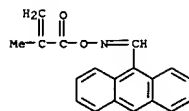


CM 4
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

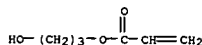


RN 330443-34-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

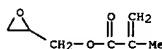
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



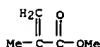
CM 2
CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3



CM 3
CRN 106-91-2
CMF C7 H10 O3

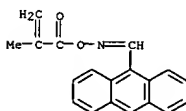


CM 4
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

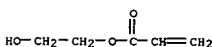


RN 330443-33-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

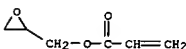
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



CM 2
CRN 818-61-1
CMF C5 H8 O3



CM 3
CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

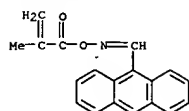


CM 4
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

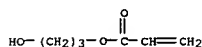


RN 330443-35-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 3-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

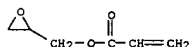
CM 1
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2



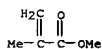
CM 2

CRN 2761-08-2
CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 3

CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

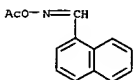
RN 330443-36-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 9-anthracenecarboxaldehyde O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime, 4-hydroxybutyl 2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

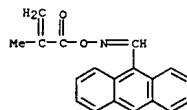
CRN 330443-05-5
CMF C19 H15 N O2

AB Treatment of oxime O-acetates with Co₂(CO)₈ in the presence of a base, followed by H₂O at room temperature efficiently afforded the parent carbonyl compds. in high yields. Direct regeneration of carbonyl functionalities from the corresponding oxime derivs. was realized by successive exposure to acetylation conditions, Co₂(CO)₈ in the presence of base, and H₂O. In addition, N-monosubstituted hydrazones could generate the parent carbonyl compound under the above conditions.

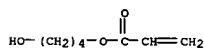
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:727404 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:351055
TITLE: Dicobaltoctacarbonyl-mediated deoxygenation
AUTHOR(S): Mukai, Chisato; Nomura, Izumi; Kataoka, Osamu; Hanaoka, Miyoji
CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kanazawa Univ., Kanazawa, 920, Japan
SOURCE: Synthesis (1999), (11), 1872-1874
CODEN: SYNTHF; ISSN: 0039-7881
PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:351055
IT 250293-43-7
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (cobaltcarbonyl-mediated deoxygenation)
RN 250293-43-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



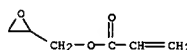
REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE



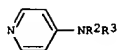
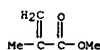
CM 2

CRN 2478-10-6
CMF C7 H12 O3

CM 3

CRN 106-90-1
CMF C6 H8 O3

CM 4

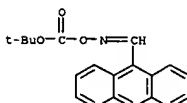
CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

AB R1CH=NOC(O)OR4 [I; R1 = acyl, (substituted) hydrocarbyl, (substituted) heterocyclyl; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl] are prepared by reaction of R1CH=NOH (II; R1 = same as I) with R4OC(O)OC(O)OR4 (III; R4 = same as I) in presence of 0.01-5 mol.% (based on II) aminopyridines IV (R2, R3 = alkyl, aryl; R2R3 may form ring). II (R1 = Ph) was treated with III (R4 = Me3) and IV (R2 = R3 = Me) in CH₂Cl₂ at 20° for 8 h to give 97.7% I (R1 = Ph, R4 = Me3).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:523557 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:167339
TITLE: Preparation of aldoxime carbonates
INVENTOR(S): Iwasaki, Fumiaki; Mitsuhashi, Michiko
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokuyama Corp, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKOXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 08151357 | A2 | 19960611 | JP 1994-291593 | 19941125 |
| JP 3295258 | B2 | 20020624 | | |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: | | | JP 1994-291593 | 19941125 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:167339; MARPAT 125:167339
IT 180308-34-3P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(Preparation of aldoxime carbonates from aldoximes and dicarbonates with aminopyridine catalysts)
RN 180308-34-3 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

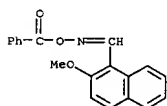


L19 ANSWER 13 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Thermal decomposition of syn-RCH:NOCONMe2 [I: R = 2-pyridyl, 4-C6H4NO2, Ph, 4-C6H4NMe2, 2,4- or 2,5-C6H3(OMe)2, 2-methyl- or 2-methoxy-4-dimethylaminophenyl, 2-methoxy-1-naphthyl] and syn-RCH:NOBz [II: R = Ph, 4-C6H4OMe, 2,4-C6H3(OMe)2, 2- or 4-methoxy-1-naphthyl, 1,5-Cl0H6SO2Net2, 2-benzyloxy-1-naphthyl] at 80-130° was kinetically studied. The decomposition was 1st-order for both I and II, and electron donating groups and substituents at the ortho position increased the reaction rates. Activation entropy values for I and II were very different and, hence, different decomposition mechanisms were proposed: β-elimination with syn/anti isomerization for I and concerted elimination via a cyclic 6-membered ring transition for II.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:469340 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:69340
 TITLE: Reaction control of thermal decomposition of aromatic aldioxime derivatives as heat decomposing precursor compounds

AUTHOR(S): Kawata, Ken; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi; Sato, Kozo; Yabuki, Yoshiharu
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ashigara Res. Lab., Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Kanagawa, 250-01, Japan
 SOURCE: Senryo to Yakuhin (1992), 37(2), 33-40
 CODEN: SETYAL; ISSN: 0370-9671
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 IT 99806-90-3 100906-56-7 142554-05-0
 142554-06-1 142554-07-2
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (thermal decomposition of, kinetics of, substituent effect and mechanism in relation to)

RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

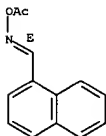
L19 ANSWER 12 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Aldoximes and some new ether oximes of 1- and 2-naphthaldehyde were prepared by oximation of the corresponding aldehyde followed by O-alkylation in polar media. They were fully characterized by their 1H and 13C NMR spectra (a rapid and systematic approach of their configuration was obtained). The configuration of the C:N double bond was E for the oximes and their ether derivs. Oxime ethers of 2-pyridinecarboxaldehyde oxime and 1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxaldehyde oxime were also prepared and characterized by NMR and IR spectra. The four oxime ethers studied were also O-acetylated.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:322894 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:322894
 TITLE: Synthesis and C:N double bond stereochemistry of oxime ethers. O-Alkyl oxime ethers of 1- and 2-naphthaldehydes

AUTHOR(S): Dinia, M. N.; Hassikou, A.; Lattes, A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org., Fac. Sci., Rabat, Morocco
 SOURCE: Bulletin des Societes Chimiques Belges (1993), 102(9), 623-4
 CODEN: BSCBAG; ISSN: 0037-9646
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 51874-00-1P 51874-01-2P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

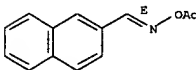
RN 51874-00-1 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

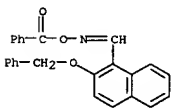


RN 51874-01-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

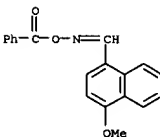
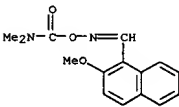
Double bond geometry as shown.



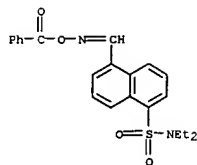
RN 142554-05-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 142554-06-1 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 4-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



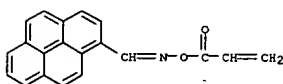
RN 142554-07-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 5-[[[(benzoyloxy)imino]methyl]-N,N-diethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



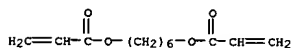
L19 ANSWER 14 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Eosin-sensitized, laser-induced oxime acrylate sensitizer homo- and copolym. with polyfunctional acrylates followed by UV crosslinking of the acyloxyimino pendent groups was studied. Photopolymerizability of the various oxime acrylates with and without conventional acrylates was determined using an Ar laser. The oxime acrylates underwent concomitant photobleaching with initiation of polymerization Application to stereolithog. was discussed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:450446 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:50446
TITLE: Laser-induced three-dimensional photopolymerization using visible initiators and UV cross-linking by photosensitive comonomers
AUTHOR(S): Kumar, G. Sudesh; Neckers, D. C.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Photochem. Sci., Bowling Green State Univ., Bowling Green, OH, 43403, USA
SOURCE: Macromolecules (1991), 24 (15), 4322-7
CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 133872-58-9P 133872-59-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and UV crosslinking of)
RN 133872-58-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 1,6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 1-pyrenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 133872-54-5
CMF C20 H13 N O2

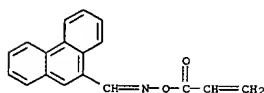


CM 2
CRN 13048-33-4
CMF C12 H18 O4

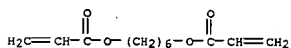


RN 133872-59-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 1,6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 9-phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

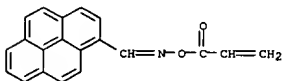
CM 1
CRN 133872-55-6
CMF C18 H13 N O2



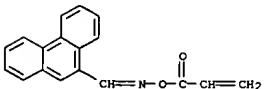
CM 2
CRN 13048-33-4
CMF C12 H18 O4



IT 133872-54-5P 133872-55-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and spectral characteristics and photopolymerizability)
of)
RN 133872-54-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Pyrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

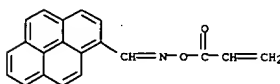


RN 133872-55-6 CAPLUS
CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

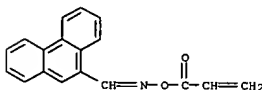


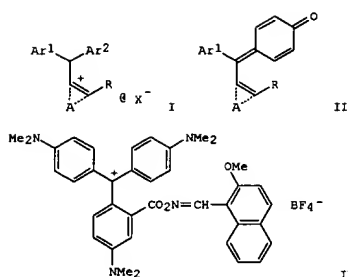
IT 133872-54-SDP, polymers with bisphenol diacrylates
133872-55-SDP, polymers with bisphenol diacrylates

L19 ANSWER 14 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, eosin-sensitized laser)
RN 133872-54-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Pyrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 133872-55-6 CAPLUS
CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

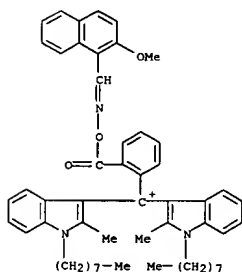




AB The title photohardenable composition comprises ≥ 1 dye from I and II [Ar1, Ar2 = aryl, heterocyclyl; R = CO2N:CR1R2, CO2CR3R4CR5R6Y; R1-R 6 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; R1 and R2 = H at the same time; Y = CN, NO2, SO2R7, SOR7, COR7, CO2R7, CONR7R8; R7, R8 = R1; A = 5- or 6-membered ring; X = anion; the group C6H4-p-O in II may be condensed with an arom or heterocyclic ring], e.g., III. The above dye acts as spectral sensitizer for photopolym. initiator in the composition The composition has improved sensitivity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:72335 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:72335
TITLE: Light- and heat-sensitive compositions, and recording material and method using them
INVENTOR(S): Yamaguchi, Jun; Ishige, Sadao; Washizu, Shintaro; Itoh, Isamu; Sato, Kozo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 19 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 4001363 | A1 | 19900719 | DE 1990-4001363 | 19900118 |
| JP 02289856 | A2 | 19901129 | JP 1989-314975 | 19891204 |
| US 5180652 | A | 19930119 | US 1990-466906 | 19900118 |
| | | | JP 1989-9509 | A 19890118 |
| PRIORITY APPLM. INFO.: | | | JP 1989-314975 | A 19891204 |

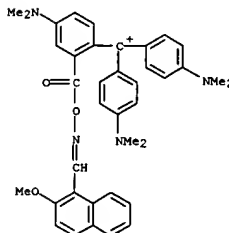


CM 2
CRN 14874-70-5
CMF B F4
CCI CCS



catalysts)
RN 131420-01-4 CAPLUS
CN Methylum, [4-(dimethylamino)-2-[[[2-methoxy-1-naphthalenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenyl]bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 131420-00-3
CMF C38 H39 N4 O3



CM 2
CRN 14874-70-5
CMF B F4
CCI CCS



RN 131923-27-8 CAPLUS
CN Methylum, [2-[[[2-methoxy-1-naphthalenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenyl]bis[2-methyl-1-octyl-1H-indol-3-yl]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 131923-26-7

AB The title materials contain a thermally decolorizable dye I or II [R, R1 = aryl, heteroaryl, R and R1 may form a ring; R2 = alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; A = 5- or 6-membered ring; (all the groups, rings, and the benzothiazine ring of II may be substituted; X- = monovalent anion). The materials provide decolorized images on heating. Thus, a poly(ethylene terephthalate) film was coated with a heat-sensitive layer containing

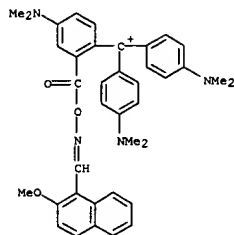
III to give a blue thermal recording film.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:52979 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:52979
TITLE: Recording materials using thermally decolorizable dyes
INVENTOR(S): Sato, Kozo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
CODEN: JKKOAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 02164590 | A2 | 19900625 | JP 1988-320164 | 19881219 |
| JP 07084104 | B4 | 19950913 | | |
| US 4981833 | A | 19910101 | US 1989-452650 | 19891219 |
| PRIORITY APPLM. INFO.: | | | JP 1988-320164 | A 19881219 |

IT 131420-01-4P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, thermally decolorizable dye, thermal recording material using)

RN 131420-01-4 CAPLUS
CN Methylum, [4-(dimethylamino)-2-[[[2-methoxy-1-naphthalenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenyl]bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 131420-00-3
CMF C38 H39 N4 O3



CM 2
CRN 14874-70-5
CMF B F4
CCI CCS



L19 ANSWER 18 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. [I: R1, R4 = H, acyl, alkoxyacetyl, alkylsulfonyl, dialkylcarbamoyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl; R2 = cyano, CHO, N-acyloxyiminomethyl, substituted CONH2, acylalkyl, (CH2CH:CMech2)n (n = 2-4), CH2CH:CMech2, acyloxyalkyl, alkoxyacetylalkyl, (un)substituted alkylsulfonyl, SO3H, substituted OH or NH2, N-substituted CH2NH2, CO2H,

R: R3 = H, alkyl, acyloxyalkyl, etc.], useful for wound healing and for treatment of delayed allergies, are prepared Thus, treatment of 1,4-naphthalenediol ditetrahydropyranyl ether (preparation given) with BuLi in Et2O followed by DMF gave, after deprotection, 2-formyl-1,4-dihydroxynaphthalene which was acetylated with Ac2O in pyridine to give 2-formyl-1,4-diacetoxynaphthalene. I inhibited 24.2-96.6% auricle edema in mice sensitized with oxazolone.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:118481 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:118481
TITLE: Preparation of 1,4-dihydroxynaphthalene derivatives for wound healing and for treatment of delayed allergies
INVENTOR(S): Imuda, Junichi; Ishitoku, Takeshi; Isayama, Shigeru; Furuya, Yoshiro; Takahashi, Katsuya; Ori, Aiichiro; Nakamura, Hideo; Motoyoshi, Satoru
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Petrochemical Industries, Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 47 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

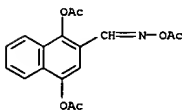
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 01203351 | A2 | 19890816 | JP 1988-25330 | 19880205 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1988-25330 | 19880205 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 112:118481

IT 125499-32-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as allergy inhibitor and for wound healing)

RN 125499-32-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4-bis(acetyloxy)-, 2-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 17 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB In the title photog. material with ≥1 unfogged internal latent image-type Ag halide emulsion layer and a back layer on the other side of the emulsion layer, the back layer contains an acid precursor and/or acid polymer.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:581274 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:181274
TITLE: Direct positive photographic material
INVENTOR(S): Inoue, Akiyuki; Okamura, Hisashi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

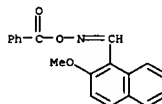
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| JP 02056544 | A2 | 19900226 | JP 1989-70162 | 19890322 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1988-115640 | A1 19880512 |

IT 99806-90-3

RL: USES (Uses)
(acid precursor, back layer containing, for direct pos. photog. material)

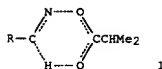
RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



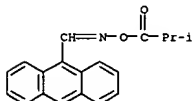
L19 ANSWER 19 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI



AB Decrease in the thermolysis rate constant of RCH:NO2CCHMe2 (R = 9-anthryl) with increasing solvent polarity, solvent independence of ΔH.thermod. and ΔS.thermod., and the neg value of ΔS.thermod. were all attributed to a mechanism involving a cyclic transition state (I).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:438728 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:38728
TITLE: Kinetics and mechanism of thermolysis of 9-formylanthracene oxime isobutyrate
AUTHOR(S): Lazareva, A. M.; Stankevich, A. I.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Beloruss. Gos. Univ., Minsk, USSR
SOURCE: Kinetika i Kataliz (1988), 29(5), 1248
CODEN: KNKTA4; ISSN: 0453-8811
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 120625-63-0, 9-Formylanthracene oxime isobutyrate
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(thermal decomposition of, kinetics and mechanism of)
RN 120625-63-0 CAPLUS
CN 9-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, O-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

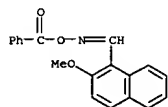


L19 ANSWER 20 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB A photothermog. material has ≥ 1 shielding layers which temporarily shield acid activity. The shielding layers may contain a fusible agent or a substance which is dissolved in or expanded with the fusible agent under heat-developing temperature. The photothermog. material shows improved heat-developing stability and storage stability.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:501932 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:101932
 TITLE: Photothermographic material with improved heat-developing stability and storage stability
 INVENTOR(S): Goto, Sohei; Komamura, Tawara; Kono, Junichi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 63004233 | A2 | 19880109 | JP 1986-147284 | 19860624 |
| JP 08012412 | B4 | 19960207 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-147284 19860624

IT 99806-90-3
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (acid precursor, fusible agent containing, for photothermog. material)
 RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

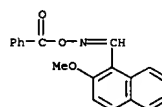


L19 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB A photothermog. material comprising a support, photosensitive Ag halide, color-formers, a reducing agent, a binder, and microcapsules is claimed wherein the microcapsule core material contains an acid and/or an acid-precursor. The material retains high contrast even after prolonged storage.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:430203 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:30203
 TITLE: Photothermographic material containing microencapsulated acid(-precursor) for improved storage stability
 INVENTOR(S): Okauchi, Ken; Kakuchi, Hiroyuki; Yamazaki, Hiroshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

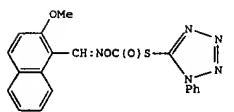
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62288837 | A2 | 19871215 | JP 1986-132473 | 19860607 |
| JP 05079977 | B4 | 19931105 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-132473 19860607

IT 99806-90-3
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (photothermog. material containing microcapsules of, for improved storage stability)
 RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 22 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB A Ag halide photog. material having ≥ 1 light-sensitive Ag halide emulsion layer contains ≥ 1 photog. reagent precursor of the formula $R1CH:NOCY(LX)mTn(PUG)$ ($R1 = H$, other monovalent substituent; $Y = O$, $NR2$; $R2 =$ substituent; $L =$ bivalent linkage group; $X =$ electron-attracting center; $T =$ timing group; $PUG =$ photog. useful group having O, N or cyclic structure; $n, m = 0, 1$). The precursor, which is quite stable during storage of the material, releases the photog. reagent at an appropriate time during its development. It is especially useful for development at low pH, e.g. 9-12, and for dry thermal processing. Thus, development inhibitor precursor I was added to the emulsion layer of an exptl. monocolor photog. film as a coupler/precursor codispersion. Upon exposure and then development by a normal color neg. process, it produced a remarkable reduction in fog without affecting speed or contrast.

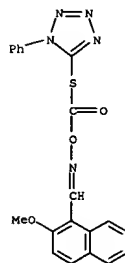
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:177038 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:177038
 TITLE: Timing precursor in silver halide photographic material
 INVENTOR(S): Ito, Isamu; Kawada, Ken
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62163051 | A2 | 19870718 | JP 1986-4290 | 19860114 |
| JP 07062757 | B4 | 19950705 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-4290 19860114

IT 114040-46-9P
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as timing photog. development inhibitor precursor)
 RN 114040-46-9 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[(1-phenyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)thio]carbonyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 22 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

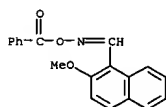


L19 ANSWER 23 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title photothermog. photosensitive materials contain a photosensitive Ag halide, a reducing agent, a binder, and an acid (or its precursor) which is dispersed (as particles) together with a thermoplastic polymer. The photothermog. materials give high-contrast images even after the materials are stored for a period of time.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:140810 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:140810
TITLE: Photothermographic photosensitive materials with excellent storage stability and high contrast
INVENTOR(S): Iwagaki, Masaru; Goto, Sohei; Oya, Hidenobu
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 51 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62240962 | A2 | 19871021 | JP 1986-85587 | 19860414 |
| JP 06082210 | B4 | 19941019 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1986-85587 | 19860414 |

IT 99806-90-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(photothermog. materials containing, storage stability improvement of)
RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

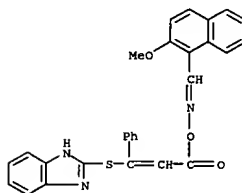


L19 ANSWER 24 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB In the title process, the heating of imaging materials is carried out in the presence of the compound of the formula R1CX:CR2CO2N:CHR3 (R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, carboxyl, or its salt, halo, CN, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, alkylphosphoryl, arylphosphoryl, alkylphosphinyl, arylphosphinyl, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, acyl, amino, acylamino, acyloxy, photog. useful group, R3 = aryl, heterocyclyl; X = photog. useful group; R1R2 combination may form a ring). The above compds. release development inhibitors with excellent timing.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:415617 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:15617
TITLE: Imaging process involving heating step
INVENTOR(S): Sato, Koza; Kato, Masatoshi; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

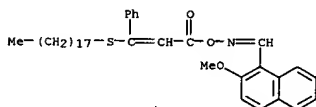
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 61267045 | A2 | 19861126 | JP 1985-106872 | 19850521 |
| JP 05033780 | B4 | 19930520 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1985-106872 | 19850521 |

IT 108831-28-3 108831-29-4 108859-52-5
RL: USES (Uses)
(photothermog. development inhibitor-releasing compds.)
RN 108831-28-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[3-(1H-benzimidazol-2-ylthio)-1-oxo-3-phenyl-2-propenyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

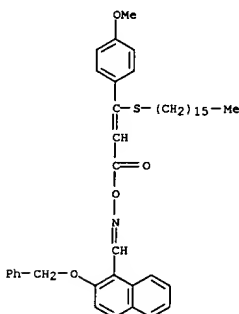


RN 108831-29-4 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[3-(octadecylthio)-1-oxo-3-phenyl-2-propenyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L19 ANSWER 24 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



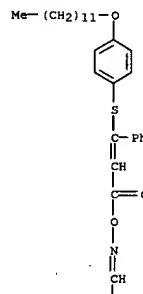
RN 108859-52-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-[3-(hexadecylthio)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



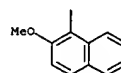
IT 108831-27-2P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as photothermog. development inhibitor releasing compound)
RN 108831-27-2 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[3-[[4-(dodecyloxy)phenyl]thio]-1-oxo-3-phenyl-2-propenyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

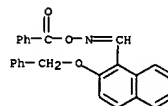
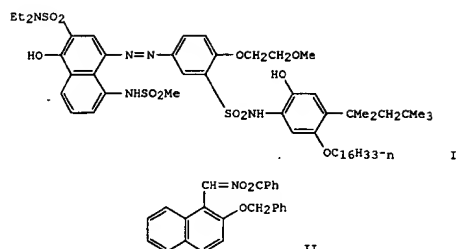
L19 ANSWER 24 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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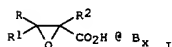


AB The claimed photothermog. photosensitive materials contain internal latent image type Ag halide emulsions, nucleation agents, organic Ag salt type oxidizing agent, and a base or its precursor which releases the base upon heating. The photothermog. material give high contrast pos. images. Thus, an internal latent image type Ag(Br,I) emulsion, a benzotriazole Ag emulsion, PhNHCSNH-m-C6H4CONH-p-C6H4NHNHCHO, a dispersion of I, a p-C9H19C6H4O(CH2CH2O)10H solution, a H2NSO2NMe2 solution, guanidine trichloroacetate, and a dispersion of II were mixed, then the mixture was coated on a film support to give a photothermog. photosensitive material which gave pos. image with high Dmax and low Dmin.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:616732 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:216732
TITLE: Photothermog. photosensitive materials
INVENTOR(S): Hara, Hiroshi; Daimatsu, Hideki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 61107243 | A2 | 19860526 | JP 1984-228550 | 19841030 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1984-228550 | 19841030 |

IT 100906-56-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(direct pos. photothermog. photosensitive materials containing)
RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI)
(CA

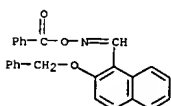


AB The claimed photothermog. photosensitive materials contain a compound of the formula I (R, R1 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, CO2M; RR1 in combination may form a ring; R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl; M = H, alkali metal, H.Bx; B = an organic base; x = 1 when B is a monoacidic base, and x = 1/2 when B is a diacidic base). The compound I shows good storage stability and excellent base-releasing property.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:616726 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:216726
TITLE: Thermal development type photosensitive imaging materials
INVENTOR(S): Kawada, Ken; Yabuki, Yoshiharu; Sato, Koza; Hirai, Hiroyuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 61053635 | A2 | 19860317 | JP 1984-176397 | 19840824 |
| JP 05054643 | B4 | 19930813 | | |
| US 4619888 | A | 19861028 | US 1985-769297 | 19850826 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1984-176397 | A 19840824 |

IT 100906-56-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(photothermog. materials containing, base precursors for)
RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

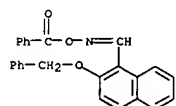


L19 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The claimed photothermog. photosensitive materials contain a base precursor of the formula $[R_1P_2(O)qNR_1CR_2R_3CO_2H]n.Xm$ [Z = C, N, S; R, R₁ = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclyl, acyl; R₂, R₃ = H, halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclyl, acylamino, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, nitro, acyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, alkoxy, carbonyl, aryloxy, carbonyl, CO₂H, X, R₄2P(O), OH; R₄ = alkyl, aryl, aryloxy, alkoxy; X = a base; n, m = 1, 2; p = 0, 1; q = 1, 2]. The photothermog. materials have good storage stability and thermal development characteristics.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:600549 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:200549
 TITLE: Photothermographic photosensitive materials
 INVENTOR(S): Yabuki, Yoshiharu; Sato, Koro; Kawada, Ken; Hirai, Hiroyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.
 CODEN: JKOXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 61055645 | A2 | 19860320 | JP 1984-176999 | 19840825 |
| US 4649103 | A | 19870310 | US 1985-769299 | 19850826 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1984-176999 | A 19840825 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:200549
 IT 100906-56-7
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (photothermog. photosensitive materials containing, base precursor for)
 RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



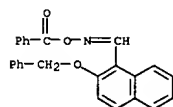
L19 ANSWER 28 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The claimed material has on the same support having the photothermog. Ag halide emulsion layer or on a different support an elec. conductive layer.

The above elec. conductive layer contains at least: (1) an elec. conductivity-providing substance, (2) a compound having m.p. >100°, and (3) a hydrophilic binder. The above elec. conductive layer may contain C black, propyleneurea, and gelatin.

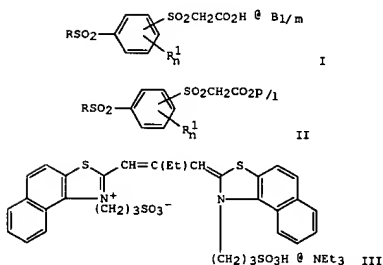
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:470171 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:70171
 TITLE: Silver halide photothermographic material
 INVENTOR(S): Sawada, Satoru; Naito, Hideki; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
 CODEN: JKOXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 61029835 | A2 | 19860210 | JP 1984-151815 | 19840720 |
| US 4643964 | A | 19870217 | US 1985-757556 | 19850722 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1984-151815 | A 19840720 |

IT 100906-56-7
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (silver halide photothermog. materials with elec. conductive layer containing)
 RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 29 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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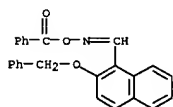
AB A heat-developable color photog. composition is comprised of a photog. coupler, Ag halides, ≥1 base precursor having the formula I or II [R = alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl or heterocyclyl; R₁ = organic substituent; B = monoacidic or diacidic base; M = alkali or alkaline earth metal; 1 = valence of M; m = 1, 2; n = 0-4], and optionally an organic acid Ag salt. The photog. composition provides images of high d. and less fog over a short developing time and is excellent in stability. Thus, a Ag(Br,I)-gelatin emulsion, a dispersion of the cyan coupler III in gelatin, a solution of the base precursor CH3SO2-p-C6H4SO2CH2CO2H-H₂N=C(NH2)2, a gelatin solution, and an aqueous 2,6-dichloro-p-aminophenol solution were mixed, coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) film, dried, imagewise exposed to a W lamp (2000 lx) for 5 s, and heated uniformly on a heat block (150°) for 20 s to provide a neg. cyan dye image having Dmax 2.13 and Dmin 0.26.

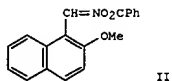
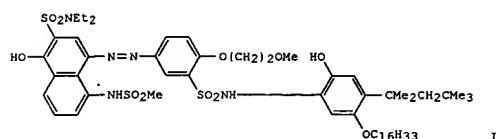
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:216386 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:216386
 TITLE: Heat developable light-sensitive material
 INVENTOR(S): Yabuki, Yoshiharu; Kawata, Ken; Hirai, Hiroyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 71 pp.
 CODEN: EPFXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|

L19 ANSWER 29 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 EP 160996 A2 19851113 EP 1985-105700 19850509
 EP 160996 A3 19861120
 EP 160996 B1 19881123
 R: DE, GB, NL
 JP 60237443 A2 19851126 JP 1984-92558 19840509
 JP 04013703 B4 19920310
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IT 100906-56-7
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (heat-developable photog. materials containing, alkylsulfonylphenylsulfonylacetic acid base precursor for)
 RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)





AB Heat-developable photosensitive materials giving an image with a high signal-to-noise ratio, that is a high Dmax and a low Dmin, and a high d. are composed of a photosensitive gelatin-Ag halide emulsion layer, a dye-forming substance that upon reduction at a high temperature produces

a diffusible dye, and an organic acid precursor with the structural unit -CH=NO2C- that is very stable at .ltorsim.50°, but frees an acid at temps. proceeding to development to neutralize the base and stop the development. Thus, a PET support was coated with a composition containing a gelatin-Ag (Br,I) emulsion 20, a gelatin-Ag benzotriazole emulsion 10, a dispersion of I 33 g, a 5% aqueous solution of p-C9H19C6H4O(CH2CH2O)10H 10, a 10% aqueous solution of H2NSO2NMe2 4, a gelatin dispersion of II 10 mL, and a solution of guanidine trichloroacetate 1.6 mL in EtOH 16 mL at 33μ (wet). After drying a gelatin protective layer was added. The resultant material was then imagewise exposed 10 s at 2000 lx with a W lamp, heated for 60 s on

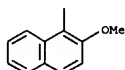
a 140° heating block, contacted with a wet receptor sheet, and heated 6 s at 80° to give a Dmax of 2.10 and a Dmin of 0.20 vs. 2.35 and 0.85, resp., for a II-free control.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:139353 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:139353
TITLE: Heat-developing light-sensitive color material
INVENTOR(S): Kato, Masatoshi; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 90 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX

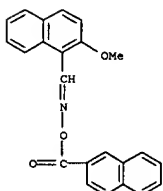
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | |

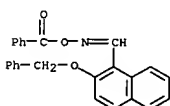
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RN 100906-55-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(2-naphthalenylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100906-56-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100906-57-8 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-[4-(methylsulfonyl)benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

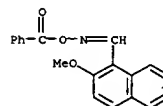
IT 99806-90-3 99806-94-7 100906-55-6
100906-56-7 100906-57-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(color diffusion-transfer photothermog. materials containing base-neutralizing acid precursor from, for improved image quality)

RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS

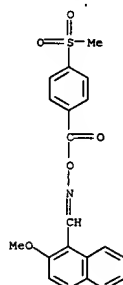
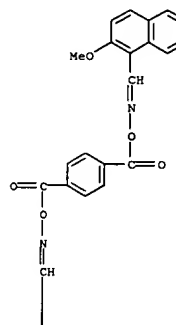
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99806-94-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O,O'-(1,4-phenylenedicarbonyl)dioxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



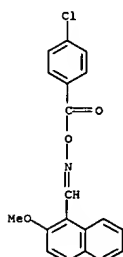
IT 99806-93-6P 100906-58-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and photothermog. applications of, as acid precursor)

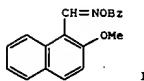
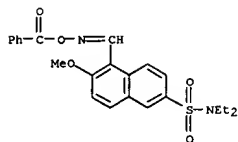
RN 99806-93-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 100906-58-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 5-[[[(benzoyloxy)imino]methyl]-N,N-diethyl-6-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



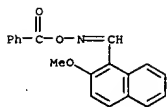
AB Organic acid precursors (R1CH:NO2C)nX [R1 = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, alkenyl, (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl; X = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl, or a mono-, di-, or trivalent group formed by combination of the above; n = 1-3], useful as agents to end development in a thermal photog. development process, were prepared. Thus, 103.2 g 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde in DMF was etherified with 4-MeC6H4SO3Me and K2CO3 at 50-60° for 2 h to give 93.8 g 2-methoxy-1-naphthaldehyde, which (80 g) underwent oximation to give 85 g oxime. The oxime (70.3 g) was treated with 60% NaOH in MeCN, and the resulting solution treated with BzCl at 10° to give 88 g acid precursor I. The reaction rate constant for cleavage of I to BzOH was 2.01/h at 100°, with T1/2 = 0.34 h.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:50692 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:50692
TITLE: Photographic material containing an acid precursor and a procedure for producing a photographic image
INVENTOR(S): Kitaguchi, Hiroshi; Kato, Masatoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 40 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

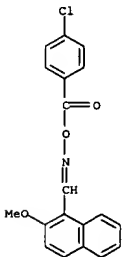
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 3442018 | A1 | 19850530 | DE 1984-3442018 | 19841116 |
| JP 60108837 | A2 | 19850614 | JP 1983-216928 | 19831117 |
| US 4670373 | A | 19870602 | US 1984-672643 | 19841119 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-216928 A 19831117

IT 99806-90-3P
RL: FRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and decomposition kinetics of)
RN 99806-90-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

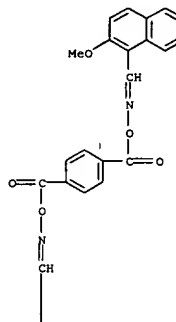


IT 99806-93-6P 99806-94-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as acid precursor for photog. emulsions)
RN 99806-93-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O-(4-chlorobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

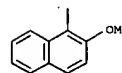


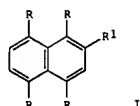
RN 99806-94-7 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 2-methoxy-, O,O'-(1,4-phenylenedicarbonyl)dioxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



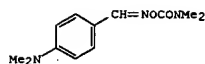
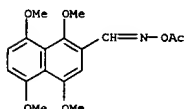


AB Alkoxynaphthalenes and their salts I [R = alkoxy; R1 = HOCH2, halomethyl, R2ON:CH (where R2 = H, alkyl), (CR3H)nR4 (where R3 = H, alkyl and R4 = CO2H, alkoxy, carbonyl, cyano; n = 0, 1)], having inflammation inhibiting, antihypertensive, analgesic, antiallergic, and antihistaminic activities (no data), were prepared. Thus, aqueous NaOH was added dropwise to a suspension of 1.8 g I (R = OMe; R1 = CHO) and 2.2 g Ag2O in CH2Cl2 and the resulting mixture heated 24 h at 60° to give 1 g I (R = OMe; R1 = CO2H).
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:471078 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:71078
TITLE: Alkoxynaphthalene derivatives
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Otsuka Pharmaceutical Factory, Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 60036434 | A2 | 19850225 | JP 1983-145447 | 19830808 |
| JP 03026177 | B4 | 19910410 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-145447 19830808

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:71078
IT 97476-16-99
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
RN 97476-16-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

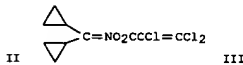
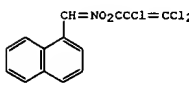
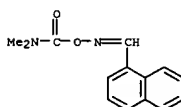


AB Photothermog. materials contain in a binder microparticles of a base-releasing precursor which is substantially insol. in water. The materials have good preservation stability due to the precursor having high resistance against self-decomposition by ambient moisture. Thus, a water-insol. type precursor I was mixed with poly(ethylene glycol), gelatin, and water and crushed using a mill to give a dispersion of precursor grains with an average size of 1 µm. The dispersion was then coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support together with a Ag(Br,I) emulsion, a cyan coupler dispersion containing 2-dodecylcarbamoyl-1-naphthol, and 2,6-dichloro-p-aminophenol to form a photosensitive film. The film was imagewise-exposed and heat-developed at 150° for 20 s to give a neg. cyan dye image with Dmax 2.08 and Dmin 0.25.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:123151 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:123151
TITLE: Photothermographic materials
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 59174830 | A2 | 19841003 | JP 1983-50000 | 19830325 |
| JP 03058498 | B4 | 19910905 | | |
| US 4514493 | A | 19850430 | US 1984-592197 | 19840322 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-50000 A 19830325

IT 95186-86-0
RL: USES (Uses) (color photothermog. material containing)
RN 95186-86-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



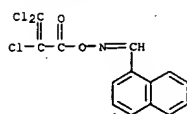
AB Cl2C:CClC2N:CR1 (I) (R,R1 = H, lower alkyl, benzyl, cycloalkyl, naphthyl, aryl, etc.) were prepared and shown, in some cases, to be more effective fungicides than Kilazin P. Thus, 100 mL PhMe solution containing 40 g Cl2C:CClC2N:CR1 were added at ≤20° to 30 g PhCH:NOH and 26 g Et3N in 400 mL PhMe, and the mixture was heated 2 h at 50° to give 59 g I (R = Ph, R1 = H). Among 39 other I prepared were I (R,R1 = Me,Me; Me,Ets; (RR1=) cyclohexylidene), the naphthyl analog II, and the dicyclopentyl analog III.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:610740 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:210740
TITLE: Trichloroacryloyl oxime derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Yasuo; Saito, Junichi; Gotoh, Toshio; Katsumata, Osamu; Sakawa, Shinji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Tokushu Gyoaku Seizo K. K., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 112524 | A1 | 19840704 | EP 1983-112276 | 19831207 |
| EP 112524 | B1 | 19860528 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 59110665 | A2 | 19840626 | JP 1982-220165 | 19821217 |
| US 4581365 | A | 19860408 | US 1983-557688 | 19831202 |
| IL 70443 | A1 | 19870130 | IL 1983-70443 | 19831214 |
| BR 8306913 | A | 19840724 | BR 1983-6913 | 19831215 |
| ZA 8309329 | A | 19840829 | ZA 1983-9329 | 19831215 |
| DK 8305810 | A | 19840618 | DK 1983-5810 | 19831216 |
| AU 8322504 | A1 | 19840621 | AU 1983-22504 | 19831219 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1982-220165 A 19821217

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:210740
IT 93033-49-99
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as fungicide)
RN 93033-49-9 CAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The 70 eV mass spectra of aromatic oxime geometric isomers were measured. Loss of H₂O, HO, and HCN were major fragmentations from the mol. ion of the benzaldoximes studied. Halo substituted benzaldoximes eliminated

HCNO

and H₂CNO forming an addnl. fragmentation path from the mol. ion. Three new oxime acetates were prepared and their mass spectra studied.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:120070 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:120070

TITLE: Mass spectra of syn- and anti-aromatic aldioximes

AUTHOR(S): Brown, Ellis V.; Hough, Lindsay B.; Plaszc, Andrew C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Kentucky, Lexington, KY, USA

SOURCE: Organic Mass Spectrometry (1973), 7(12), 1337-43

CODEN: ORMSBG; ISSN: 0030-493X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 51873-99-5 51874-00-1 51874-01-2

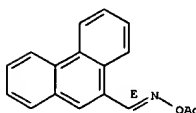
RL: PRP (Properties)

(mass spectrum of)

RN 51873-99-5 CAPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

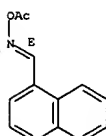
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 51874-00-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

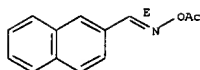
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 51874-01-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



AB The title compds. useful as insecticides, animal systemic parasiticides, herbicides, and foliage fungicides have the formula I. The intermediate 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl) benzaldehyde (II), n30D 1.5239 was prepared

in

99.5% yield by refluxing 24.4 g. 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 37.8 g. 0,0-diethylphosphorochloridithioate, and 16.4 g. K₂CO₃ in 200 ml. Me Et ketone 4 hrs., the mixture poured into 300 ml. H₂O and twice extracted

with

CHCl₃, 7.5 g. Na₂CO₃.H₂O added to a mixture of 27.4 g. II and 7.6 g. hydroxylamine hydrochloride in 300 ml. H₂O at room temperature in 20 min., and

the mixture stirred one hr. and extracted with C₆H₆ to give 68.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (III), n30D 1.5460. III (10 g.) in 10 ml. acetone was treated with excess MeNCO and poured into 200 ml.

C₆H₆ to give 93.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl) benzaldehyde methylcarbamate, n30D 1.5394. Similarly prepared in 96.9% yield was 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime methylcarbamate. A

mixture of 56.2 g. 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone, 17.4 g.

hydroxylamine

hydrochloride, and 4 g. NaOH in 150 ml. 80% EtOH was refluxed 5 min., cooled, and acidified with concentrated HCl to give 93.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime (IV), n30D 1.5393. A

mixture of

10.0 g. IV, 3.2 g. AcCl, 4.1 g. Et₃N, and 150 ml. C₆H₆ was refluxed one hr. to give 96.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime

acetate,

n30D 1.5279. A solution of 14.5 g.

4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde.

(V) in 50 ml. Et₂O was added in 30 min. at 10° to 7 g. phosgene in 150 ml. Et₂O, the mixture stirred one hr. at 15°, a solution of 17.4 g. morpholine in 10 ml. H₂O added at <15°, and the mixture stirred two

hrs. at room temperature and worked up to give 89.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 4-morpholinecarboxylate, n30D 1.5423. Similarly 14.5 g. V, 7 g. phosgene, and 8.6 g. N,N-dimethylaniline

treated

with 6.1 g. ethanolamine and 10 ml. H₂O at <15° gave 94.8%

4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (β-hydroxyethyl)carbamate (VI), n30D 1.5423. A solution of 11.6 g. N,N-diethylethylenediamine in

10

ml. H₂O was added dropwise at <15° to VI in Et₂O solution to give 51.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 2-(diethylamino)ethyl

carbamate, n30D 1.5310. These procedures were followed to obtain the tabulated I (X = S, p = position of phenyl substitution by R₂C=NOR₃ relative to P-containing group). The following VII were likewise

prepared (R,

R₁, and n30D given): H, CONHMe, 1.5280; H, CONHBU, 1.5130; Me, CONHMe, 1.5243; Me, CONHPr-iso, 1.5109. The compds. prepared were tested as pre- and postemergent herbicides, as foliage fungicides, as insecticides, and for internal animal systematic activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:430236 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:30236

TITLE: (O-Carbamoyl oxime), phosphate, phosphonate, and phosphinate compositions and their utility as herbicides and pesticides

INVENTOR(S): Gutman, Arnold D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Stauffer Chemical Co.

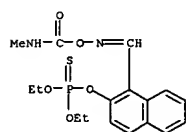
SOURCE: S. African, 80 pp.

CODEN: SFYXAS

L19 ANSWER 36 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

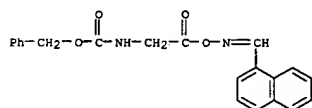
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|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ZA 6803662 | | 19681108 | | |
| DE 1768676 | | | DE | |
| FR 1583911 | | | FR | |
| GB 1229853 | | | GB | |
| US 3652737 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3673181 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681476 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681478 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681479 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3733375 | | 19730000 | US | |
| US 3749748 | | 19730000 | US | |
| US 3769419 | | 19730000 | US | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US | 19670616 |
| | | | US | 19680520 |

IT 22942-38-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 22942-38-7 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L19 ANSWER 37 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB (Cbo = PhCH2O2C throughout this abstract) Carbobenzoxylglycine (I) reacted with a series of oximes by the anhydride method (A) (Weygand and Steglich, CA 55, 5359b) (average yields 70%) and with Ph2C:CO (method B) (Elmore and Smyth, CA 59, 4033a) (unfavorable results) to give aminoacyl oximes, PhCH2O2CCHNHC(=O)CH2CO2N:CR1, (II), whose rates of aminolysis by PhCH2NH2 were determined in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at 22°. The results were plotted and discussed from the standpoint of substituent effects on carboxyl activation. The new activation method for peptide synthesis was tested with some simple examples. The following standards were prepared from comparative aminolysis: I thiophenyl ester, m. 72°, from I, PhSH, and POCl3 in absolute THF at -15°; I p-nitrophenyl ester, m. 131°. From I, p-O2NC6H4OH, and POCl3 in THF; and I benzyl ester, m. 71°, from equimolar ams. I and PhCH2Cl in boiling dioxane with excess Et3N. Method A. I (20 millimoles) and 20 millimoles absolute Et3N in 20-30 cc. THF treated with 20 millimoles ClCO2Et at -15° with stirring, after 30 min. a solution of the appropriate oxime in THF added, and the mixture stirred 12 hrs. at -15°. Kept overnight at room temperature, and worked up (Wieland and Heinke, CA 53, 1880f) gave II. Method B. I (20 millimoles) in THF treated with 20 millimoles Ph2C:CO and 4 cc. M THF-absolute Et3N at -15°, followed after several min. by 20 millimoles appropriate oxime in THF, the solution warmed gradually to room temperature, kept overnight, and worked up, and the product recrystd. from EtOAc-petr. ether or Me2CO-petr. ether gave II. The following II were prepared (R, R1, and m.p. given): Me, Me (III), 110-12°; (RR' =) cyclohexylidene, 80.5-1.5°; H, m-O2NC6H4, 126.5-8.0°; H, p-O2NC6H4, 166.5-7.5°; Me, Ph, 95.5-7.0°; Me, p-tolyl, 104°; Me, p-anisyl, 90°; Ph, Ph (IV), 78-9°; H, α-ClOH7 (V), 107-8°; Me, p-BrC6H4, 113-14°, and Me, m-O2NC6H4 (VI), 79-80°. To 10 millimoles I and 10 millimoles absolute Et3N in 30 cc. THF was added 10 millimoles ClCO2Et at -15° with stirring, after 30 min. 10 millimoles appropriate alc. [furfuryl alc., furfuryl mercaptan (VII), or 1-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone (VIII)] added, the mixture kept 5 hrs. at room temperature and worked up, and the crude product recrystd. from EtOAc-petr. ether to give I furfuryl ester, m. 70-1°; carbobenzoxyglycyl ester of VII, m. 65-6°; and I 1-phenyl-3-methylpyrazolyl ester (IX) (VIII bound to I as enol ester according to the ir spectrum), m. 131°, resp. EtO2CCH2NH2·HCl (X.HCl) (10 millimoles) suspended in 20 cc. MeCN treated with 10 millimoles absolute Et3N, followed by 10 millimoles III in MeCN, and the mixture kept 24 hrs. at room temperature and worked up gave 61.2% Cbo-Gly-Gly-OEt (XI), m. 81-2°. Similar treatment of 10 millimoles X.HCl in MeCN with 10 millimoles VI, V, and IX gave XI, m. 81-2°, in yields of 73, 85, and 75%, resp. From 50-millimoles ams. L-tyrosine Et ester-HCl (XII.HCl), IV, and absolute Et3N in MeCN was similarly prepared 75% Cbo-Gly-Tyr-OEt (XIII), m. 126-7°, [α]22D 19.1° (c 3, EtOH), and from 50-millimole ams. XII.HCl and IX was similarly prepared 90% XIII, m. 126-7°, [α]22D 19.0° (c 3, EtOH).

L19 ANSWER 37 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:3302 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:3302
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:631f-h, 632a-c
TITLE: N-Protected aminoacyl oximes as new carboxyl-activated compounds for peptide synthesis
AUTHOR(S): Losse, Guenter; Barth, Alfred; Schatz, Karin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Halle, Germany
SOURCE: Justus Liebig's Annalen der Chemie (1964), 677, 185-90
CODEN: JLABCF; ISSN: 0075-4617
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: German
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 62:3302
IT 3249-04-5, 1-Naphthaldehyde, o-(N-carboxyglycyl)oxime, benzyl ester (preparation of)
RN 3249-04-5 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [([[(1-naphthylmethylene)amino]oxy]carbonyl)methyl]-, benzyl ester (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 192.68 | 1543.36 |

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

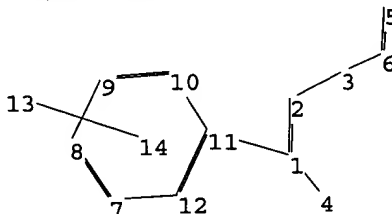
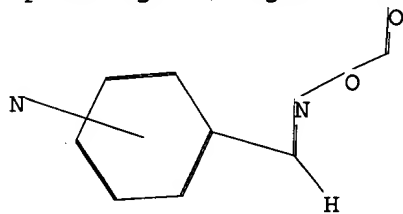
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to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

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chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 13
ring nodes :
7 8 9 10 11 12
chain bonds :
1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
ring bonds :
7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12
exact/norm bonds :
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normalized bonds :
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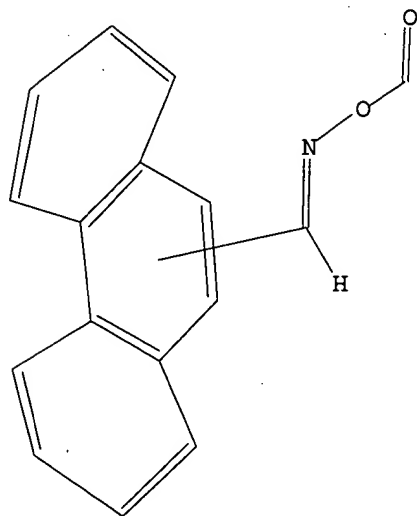
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L20 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L20 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l20

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 15:40:48 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 8 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 8 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 8 TO 329

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L21 0 SEA SSS SAM L20

=> s l20 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:40:53 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 154 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 154 ITERATIONS

3 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L22 3 SEA SSS FUL L20

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 163.48 | 1706.84 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 0.00 | -48.81 |

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

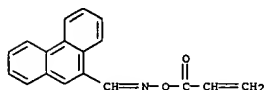
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 122
L23

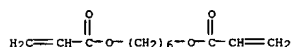
2 L22

=> d 123 1-2 abs ibib hitstr

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Eosin-sensitized, laser-induced oxime acrylate sensitizer homo- and copolym. with polyfunctional acrylates followed by UV crosslinking of the acyloxyimino pendent groups was studied. Photopolymerizability of the various oxime acrylates with and without conventional acrylates was determined using an Ar laser. The oxime acrylates underwent concomitant photobleaching with initiation of polymerization Application to stereolithog. was discussed.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:450446 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:50446
 TITLE: Laser-induced three-dimensional photopolymerization using visible initiators and UV cross-linking by photosensitive comonomers
 AUTHOR(S): Kumar, G. Sudesh; Neckers, D. C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Photochem. Sci., Bowling Green State Univ., Bowling Green, OH, 43403, USA
 SOURCE: Macromolecules (1991), 24(15), 4322-7
 CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 133872-59-0P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and UV crosslinking of)
 RN 133872-59-0 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 1,6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 9-phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 133872-55-6
 CMF C18 H13 N O2

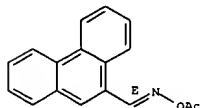


CM 2
 CRN 13048-33-4
 CMF C12 H18 O4

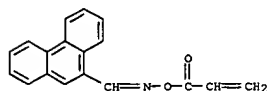


IT 133872-55-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

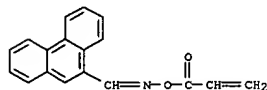
L23 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The 70 eV mass spectra of aromatic oxime geometric isomers were measured. Loss of H₂O, HO, and HCN were major fragmentations from the mol. ion of the benzaldoximes studied. Halo substituted benzaldoximes eliminated HCN and H₂CNO forming an addnl. fragmentation path from the mol. ion. Three new oxime acetates were prepared and their mass spectra studied.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:120070 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:120070
 TITLE: Mass spectra of syn- and anti-aromatic aldioximes
 AUTHOR(S): Brown, Ellis V.; Hough, Lindsay B.; Plasz, Andrew C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Kentucky, Lexington, KY, USA
 SOURCE: Organic Mass Spectrometry (1973), 7(12), 1337-43
 CODEN: ORMSBG; ISSN: 0030-493X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 51873-99-5
 RL: PRP (Properties) (mass spectrum of)
 RN 51873-99-5 CAPLUS
 CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Double bond geometry as shown.



L23 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 (prepn. and spectral characteristics and photopolymerizability of)
 RN 133872-55-6 CAPLUS
 CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 133872-55-6DP, polymers with bisphenol diacrylates
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, eosin-sensitized laser)
 RN 133872-55-6 CAPLUS
 CN 9-Phenanthrenecarboxaldehyde, O-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



| | | |
|--|------------|---------|
| => fil reg | | |
| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
| | ENTRY | SESSION |
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 10.33 | 1717.17 |
| DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) | SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
| | ENTRY | SESSION |
| CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE | -1.46 | -50.27 |

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

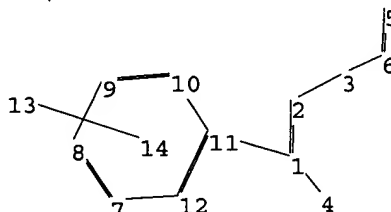
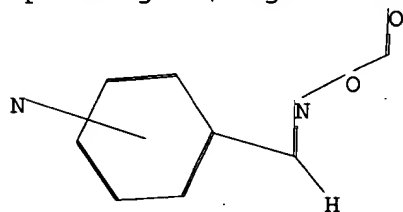
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more
 information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer
 to the file summary sheet on the web at:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

=>
 Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09734625.str



chain nodes :
 1 2 3 4 5 6 13
 ring nodes :
 7 8 9 10 11 12
 chain bonds :
 1-2 1-4 1-11 2-3 3-6 5-6
 ring bonds :
 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12
 exact/norm bonds :
 1-2 2-3 3-6 5-6
 exact bonds :
 1-4 1-11
 normalized bonds :
 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

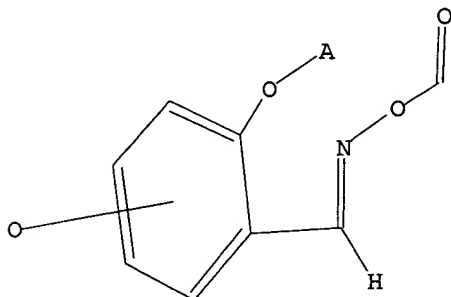
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L24 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L24 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l24

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 15:45:56 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 97 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 97 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

8 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1350 TO 2530
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 8 TO 329

L25 8 SEA SSS SAM L24

=> s l24 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 15:46:01 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1565 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1565 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

177 ANSWERS

L26 177 SEA SSS FUL L24

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 164.34 | 1881.51 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 0.00 | -50.27 |

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l26

L27 30 L26

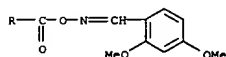
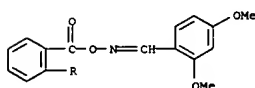
=> d l27 1-30 abs ibib hitstr

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The title printing plate master contains a photothermal conversion material, a phenolic alkaline-soluble resin, and an organic acid precursor having a structure of -CH=NOCO- or -CONHOCO-. The printing plate master shows improved stability.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:37360 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:84686
 TITLE: Positive-working offset printing plate master
 suitable for IR laser digital direct platemaking
 INVENTOR(S): Endo, Akihiro
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.
 CODEN: JKKXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

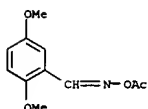
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 2004012978 | A2 | 20040115 | JP 2002-168556 | 20020610 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-168556 20020610

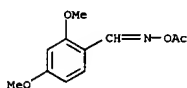
IT 640285-80-9
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (organic acid precursor; pos.-working offset printing plate master containing organic acid precursor suitable for IR laser digital direct platemaking)
 RN 640285-80-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O,O'-(1,2-phenylenedicarbonyl)dioxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 AB (oxime in light-sensitive color filter compn.)
 RN 122913-67-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362523-27-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The title composition contains alkali soluble composition materials, oxime ester as a polymerization initiator, and photopolym. materials, wherein the oxime ester has a structure Ar1-C=NOR1(H) or M1-[-C=NOR1(H)]x (R1 = cycloalkanoyl, benzoyl, alkenoyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl; M1 = 2, 3). The composition, which contains the oxime ester, provides the photoresist of the improved resolution and shows the good storageability.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752027 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:264637
 TITLE: Light-sensitive photoresist composition containing oxime esters as polymerization initiator in fabrication of optical filters in optical imaging devices
 INVENTOR(S): Oka, Hidetaka; Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Kura, Hisatoshi; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 110 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------|------------------|----------|
| FR 2802655 | A1 | 20010622 | FR 2000-16309 | 20001214 |
| FR 2802655 | B1 | 20030815 | | |
| SG 97168 | A1 | 20030718 | SG 2000-6382 | 20001103 |
| NL 1016814 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016814 | 20001206 |
| NL 1016814 | C2 | 20020129 | | |
| GB 2357293 | A1 | 20010620 | GB 2000-29801 | 20001207 |
| GB 2357293 | B2 | 20020807 | | |
| SE 2000004565 | A | 20010725 | SE 2000-4565 | 20001211 |
| SE 522645 | C2 | 20040224 | | |
| JP 2001235858 | A2 | 20010831 | JP 2000-376036 | 20001211 |
| US 2002020832 | A1 | 20020221 | US 2000-734635 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319687 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2675 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328342 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328342 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002731 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2731 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061948 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061948 | 20001213 |
| BR 2000005866 | A | 20020521 | BR 2000-5866 | 20001213 |
| CN 1305124 | A | 20010725 | CN 2000-135063 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013705 | A3 | 20020604 | BE 2000-786 | 20001214 |
| AT 200002080 | A5 | 20020615 | AT 2000-2080 | 20001214 |
| AT 410146 | B | 20030225 | | |
| ES 2189609 | B1 | 20030701 | ES 2000-2990 | 20001214 |
| ES 2189609 | B1 | 20040401 | | |
| AU 773749 | B2 | 20040603 | AU 2000-72268 | 20001214 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1999-811161 A 19991215
 EP 2000-810630 A 20000717

IT 122913-67-1P 362523-27-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

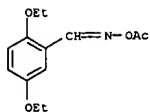
L27 ANSWER 3 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of Ar1-C=N-OR1(H) (R1 = cycloalkanoyl, benzoyl, alkenoyl; Ar1 = aryl, aroyl). The photopolym. initiator provides the alkali-developable light-sensitive photoresist composition, which shows the improved storageability, of the high resolution and the good storageability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:752026 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:280493
 TITLE: Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive photoresist composition
 INVENTOR(S): Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc., Switz.
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 171 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

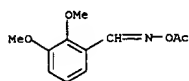
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| TW 459411 | B | 20020821 | TW 2000-89123924 | 20001110 |
| NL 1016815 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016815 | 20001206 |
| NL 1016815 | C2 | 20020514 | | |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
| US 2001012596 | A1 | 20010809 | US 2000-734625 | 20001212 |
| JP 2001233842 | A2 | 20010828 | JP 2000-377671 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319688 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2676 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328376 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328376 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002730 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2730 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061947 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061947 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | A1 | 20021201 | ES 2000-2977 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | B1 | 20041016 | | |
| DK 200001878 | A5 | 20010616 | DK 2000-1878 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013872 | A5 | 20021105 | BE 2000-789 | 20001214 |
| CN 1298812 | A | 20010620 | CN 2000-135980 | 20001215 |
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 EP 2000-810629 A 20000717

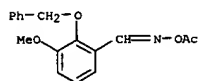
IT 362624-54-2P 362624-55-3P 362624-56-4P
 362624-57-5P 362624-58-6P 362624-72-4P
 362624-82-6P 362624-83-7P 362624-89-5P
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters used in optical imaging devices)
 RN 362624-54-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-diethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



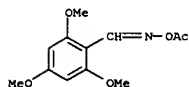
RN 362624-55-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,3-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



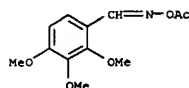
RN 362624-56-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-methoxy-2-(phenylmethoxy)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



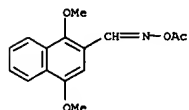
RN 362624-57-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



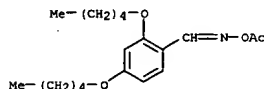
RN 362624-58-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,3,4-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



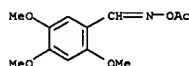
RN 362624-72-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



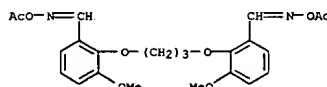
RN 362624-82-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-bis(pentyloxy)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-83-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,5-trimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-99-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,2'-bis(1,3-propanediylbis(oxy))bis[3-methoxy-, bis(O-acetyloxime)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Photolyses of aldoxime esters, containing a considerable range of alkyl groups, lead to cleavage of their N-O bonds and formation of aryliminyl and alkyl radicals. The process was found to be favored by 4-methoxyacetophenone as a photosensitizer and by methoxy substituents in the aryl rings. 4-Nitro- and pentafluoro-substitutions of the aryl rings were, on the other hand, deleterious. The intermediate iminyl radicals, together with primary, secondary and tertiary alkyl radicals were characterized by 9 GHz EPR spectroscopy. Cyclopropyl, CF₃, and CCl₃ radicals were probably also formed, but were too reactive for direct EPR spectroscopic detection. Photosensitized reaction of benzophenone oxime O-nonanoyl ester produced the diphenylmethaniminoxyl, as well as the expected n-octyl and iminyl radicals. This indicated that O-C bond scission accompanied O-N scission for this ketoxime ester. At higher temps. the C-centered radicals added to the starting oxime esters to produce alkoxyaminyl radicals that were also spectroscopically detected

in some cases. No evidence for abstraction of the iminyl hydrogen by tert-butoxyl radicals was obtained. Instead, the t-BuO• radicals added to the C:N double bonds of the oxime esters. Similarly, chlorine abstraction from alkylbenzohydroximoyl chlorides by trimethyltin radicals did not take place. Preparative scale expts. with oxime esters

containing suitably unsatd. alkyl groups showed that good yields of cyclized products

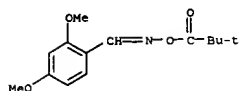
could be obtained in the presence of the photosensitizer. This process constitutes a general method by which carboxylic acids or acid chlorides can be converted into alkyl radicals and hence to cyclized deriva.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:832599 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:178233
TITLE: Exploitation of aldoxime esters as radical precursors in preparative and EPR spectroscopic roles
AUTHOR(S): McCarroll, Andrew J.; Walton, John C.
CORPORATE SOURCE: University of St. Andrews, School of Chemistry, St Andrews, Fife, KY16 9ST, UK
SOURCE: Perkin 2 (2000), (12), 2399-2409
CODEN: PRKTF0; ISSN: 1470-1820
PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:178233

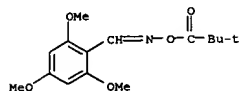
IT 265122-24-5P 265122-25-6P 265122-28-9P
265122-29-0P 265122-30-3P 265122-31-4P
265122-33-6P 265122-34-7P 265122-35-8P
265122-36-9P 326853-06-9P 326853-07-0P
326853-08-1P 326853-09-2P 326853-10-5P
326853-11-6P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(photolysis; preparative and ESR studies of the photolysis of aldoxime esters as radical precursors)

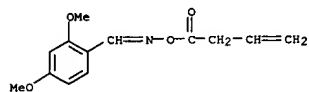
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CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



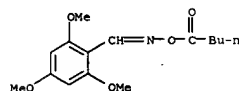
RN 265122-25-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



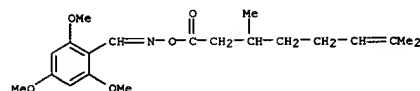
RN 265122-28-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-3-butenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



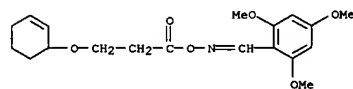
RN 265122-29-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxopentyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



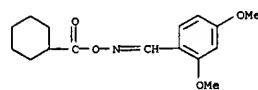
RN 265122-30-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



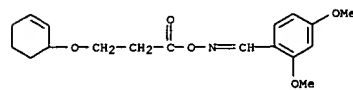
RN 265122-36-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-[3-(2-cyclohexen-1-yloxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



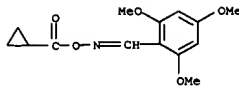
RN 326853-06-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



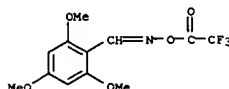
RN 326853-07-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-[3-(2-cyclohexen-1-yloxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



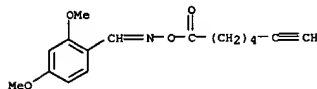
RN 326853-08-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



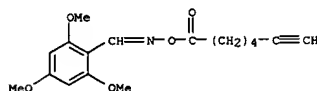
RN 265122-31-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(trifluoroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



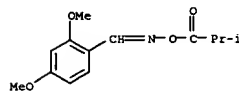
RN 265122-33-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-6-heptynyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



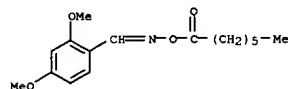
RN 265122-34-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-6-heptynyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



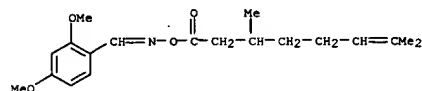
RN 265122-35-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(3,7-dimethyl-1-oxo-6-octenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



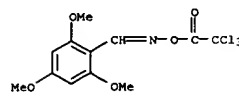
RN 326853-09-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(1-oxoheptyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 326853-10-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(3,7-dimethyl-1-oxo-6-octenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 326853-11-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(trichloroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

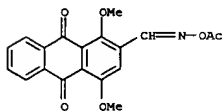
L27 ANSWER 5 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB 2-(1-Hydroxyiminoalkyl)-1,4-dimethoxy-9,10-anthraquinones were demethylated to produce 2-(1-hydroxyiminoalkyl)-1,4-dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinones (1,4-dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinone, DHAQ), and oxime hydroxyl groups were in turn acylated to give the corresponding 2-(1-acyloxyiminoalkyl)-DHAQ derivs. The anti-proliferative activity of 2-(1-hydroxyiminoalkyl)-DHAQ derivs. was found to be dependent on the

size of the alkyl chain. Thus, DHAQ analogs with alkyl chains longer than heptyl had negligible anti-proliferative activity, while those compds. possessing shorter chains demonstrated moderate anti-proliferative activity (ED50, 2.73-19.21 µM). However, the antitumor activity as expressed by T/C values did not correlate with the anti-proliferative activity; 2-(1-hydroxyiminononyl)-DHAQ with an ED50 value of >20 µM exhibited potent antitumor activity (T/C, 166%). Only four of the 2-(1-hydroxyiminoalkyl)-DHAQ analogs showed good antitumor activity (T/C, >150%): 2-(1-hydroxyiminobutyl)-DHAQ (T/C, 163%), 2-(1-hydroxyiminopentyl)-DHAQ (T/C, 180%) and 2-(1-hydroxyiminononyl)-DHAQ (T/C, 166%). Acylation of the hydroxyl group of these oximes enhanced the anti-proliferative activity and antitumor effects: 2-(1-propanoyloxyiminopropyl)-DHAQ (ED50, 4.41 µM; T/C, 221%) vs. 2-(1-hydroxyiminopropyl)-DHAQ (ED50, 14.64 µM; T/C, 100%) and 2-(1-propanoyloxyiminobutyl)-DHAQ (ED50, 2.65 µM; T/C, 202%) vs. 2-(1-hydroxyiminobutyl)-DHAQ (ED50, 16.43 µM; T/C, 163%).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:459209 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:222418
TITLE: Synthesis and evaluation of the antitumor activity of 2-substituted 1,4-dihydroxy-9,10-anthraquinones
AUTHOR(S): Tam, Mai-Ngoc; Nam, Nguyen-Hai; Jin, Guang-Zu; Song, Gyu-Yong; Ahn, Byung-Zun
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Building Materials, Hanoi, Vietnam
SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (2000), 333(6), 189-194
CODEN: ARPMA5; ISSN: 0365-6233
PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 291749-15-0P 291749-25-2P 291749-34-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and antitumor activity of 2-substituted 1,4-dihydroxyanthraquinones)

RN 291749-15-0 CAPLUS
CN 2-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, 9,10-dihydro-1,4-dimethoxy-9,10-dioxo-, 2-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 291749-25-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, 9,10-dihydro-1,4-dimethoxy-9,10-dioxo-, 2-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 6 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

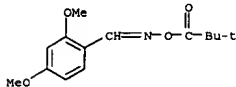
AB Arylmethaniminyl and alkyl radicals were generated from di- and tri-methoxyphenyl aldioxime esters, by photolysis in the presence of 4-methoxyacetophenone, and were detected by EPR spectroscopy: good yields of cyclized products were isolated from suitably unsatd. alkyl substituents.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:133509 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:308008
TITLE: Enhanced radical delivery from aldioxime esters for EPR and ring closure applications
AUTHOR(S): McCarroll, Andrew J.; Walton, John C.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., University of St. Andrews, St. Andrews, Fife, KY16 9ST, UK
SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (2000), (5), 351-352
CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345
PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:308008

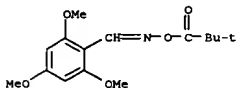
IT 265122-24-5 265122-25-6 265122-28-9
265122-29-0 265122-30-3 265122-31-4
265122-33-6 265122-34-7 265122-35-8
265122-36-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(photolysis; ESR study of arylmethaniminyl and alkyl radical formation in sensitized photolysis of aryl aldioxime esters and preparative decarboxylative cyclization of unsatd. carboxylic acids via aldioxime ester photolysis)

RN 265122-24-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



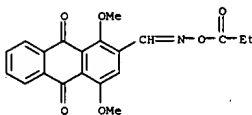
RN 265122-25-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



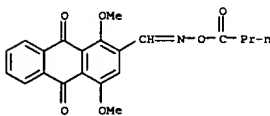
RN 265122-28-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-3-butenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 5 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2-[O-(1-oxopropyl)oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

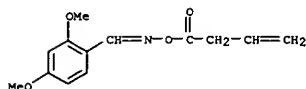


RN 291749-34-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Anthracenecarboxaldehyde, 9,10-dihydro-1,4-dimethoxy-9,10-dioxo-, 2-[O-(1-oxobutyl)oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

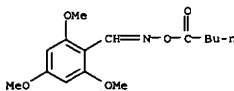


REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

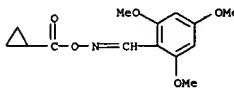
L27 ANSWER 6 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



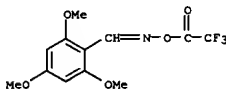
RN 265122-29-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxopentyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



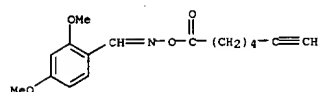
RN 265122-30-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



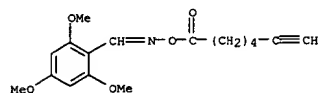
RN 265122-31-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(trifluoroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



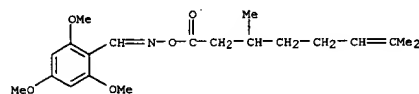
RN 265122-33-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-6-heptynyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



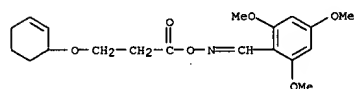
RN 265122-34-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(1-oxo-6-heptynyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



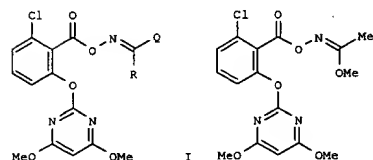
RN 265122-35-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-(3,7-dimethyl-1-oxo-6-octenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 265122-36-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethoxy-, O-[3-(2-cyclohexen-1-yloxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
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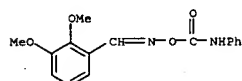


AB New 6-chloro-2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoates
[[2-[(alkyleneamino)oxy]carbonyl-1-chloro-3-phenoxy]pyrimidines] I (R = H, halo, cyano, etc.; Q = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.) were disclosed. I were claimed as herbicides. An example compound 2-[1-chloro-[[[(1-methoxyethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenoxy]-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine (II) was prepared
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:605344 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:205344
TITLE: Novel 6-chloro-2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid ester derivatives, processes for their production and their application as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Lee, Ho Seong; Yoo, Sang Ku; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Hong Woo; Rim, Jae Suk;
Bae, Yeong Tae; Chae, Sand Heon; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 82 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 608862 | A1 | 19940803 | EP 1994-101132 | 19940126 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, | | | | |
| SE KR 9603323 | B1 | 19960308 | KR 1993-1017 | 19930127 |
| KR 9612180 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10097 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612179 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10098 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612181 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10099 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612194 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10100 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612195 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10101 | 19930604 |
| CN 1101345 | A | 19950412 | CN 1994-102665 | 19940126 |
| US 5494888 | A | 19960227 | US 1994-186589 | 19940126 |
| BR 9400365 | A | 19940816 | BR 1994-365 | 19940127 |
| JP 07149735 | A2 | 19950613 | JP 1994-7824 | 19940127 |
| JP 2543665 | B2 | 19961016 | | |
| IN 182571 | A | 19990508 | IN 1994-DE86 | 19940128 |
| IN 183197 | A | 19991002 | IN 1994-DE1445 | 19941111 |

AB O-arylcarbamoylated hydroxylamine tosylate reacts with aldehydes at room temperature to give the corresponding O-carbamoylated oximes. The reaction of carbamoylated hydroxylamine with aromatic aldehydes in THF or in toluene at reflux affords the corresponding nitriles and anilinium tosylate in high yield. Attempts to cyclize the O-carbamoylated oximes in the presence of AcCl lead again to the formation of nitriles.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:631975 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:3107
TITLE: Direct conversion of aldehydes to nitriles via O-phenylcarbamoylated aldioximes
AUTHOR(S): Coskun, Necdet; Arkan, Nevin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Uludag University, Bursa, 16059, Turk.
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1999), 55(40), 11943-11948
CODEN: TETRA; ISSN: 0040-4020
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:3107
IT 250722-17-99

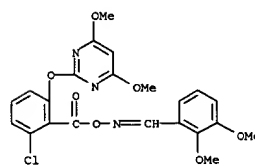
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(direct conversion of aldehydes to nitriles via O-phenylcarbamoylated aldioximes)
RN 250722-17-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,3-dimethoxy-, O-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



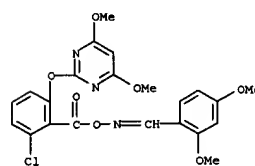
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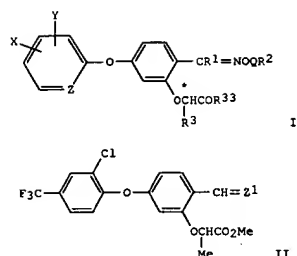
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 1993-1017 A 19930127
KR 1993-10097 A 19930604
KR 1993-10098 A 19930604
KR 1993-10099 A 19930604
KR 1993-10100 A 19930604
KR 1993-10101 A 19930604
EP 1994-101132 A 19940126

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:205344
IT 157990-33-SP 157990-35-7P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
RN 157990-33-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



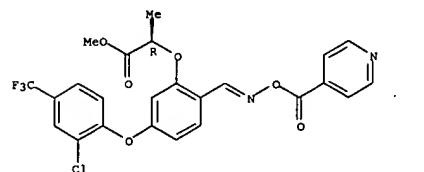
RN 157990-35-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





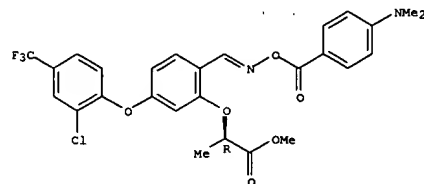
AB The title compds. [I; X, Y H, halo, CF₃, Cl-5 alkyl; Z = CH, N; R₁ = H, HO, Cl-5 alkyl or alkoxy; R₂ = (un)substituted Cl-10 (un)saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group, alkoxy, PhO, C₆-20 aromatic hydrocarbon group, NH₂, C₃-20 aromatic heterocyclyl containing at least one N atom; R₃ = Cl-5 alkyl, Ph; R₃₃ = Cl-5 (halo)alkyl, (halo)phenyl, carboxy- or alkoxy-carbonyl-substituted Cl-5 alkoxy, Cl-5 alkenyloxy, (un)substituted NH₂, NHP(O) (OR₁₀)OR₁₁; R₁₀, R₁₁ = H, Cl-5 alkyl, Ph; Q = direct bond, CO, C(S), SO₂; when Q = direct bond, R₂ = (un)substituted alkoxy, PhO, or C₆-20 aromatic hydrocarbon group] are prepared. Thus, tosylation of Me (S)-(-)-lactate by tosyl chloride in benzene containing Et₃N and etherification of the resulting Me O-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-(-)-lactate with 2-hydroxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)benzaldehyde in refluxing MeCN containing K₂CO₃ gave a benzaldehyde derivative (II; Z₁ = O) which was condensed with O-(4-nitrophenyl)hydroxylamine in THF containing one drop of concentrated HCl to give II (Z₁ = NC₆H₄NO₂-p) (III). III at 0.125 kg/ha postemergence completely controlled 9 weeds, e.g., *Digitaria* sp., *Setaria viridis*, and *Abutilon avicennae*. A mixture III and N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine isopropylamine salt showed synergistic herbicidal activity against true grass and broad leaf weeds.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:270126 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:270126
TITLE: Preparation of pyridyloxy- and phenoxybenzaldehyde oxime derivatives as herbicides
INVENTOR(S): Azuma, Shizuo; Hiramatsu, Toshuki; Ichikawa, Yataro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Ltd, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.



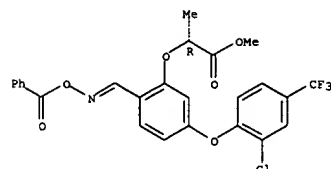
RN 154317-34-7 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(dimethylamino)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 154317-35-8 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

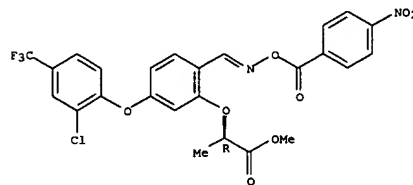


DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: JKOXAF
LANGUAGE: Patent
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| JP 05320117 | A2 | 19931203 | JP 1991-23791 | 19910125 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1990-13478 | A1 19900125 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:270126
IT 154317-18-7P 154317-33-6P 154317-34-7P
154317-35-8P 154317-37-0P 154317-38-1P
154317-39-2P 154317-40-5P 154317-41-6P
154317-42-7P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
RN 154317-18-7 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-nitrobenzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

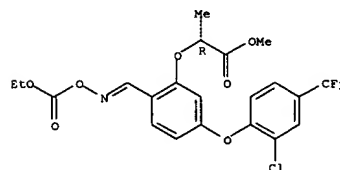


RN 154317-33-6 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-pyridinylcarbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

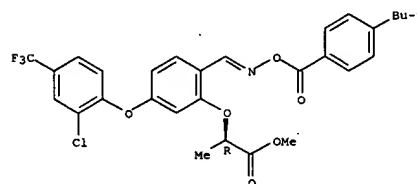
RN 154317-37-0 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



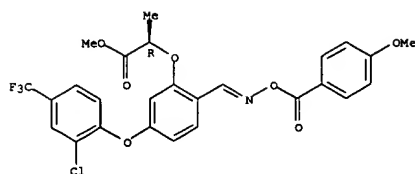
RN 154317-38-1 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



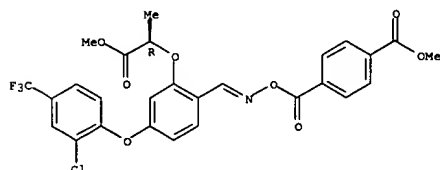
RN 154317-39-2 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-methoxybenzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



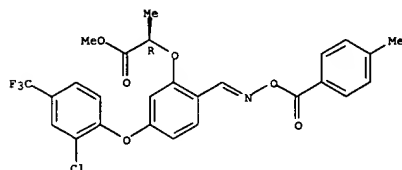
RN 154317-40-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid,
 4-[[[4-(2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)-2-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxoethoxy)phenyl]methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]-, methyl ester,
 (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry unknown.



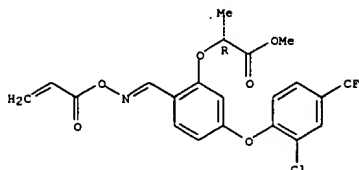
RN 154317-41-6 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-methylbenzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry unknown.

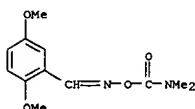


RN 154317-42-7 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

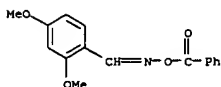
Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry unknown.



AB Thermal decomposition of syn-RCH:NOCONMe2 [I: R = 2-pyridyl, 4-C6H4NO2, Ph, 4-C6H4NMe2, 2,4- or 2,5-C6H3(OMe)2, 2-methyl- or 2-methoxy-4-dimethylaminophenyl, 2-methoxy-1-naphthyl] and syn-RCH:NOBz [II: R = Ph, 4-C6H4OMe, 2,4-C6H3(OMe)2, 2- or 4-methoxy-1-naphthyl, 1,5-ClOH6SO2NET2, 2-benzoyloxy-1-naphthyl] at 80-130° was kinetically studied. The decomposition was 1st-order for both I and II, and electron donating groups and substituents at the ortho position increased the reaction rates. Activation entropy values for I and II were very different and, hence, different decomposition mechanisms were proposed: β-elimination with syn/anti isomerization for I and concerted elimination via a cyclic 6-membered ring transition for II.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:469340 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:69340
 TITLE: Reaction control of thermal decomposition of aromatic aldokime derivatives as heat decomposing precursor compounds
 AUTHOR(S): Kawata, Ken; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi; Sato, Kozo; Yabuki, Yoshiharu
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ashigara Res. Lab., Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Kanagawa, 250-01, Japan
 SOURCE: Senryo to Yakuhin (1992), 37(2), 33-40
 CODEN: SETYAL; ISSN: 0370-9671
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 IT 93369-34-7 99806-97-0 142554-03-8
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (thermal decomposition of, kinetics of, substituent effect and mechanism in relation to)
 RN 93369-34-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-((dimethylamino)carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

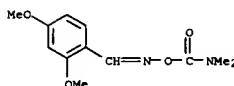


RN 99806-97-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 142554-03-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-((dimethylamino)carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 11 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB RCH2NR1CH2CONR2(OH) (I; R = insol. polymer residue; R1, R2 = alkyl),
useful for selective deacetylation in an organic solvent under neutral
conditions, are prepared by reaction of CH2Cl group-containing polymers

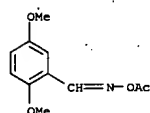
with
N-hydroxy-N-alkyl(alkyl)aminoacetamides. Thus, 40 g MeNH₂OH.HCl was
treated with 25 g MeNHCH2CO2Me in H2O/MeOH containing NaOH to give 26 g
MeNHCH2CONMe(OH), which was treated with 5 g Bio-Beads S-X1
(p-chloromethylstyrene-divinylbenzene copolymer) to give 4.7 g I (R =
polymer residue; R1 = R2 = Me), which selectively deacetylated
p-acetylaminophenyl acetate in EtOH at 45° to give
p-acetylaminophenol in 78% yield.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:516809 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:116809
TITLE: Polymer-supported deacetylation agents.
INVENTOR(S): Ono, Mitsunori
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF

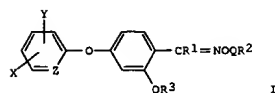
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| JP 03072434 | A2 | 19910327 | JP 1989-186248 | 19890719 |
| US 5116994 | A | 19920526 | US 1990-509826 | 19900417 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1989-99225 | A1 19890419 |
| | | | JP 1989-186248 | A 19890719 |

IT 122913-67-1
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(deacetylation of, with hydroxamic acid derivs. fixed on polymer
beads)
RN 122913-67-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-acetylloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI



AB Oxime derivs. I (X, Y, Z, R1, R2, R3 and Q are defined) showed excellent
herbicidal effect against broad- and narrow-leaved weeds and had quick
acting herbicidal activity. Preparation of these compds. by 2 different
schemes is described. Thus, 3-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)phenol
in CH2Cl2 was treated with TiCl4 then by dichloromethyl Me ether, and the
product (2-hydroxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)benzaldehyde) was
refluxed with EtI, K2CO3 and MeEt ketone to give 2-ethoxy-4-(2-chloro-4-
trifluoromethylphenoxy)benzaldehyde which was treated with NH2OH.HCl to
give 2-ethoxy-4-(2-chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)benzaldehyde oxime
(I,

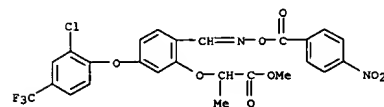
R1 = R2 = H; R3 = Et; X = CF3; Y = Cl; Z = CH; (II). Formulations of II
at 0.5 kg/h were 100% effective against Abutilon theophrasti. I (R1 = R2
= H; R3 = CH(Me)CO2Me; X = CF3; Y = Cl; Z = -CH-) was 100% effective
against Chenopodium album, centrorubrum, Aranthus mangostanus, Astragalus
sinicus, A. theophrasti, Solanum nigrum, and Xanthium strumarium.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:436398 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:36398
TITLE: Oxime derivatives and herbicides containing the same
as an active ingredient
INVENTOR(S): Azuma, Shizuo; Nakagawa, Koji; Hiramatsu, Toshiyuki;
Ichikawa, Yataro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 148 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

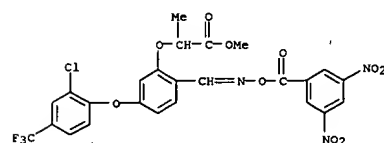
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 9001874 | A1 | 19900308 | WO 1989-JP864 | 19890823 |
| W: AU, BG, DK, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, RO, SU, US | | | | |
| RW: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE | | | | |
| WO 9002113 | A1 | 19900308 | WO 1988-JP837 | 19880824 |
| W: AU, JP, KR, US | | | | |
| RW: CH, DE, FR, GB | | | | |
| AU 8940752 | A1 | 19900323 | AU 1989-40752 | 19890823 |
| AU 619038 | B2 | 19920116 | | |
| EP 433451 | A1 | 19910626 | EP 1989-909629 | 19890823 |
| R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE | | | | |
| JP 04500074 | T2 | 19920109 | JP 1989-509021 | 19890823 |
| ZA 9001158 | A | 19901128 | ZA 1990-1158 | 19900215 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | WO 1988-JP837 | A 19880824 |
| | | | JP 1989-30002 | A 19890210 |

L27 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
JP 1989-130002 A 19890210
WO 1989-JP864 A 19890823

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 113:36398
IT 128079-35-6P 128079-36-7P 128079-37-8P
128079-38-9P 128079-39-0P 128079-40-3P
128079-42-5P 128079-43-6P 128079-44-7P
128079-45-8P 128079-46-9P 128079-47-0P
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128079-54-9P 128079-55-0P 128079-57-2P
128079-58-3P 128079-59-4P 128079-60-7P
128079-61-8P 128079-62-9P 128079-63-0P
128079-64-1P 128079-65-2P 128079-66-3P
128079-67-4P 128079-68-5P 128079-69-6P
128079-70-9P 128079-71-0P 128079-73-2P
128079-74-3P 128079-75-4P 128096-69-5P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except
adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation and herbicidal activity of)
RN 128079-35-6 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(
nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

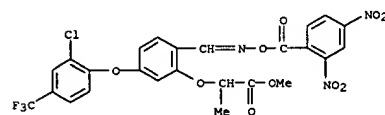


RN 128079-36-7 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[3,5-
dinitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

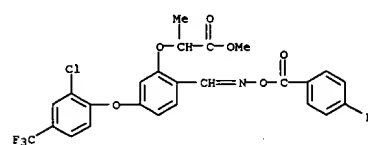


RN 128079-37-8 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[2,4-
dinitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

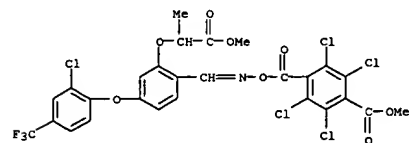
L27 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



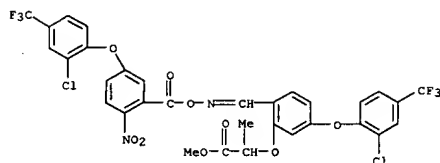
RN 128079-38-9 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(
fluorobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



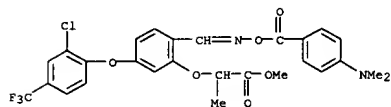
RN 128079-39-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-4-[[[4-(2-chloro-4-(
trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[2-methoxy-1-methyl-2-
oxoethoxy]phenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



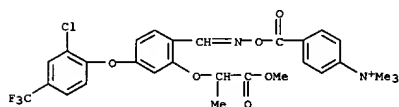
RN 128079-40-3 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[5-[2-
chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy
]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 128079-42-5 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(dimethylamino)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

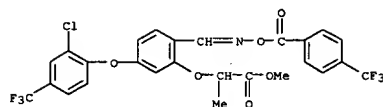


RN 128079-43-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzenaminium, 4-[[[4-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-(2-methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxoethoxy)phenyl]methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

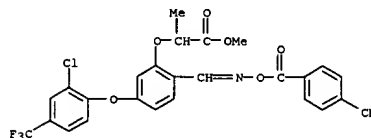


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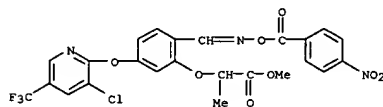
RN 128079-44-7 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



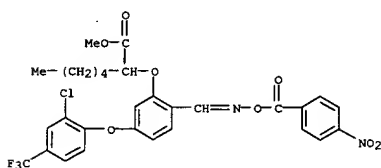
RN 128079-45-8 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(cyanobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



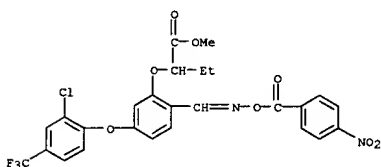
RN 128079-46-9 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



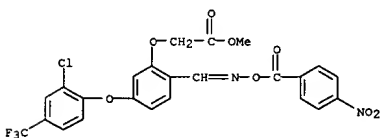
RN 128079-47-0 CAPLUS
 CN Heptanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



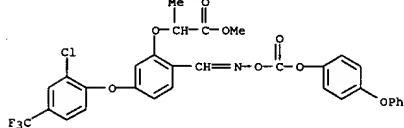
RN 128079-48-1 CAPLUS
 CN Butanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



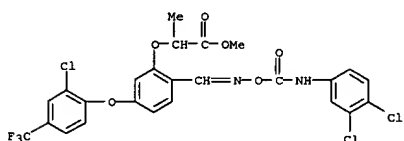
RN 128079-49-2 CAPLUS
 CN Acetic acid, [5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



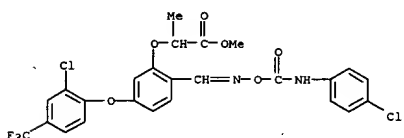
RN 128079-50-5 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



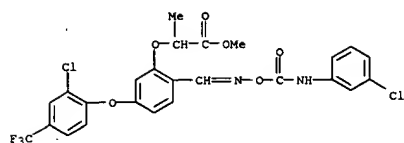
RN 128079-51-6 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[4-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



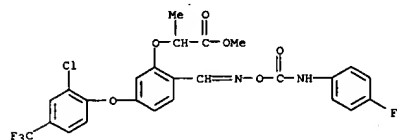
RN 128079-52-7 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[4-(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



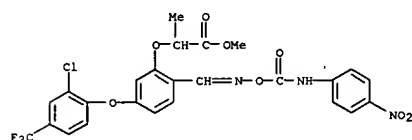
RN 128079-53-8 CAPLUS
 CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[4-(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



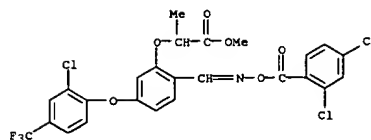
RN 128079-54-9 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



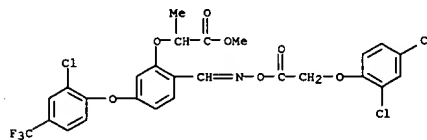
RN 128079-55-0 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-nitrophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



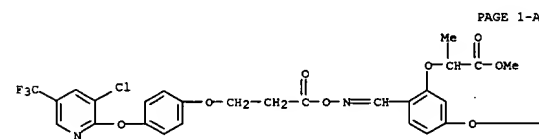
RN 128079-57-2 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 128079-58-3 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

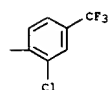


RN 128079-59-4 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

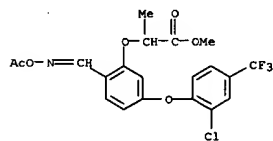


PAGE 1-A

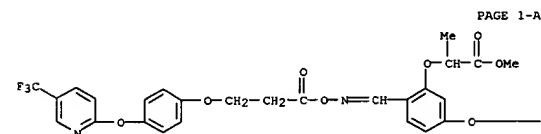
PAGE 1-B



RN 128079-60-7 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

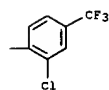


RN 128079-61-8 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

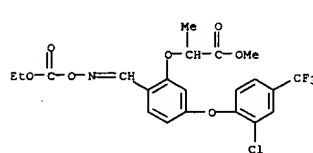


PAGE 1-A

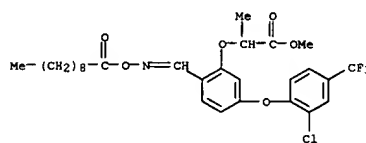
PAGE 1-B



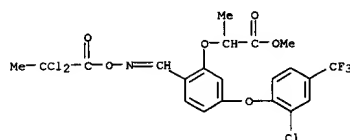
RN 128079-62-9 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



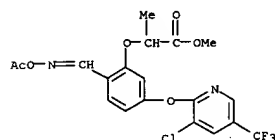
RN 128079-63-0 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



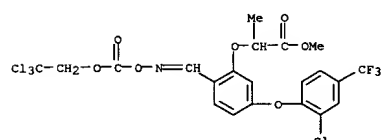
RN 128079-64-1 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[[(4-chlorophenyl)oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



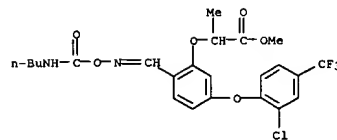
RN 128079-65-2 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[(acetyloxy)imino]methyl]-5-[[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]oxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



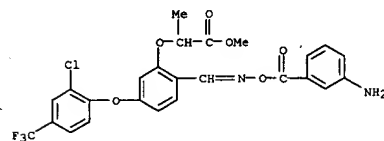
RN 128079-66-3 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(2,2,2-trichloroethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



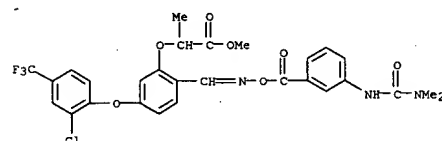
RN 128079-67-4 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[(ethoxycarbonyl)amino]benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



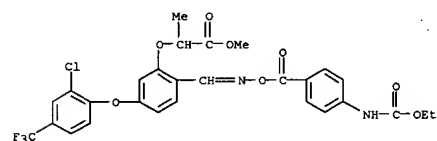
RN 128079-68-5 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[(3-aminobenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



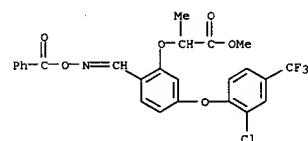
RN 128079-69-6 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(3-[[dimethylamino]carbonyl]amino]benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



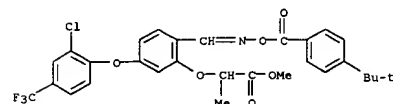
RN 128079-70-9 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(4-[[ethoxycarbonyl]amino]benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



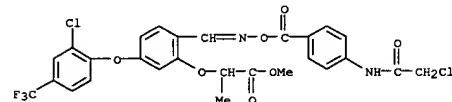
RN 128079-71-0 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[(benzoyloxy)imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



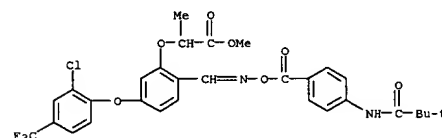
RN 128079-73-2 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



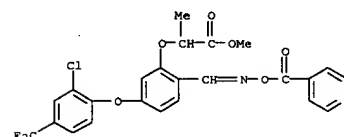
RN 128079-74-3 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[2-[[[(4-(chloroacetyl)amino]benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]-5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 128079-75-4 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(4-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)amino]benzoyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 128096-69-5 CAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2-[5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-2-[[[(4-pyridinylcarbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

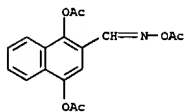


L27 ANSWER 13 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB The title compds. [I; R1, R4 = H, acyl, alkoxy, carbonyl, alkylsulfonyle, dialkylcarbamoyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkyl; R2 = cyano, CHO, N-acyloxyiminomethyl, substituted CONH2, acylalkyl, (CH2CH:OMeCH2)NH (n = 2-4), CH2CH:OMe2, acyloxyalkyl, alkoxy, carbonylalkyl, (un)substituted alkylsulfonyle, SO3H, substituted OH or NH2, N-substituted CH2NH2, CO2H, R: R3 = H, alkyl, acyloxyalkyl, etc.], useful for wound healing and for treatment of delayed allergies, are prepared. Thus, treatment of 1,4-naphthalenediol ditetrahydropyranyl ether (preparation given) with BuLi in Et2O followed by DMF gave, after deprotection, 2-formyl-1,4-dihydroxynaphthalene which was acetylated with Ac2O in pyridine to give 2-formyl-1,4-diacetoxynaphthalene. I inhibited 24.2-96.6% auricle edema in mice sensitized with oxazolone.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:118481 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:118481
 TITLE: Preparation of 1,4-dihydroxynaphthalene derivatives for wound healing and for treatment of delayed allergies
 INVENTOR(S): Imuda, Junichi; Ishitoku, Takeshi; Isayama, Shigeru; Furuya, Yoshiro; Takahashi, Katsuya; Ori, Aichiro; Nakamura, Hideo; Motoyoshi, Satoru
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Petrochemical Industries, Ltd., Japan; Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 47 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 01203351 | A2 | 19890816 | JP 1988-25330 | 19880205 |

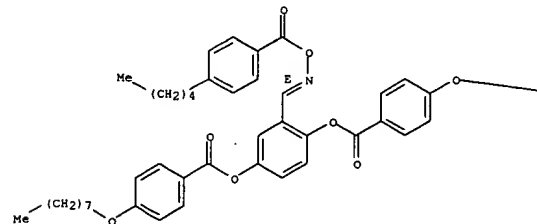
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1988-25330 19880205

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 112:118481
 IT 125499-32-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as allergy inhibitor and for wound healing)
 RN 125499-32-3 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4-bis(acetyloxy)-, 2-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

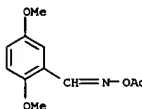


L27 ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The synthesis is described of 2-substituted hydroquinonebis(benzoates) which have large 2-substituents containing aromatic and other ring systems.
 Contrary to the general accepted opinion these large lateral substituents which cause remarkable deviations from the rodlike shape of the mols. do not prevent the liquid-crystalline properties, the compds. are nematic and smectic. The influence of different chemical groups on the liquid-crystalline properties was investigated systematically. The compds. tend to exhibit the glassy nematic state above room temperature. This property may be used for the construction of thermoelectrooptic devices.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:230022 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:230022
 TITLE: Thermotropic liquid-crystalline compounds with lateral long chain substituents. Part IX.
 Liquid-crystalline compounds with lateral aromatic branches
 AUTHOR(S): Weissflog, W.; Demus, D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: VEB Laborchem., Leipzig-Lutzschena, DDR-7143, Ger. Dem. Rep.
 SOURCE: Liquid Crystals (1988), 3(2), 275-84
 CODEN: LICRE6; ISSN: 0267-8292
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 114391-76-3P
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (liquid crystal, preparation and properties of)
 RN 114391-76-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-(octyloxy)-, 2-[[[(4-pentylbenzoyl)oxy]imino]methyl]-1,4-phenylene ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Double bond geometry as shown.

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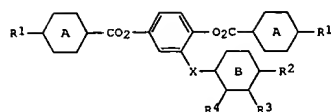
L27 ANSWER 14 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB A new reagent, Me2NCH2CONMeOH (I), was developed for the selective cleavage of active esters under neutral conditions. Kinetic studies and applications of I are described.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:552945 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:152945
 TITLE: N-Methyl-2-(dimethylamino)acetohydroxamic acid as a new reagent for the selective cleavage of active esters under neutral conditions
 AUTHOR(S): Ono, Mitsunori; Itoh, Isamu
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ashigara Res. Lab., Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Minami-Ashigara, 250 01, Japan
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1989), 30(2), 207-10
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:152945
 IT 122913-67-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (ester cleavage of, in presence methyl(dimethylamino)acetohydroxamic acid)
 RN 122913-67-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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AB Liquid-crystalline 2-substituted-1,4-bis(4-substituted benzoyloxy)benzenes of formula I, where R1 = C1-12 alkyl or alkoxy; R2 = R1, (CH2)0-4CN, NO2, O2CC6H4R1, H, or Br; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, NO2, or CN; R2 + R3 = OCH2O; A = 1,4-phenylene or 1,4-cyclohexylene; B = A or pyridine; X = CO, R5C=NOOC, or COY; R5 = CnH2n (n = 0-4); Y = Z1(CH2)nZ2 (n = 0-10); Z1 = O, S, NR5, CHR5, CO, CH:CH, or N:CR5; and Z2 = Z1, OOC, or a single bond, can be used alone or mixed with each other or with other liquid-crystal or non-liquid-crystal materials.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:122081 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:122081
TITLE: Glassy nematic liquid crystals as anisotropic solid optical materials for optical components and thermoelectrooptical storage displays
INVENTOR(S): Demus, Dietrich; Pelzl, Gerhard; Diele, Siegmund; Weissflog, Wolfgang; Wedler, Wolfgang
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Martin-Luther-Universitaet Halle-Wittenberg, Ger. Dem.
SOURCE: Rep. Ger. (East), 7 pp. CODEN: GEXXAS
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DD 247227 | A1 | 19870701 | DD 1986-287593 | 19860305 |
| DE 3703640 | A1 | 19870910 | DE 1987-3703640 | 19870206 |
| CH 671233 | A | 19860815 | CH 1987-560 | 19870212 |
| GB 2188048 | A1 | 19870923 | GB 1987-4421 | 19870225 |
| GB 2188048 | B2 | 19900912 | | |
| JP 62212349 | A2 | 19870918 | JP 1987-48987 | 19870305 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | DD 1986-287593 | A 19860305 |

IT 113267-59-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(glassy nematic liquid crystal, as anisotropic optical material)
RN 113267-59-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4-(octyloxy)-, 2-[[[4-(4-pentylbenzoyloxy)imino]methyl]-1,4-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 17 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

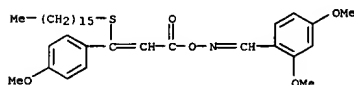
AB In the title process, the heating of imaging materials is carried out in the presence of the compound of the formula R1CX:CR2CO2N:CHR3 (R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, carboxyl or its salt, halo, CN, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, alkoxy-carbonyl, aryloxy-carbonyl, alkylphosphoryl, arylphosphoryl, alkylphosphinyl, arylphosphinyl, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, acyl, amino, acylamino, acyloxy, photog. useful group, R3 = aryl, heterocyclyl; X = photog. useful group; R1R2 combination may form a ring). The above compds. release development inhibitors with excellent timing.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:415617 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:15617
TITLE: Imaging process involving heating step
INVENTOR(S): Sato, Kozo; Kato, Masatoshi; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. CODEN: JKOXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

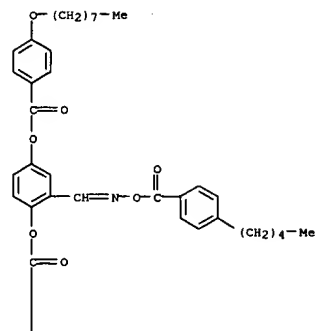
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 61267045 | A2 | 19861126 | JP 1985-106872 | 19850521 |
| JP 05033780 | B4 | 19930520 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1985-106872 | 19850521 |

IT 108859-53-6
RL: USES (Uses)
(photothermog. development inhibitor-releasing compds.)

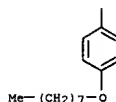
RN 108859-53-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-[3-(hexadecylthio)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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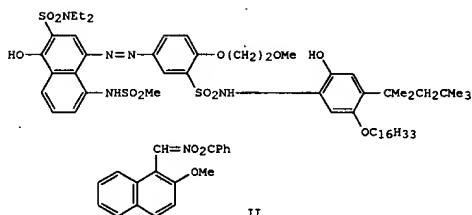


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L27 ANSWER 18 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI



AB Heat-developable photosensitive materials giving an image with a high signal-to-noise ratio, that is a high Dmax and a low Dmin, and a high d. are composed of a photosensitive gelatin-Ag halide emulsion layer, a dye-forming substance that upon reduction at a high temperature produces

a diffusible dye, and an organic acid precursor with the structural unit -CH:NO2C- that is very stable at 100°C, but frees an acid at temps. proceeding to development to neutralize the base and stop the development. Thus, a PET support was coated with a composition

containing a gelatin-Ag(Br,I) emulsion 20, a gelatin-Ag benzotriazole emulsion 10, a dispersion of I 33 g, a 5% aqueous solution of p-C9H19C6H4O(CH2CH2O)10H 10, a 10% aqueous solution of H2NSO2NMe2 4, a gelatin dispersion of II 10 mL, and a solution of guanidine trichloroacetate 1.6 mL in EtOH 16 mL at 33°C (wet). After drying a gelatin protective layer was added. The resultant material was then imagewise exposed 10 s at 2000 lx with a W lamp, heated for 60 s on

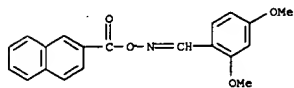
a 140° heating block, contacted with a wet receptor sheet, and heated 6 s at 80° to give a Dmax of 2.10 and a Dmin of 0.20 vs. 2.35 and 0.85, resp., for a II-free control.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:139353 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:139353
TITLE: Heat-developing light-sensitive color material
INVENTOR(S): Kato, Masatoshi; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 90 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

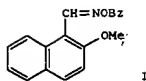
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|

L27 ANSWER 18 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 DE 3508761 A1 19850919 DE 1985-3508761 19850312
 JP 60192939 A2 19851001 JP 1984-48305 19840314
 JP 04069775 B4 19921109
 US 4656126 A 19870407 US 1985-711885 19850314
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1984-48305 A 19840314

IT 100906-54-5
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (color diffusion-transfer photothermog. materials containing
 base-neutralizing acid precursor from, for improved image quality)
 RN 100906-54-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(2-naphthalenylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 19 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB Organic acid precursors (R1CH:NO2C)nX [R1 = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, alkenyl, (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl; X = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, (un)substituted aryl, heterocyclyl, or a mono-, di-, or trivalent group formed by combination of the above; n = 1-3], useful as agents to end development in a thermal photog. development process, were prepared. Thus, 103.2 g 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde in DMF was etherified with 4-Mec6H4SO3Me and K2CO3 at 50-60° for 2 h to give 93.8 g 2-methoxy-1-naphthaldehyde, which (80 g) underwent oximation to give 85 g oxime. The oxime (70.3 g) was treated with 60% NaH in MeCN, and the resulting solution treated with BzCl at 10° to give 88 g acid precursor I. The reaction rate constant for cleavage of I to BzOH was 2.01/h at 100°, with T1/2 = 0.34 h.

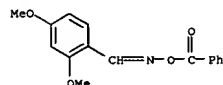
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:50692 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:50692
 TITLE: Photographic material containing an acid precursor and a procedure for producing a photographic image
 INVENTOR(S): Kitaguchi, Hiroshi; Kato, Masatoshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 40 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 3442018 | A1 | 19850530 | DE 1984-3442018 | 19841116 |
| JP 60108837 | A2 | 19850614 | JP 1983-216928 | 19831117 |
| US 4670373 | A | 19870602 | US 1984-672643 | 19841119 |

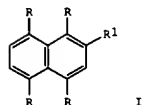
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-216928 A 19831117

IT 99806-97-0
 RL: FRP (Properties)
 (decomposition kinetics of)
 RN 99806-97-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 19 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



L27 ANSWER 20 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AB Alkoxy-naphthalenes and their salts I [R = alkoxy; R1 = HOCH2, halomethyl, R2ON:CH (where R2 = H, alkyl), (CR3H)nR4 (where R3 = H, alkyl and R4 = CO2H, alkoxy-carbonyl, cyano; n = 0, 1)], having inflammation inhibiting, antihypertensive, analgesic, antiallergic, and antihistaminic activities (no data), were prepared. Thus, aqueous NaOH was added dropwise to a suspension

of 1.8 g I (R = OMe; R1 = CHO) and 2.2 g Ag2O in CH2Cl2 and the resulting mixture heated 24 h at 60° to give 1 g I (R = OMe; R1 = CO2H).

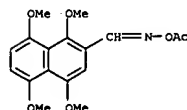
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:471078 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:71078
 TITLE: Alkoxy-naphthalene derivatives
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Otsuka Pharmaceutical Factory, Inc., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXAXF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 60036434 | A2 | 19850225 | JP 1983-145447 | 19830808 |
| JP 03026177 | B4 | 19910410 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-145447 19830808

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:71078

IT 97476-16-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 97476-16-9 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Naphthalenecarboxaldehyde, 1,4,5,8-tetramethoxy-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The oxime ethers Ar (SO₂mCX)(:NOBA) (Ar = Ph, naphthyl, or heterocyclic radical; A = H, Cl-4 alkoxy, C2-4 alkenyloxy, Cl-4 alkylthio, etc.; B = Cl-4 alkylene or alkenylene, or direct bond; X = H, halo, alkylcarbamoyl, etc.; m = 0 or 1; n = 0, 1, or 2) are antidotes for known sulfonylurea herbicides. Thus, seed treatment with 2-FC6H₄CN(:NOCH₂CN) (97627-47-9) (1 g/kg) protected corn by 50% against phytotoxicity from postemergence application of N-(2-methylbenzoylsulfonyl)-N'-(4-difluoromethoxy-6-methylpyrimidin-2-yl)urea (62 g/ha), in pot expts.

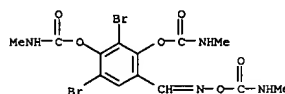
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:466781 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:66781
TITLE: Selectively active herbicides containing sulfonyl urea

as the active herbicidal agent as well as an antagonistically active oxime ether and their use for controlling weeds in food plant crops
Gerber, Hans Rudolf; Bellucci, Sergio
Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
Eur. Pat. Appl., 50 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 144283 | A1 | 19850612 | EP 1984-810470 | 19840928 |
| R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 60094902 | A2 | 19850528 | JP 1984-209016 | 19841004 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | CH 1983-5389 | A 19831004 |

IT 75409-11-9
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(as antidote, for sulfonylurea herbicides)
RN 75409-11-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]-, 1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

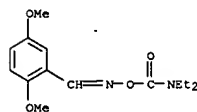


PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 61 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

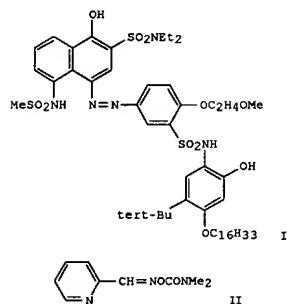
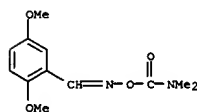
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 118078 | A2 | 19840912 | EP 1984-101801 | 19840221 |
| EP 118078 | A3 | 19841128 | | |
| EP 118078 | B1 | 19880107 | | |
| R: DE, FR, GB, NL | | | | |
| JP 59157637 | A2 | 19840907 | JP 1983-31614 | 19830225 |
| JP 02045180 | B4 | 19901008 | | |
| US 4499180 | A | 19850212 | US 1984-583913 | 19840227 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1983-31614 | A 19830225 |

IT 93369-33-6P 93369-34-7P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, for heat-developable color photog. materials)
RN 93369-33-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

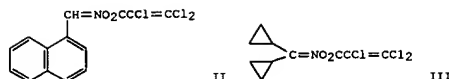


RN 93369-34-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethoxy-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A photog. material which forms low-fog storage-stable dye images by heating consists of 21 Ag halide emulsion, a binder, a dye-releasing redox compound, and a base precursor RCH:NOCONR1R2 (R = alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, acyl, heterocyclyl; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, or R1 together can form a ring, or R1R2 may form an imino group by a double bond. Thus, a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support was coated with a composition containing a Ag(Br,I) emulsion 25, a dye-releasing redox compound dispersion (containing I 5, Na bis(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate 0.5, tricresyl phosphate 5, 10% aqueous gelatin 100 g, EtOAc 30 mL) 33 g, a 5% aqueous solution of C9H19C6H4-p-O(CH2CH2O)10H 10, a 10% aqueous solution of H2NSO2NMe2 4 mL, and a solution containing the base precursor II 2.5 g in EtOH 20 mL, to a wet thickness of 30 µm, dried, imagewise exposed to 2000 lx for 10 s using W lamp, heated 10 s to 140°, contacted with a H2O-wetted image receiver (consisting of a polyester support containing dispersed TiO2 and a gelatin layer of Me acrylate-N,N,N-trimethyl-N-vinylbenzylammonium chloride copolymer), and heated 6 s at 80°. After separation of the elements a neg. magenta image was obtained on the receiver which had a Dmax and Dmin of 2.05 and 0.2, resp., vs. 0.03 and 0.03, resp., for a II-free control.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:70099 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:70099
TITLE: Heat-developable color photographic materials
INVENTOR(S): Hirai, Hiroyuki; Kawata, Ken



AB C12C:CC1COO2N:CRRI I. (R,R1 = H, lower alkyl, benzyl, cycloalkyl, naphthyl, aryl, etc.) were prepared and shown, in some cases, to be more effective fungicides than kilaizin P. Thus, 100 ml PHMe solution containing 40 g C12C:CC1COOCl were added at $\leq 20^\circ$ to 30 g PhCH₂NOH and 26 g Et3N in 400 ml PHMe, and the mixture was heated 2 h at 80° to give 58 g (R = Ph, R1 = H). Among 99 other I prepared were I (R,R1 = Me,Me; Me,Ets: (R,R1= cyclohexylidene), the naphthyl analog II, and the dipropyl analog III.

gicy:trn:tpy:analogy

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:610740 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:210740

TITLE: Trichloroacryloyl oxime derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Yasuo; Saito, Junichi; Gotoh, Toshio; Katsumata, Osamu; Sakawa, Shinji

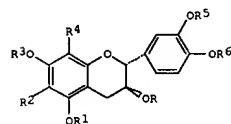
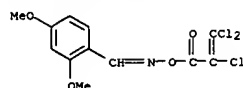
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Tokushu Nayaku Seizo K. K. , Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 112524 | A1 | 19840704 | EP 1983-112276 | 19831207 |
| EP 112524 | B1 | 19860528 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 59110665 | A2 | 19840626 | JP 1982-220165 | 19821217 |
| US 4581365 | A | 19860408 | US 1983-557688 | 19831202 |
| IL 70443 | A1 | 19870130 | IL 1983-70443 | 19831214 |
| BR 8306613 | A | 19840724 | BR 1983-6913 | 19831215 |
| CA 8309328 | A | 19840829 | CA 1983-328 | 19831215 |
| DK 8305810 | A | 19840618 | DK 1983-550 | 19831216 |
| AU 8322504 | A1 | 19840621 | AU 1983-22504 | 19831219 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: | | | JP 1982-220165 | A 19821217 |

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| OTHER SOURCE(S): | CASREACT 101:210740 |
| IT | 93033-55-7P |
| | RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOD (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as fungicide) |
| RN | 93033-55-7 CAPLUS |
| CN | Benlatehydride, 2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) |



AB Cyanidols I [R = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbon, acyl, carbamoyl; R1, R3, R6 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbon; RSr6 = CH2; R2, R4 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbon, heterocyclic, halogen, CHO, (un)substituted CO2H, OH, SH, sulfamoyl, acyl, amino] were prepared Thus I R1 = R3 = R5 = R6 = CH2Ph, R2 = R4 = H) was converted to its 8-formyl derivative which was subjected to Grignard reaction with EtBr to give I R1 = R3 = R5 = R6 = CH2Ph, R2 = H, R4 = CH2OH). Hydrogenation of the latter compound on Pd-C gave I R1 = CH2Ph, R1-R3 = R5 = R6 = H, R4 = Ph) which had an ED50 against acute allergic edema, peritonitis of 1.5 µmo/kg orally in rats and 25 mg/kg i.v. in rats. In rats gave 56.11 inhibition of D-galactosamine edema

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:209512 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:209512
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical preparation containing
 (+)-cyanidan-3-ol derivatives, and use thereof
 INVENTOR(S): Ballenegger, Marc Ernest; Rimbaut, Christian Gerard;
 Albert, Alban Imre; Weith, Andre Jean; Courbat,
 Pierre; Tyson, Robert Graham; Palmer, Derek Reginald;
 Thompson, David George
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zyma S. A., Switz.
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 140 pp.
 CODEN: EPKXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

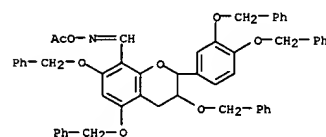
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 96007 | A2 | 19831207 | EP 1983-810222 | 19830526 |
| EP 96007 | A3 | 19840104 | | |
| EP 96007 | B1 | 19870729 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| GB 2122608 | A1 | 19840118 | GB 1983-12765 | 19830510 |
| GB 2122608 | B2 | 19851002 | | |
| AT 28641 | E | 19870815 | AT 1983-810222 | 19830526 |
| FI 8301926 | A | 19831202 | FI 1983-1926 | 19830530 |
| ZA 8303908 | A | 19840125 | ZA 1983-3908 | 19830530 |
| ES 522814 | A1 | 19850916 | ES 1983-522814 | 19830530 |
| CA 114103 | A1 | 19860801 | CA 1982-429160 | 19830530 |
| UK 8302452 | A | 19831202 | UK 1983-2452 | 19830531 |

| 127 | NO | OF 30 | CAPLOS | CAPLOS | 1983-1950 | NO | 1983-1950 | (Continued) | 19830531 |
|-----|------------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| | NO | 8315050 | | | 19831202 | | | | 19830531 |
| | AP | 8315255 | A1 | 19831208 | AP | 1983-12525 | | | 19830531 |
| | AP | 568301 | B2 | 19871224 | | | | | |
| | JP | 58219177 | A2 | 19831220 | JP | 1983-96840 | | | 19830531 |
| | HW | 31165 | O | 19840428 | HW | 1983-1943 | | | 19830531 |
| | DD | 210687 | A5 | 19840620 | DD | 1983-251542 | | | 19830531 |
| | IL | 68832 | A1 | 19880618 | IL | 1983-58832 | | | 19830531 |
| | ES | 536423 | A1 | 19870416 | ES | 1984-536423 | | | 19841001 |
| | US | 4644011 | A | 19870217 | US | 1985-754181 | | | 19850709 |
| | PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | GB | 1982-15867 | | A | 19820601 |
| | | | | | EP | 1983-810222 | | A | 19830526 |
| | | | | | US | 1981-499647 | | A1 | 19830531 |

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OTHER SOURCE(S):          CASREACT 100:209512
IT  89385-95-5P
    RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
    (Reactant or reagent)
    (preparation and dehydration of)
RN  89385-95-5 CAIUS
CN  2H-1-benzopyran-2-carboxaldehyde, 2-[3,4-bis(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-3,4-
    dihydro-3,5,7-tris(phenylmethoxy)-, O-acetylloxime, (2R-trans)- (9CI) (CA
    INDEX NAME)

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L27 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Approx. 300 oximes R1CR2-NOR3 (R1 = substituted Ph or heterocyclic radical; R2 = H, CH, halogen, alkyl, etc.; R3 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkylsulfonyl, etc.) were prepared and tested as herbicidal antidotes. Thus, seed treatment with 10 ppm (I) [34646-95-2] protected rice against the phytotoxic effect of Metolachlor [51216-45-2], in pot expts.

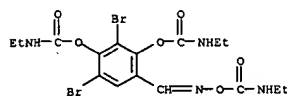
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:540287 CAPLUS
Correction of: 1981:78439
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:140287
Correction of: 94:78439
TITLE: Oxime derivatives and their use in the protection of cultivated plants
INVENTOR(S): Lukaszczuk, Alfons; Martin, Henry; Diel, Peter J.; Foray, Werner; Galzi, Karl; Kristinsson, Haukur; Muller, Beat; Muntwyler, Rene; Pachlatko, Johannes Paul; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 72 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| EP 12158 | A2 | 19800625 | EP 1979-103212 | 19790830 |
| EP 12158 | A3 | 19800723 | | |
| EP 12158 | B1 | 19840815 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL | | | | |
| US 4347372 | A | 19820831 | US 1979-70288 | 19790828 |
| CS 210698 | P | 19820129 | CS 1979-5915 | 19790830 |
| CA 1164869 | A1 | 19840403 | CA 1979-334777 | 19790830 |
| IL 58152 | A1 | 19840531 | IL 1979-58152 | 19790830 |
| AT 8957 | E | 19840915 | AT 1979-103212 | 19790830 |
| AU 7950474 | A1 | 19800320 | AU 1979-50474 | 19790831 |
| AU 541126 | B2 | 19841220 | | |
| DD 146143 | C | 19810128 | DD 1979-215309 | 19790831 |
| JP 63017067 | B4 | 19880412 | JP 1979-112354 | 19790901 |
| ZA 7904650 | A | 19800924 | ZA 1979-4650 | 19790904 |
| US 438464 | A | 19830614 | US 1981-232752 | 19810209 |
| US 4715883 | A | 19871229 | US 1982-423354 | 19820924 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | CH 1978-9255 | A 19780901 |
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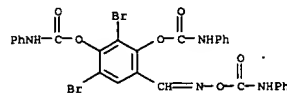
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75409-03-9P 75409-04-0P 75409-05-1P
75409-06-2P 75409-07-3P 75409-08-4P
75409-09-5P 75409-10-8P 75409-11-9P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicide-antidote activity of)

L27 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

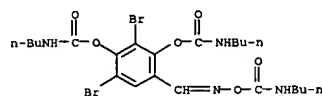
RN 75409-00-6 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-01-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[[[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]-1-[O-[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-02-8 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, butyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(butylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

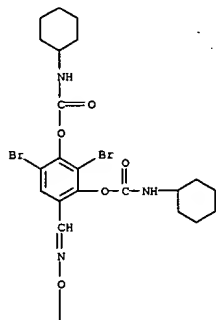


RN 75409-03-9 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, cyclohexyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

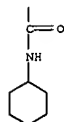
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75409-03-9P 75409-04-0P 75409-05-1P
75409-06-2P 75409-07-3P 75409-08-4P
75409-09-5P 75409-10-8P 75409-11-9P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicide-antidote activity of)

L27 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

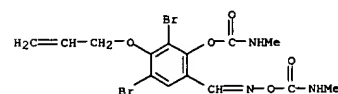
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PAGE 2-A



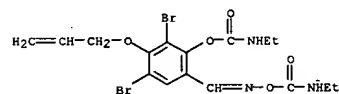
RN 75409-04-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde,
3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



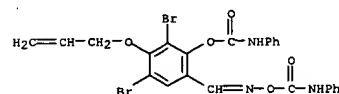
RN 75409-05-1 CAPLUS

L27 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

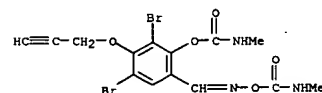
RN 75409-06-2 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



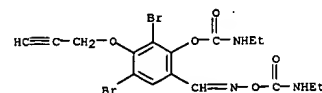
RN 75409-07-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde,
3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]imino] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



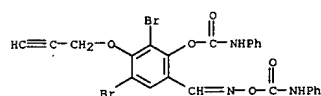
RN 75409-08-4 CAPLUS
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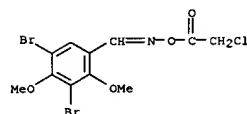
RN 75409-09-5 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



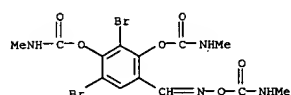
L27 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 75409-09-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde,
 3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxy]-4-(2-propynyloxy)-
 , 1-[O-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



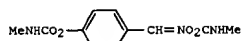
RN 75409-10-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(chloroacetyl)oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-11-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]-,
 1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



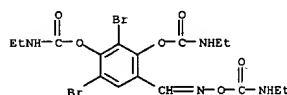
AB The oximes ArCX:NOQ (Ar = substituted Ph or heterocyclic radical; X = H, CH, halo, alkyl, etc.; Q = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, alkylsulfonyl, etc.) are herbicidal antidotes. Thus, seed treatment with 10 ppm I [34646-95-2] protected rice against the phytotoxic effect of Metolachlor [51218-45-2], in pot expts. The synthesis of the compds. is given.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:78439 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:78439
 TITLE: Oxime derivatives and their use in the protection of cultivated plants
 INVENTOR(S): Lukaszczuk, Alfons; Martin, Henry; Diel, Peter J.; Fory, Werner; Gatzi, Karl; Kristinsson, Haukur; Muller, Beat; Muntwyler, Rene; Pachlatko, Johannes Paul; et al.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 72 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 12158 | | 19800625 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | CH 1978-9255 | 19780901 |

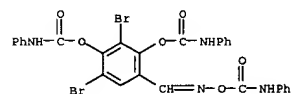
IT 75409-00-6P 75409-01-7P 75409-02-8P
 75409-03-9P 75409-04-0P 75409-05-1P
 75409-06-2P 75409-07-3P 75409-08-4P
 75409-09-5P 75409-10-8P 75409-11-9P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicide-antidote activity of)

RN 75409-00-6 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
 2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]me
 thyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

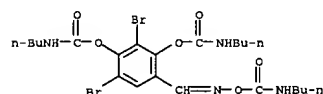


RN 75409-01-7 CAPLUS

L27 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[[[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxy]-,
 1-[O-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



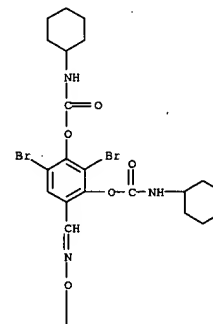
RN 75409-02-8 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, butyl-,
 2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(butylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]me
 thyl]-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



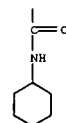
RN 75409-03-9 CAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, cyclohexyl-,
 2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl-1,3-phenylene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

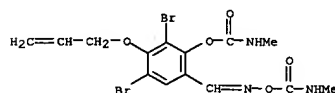
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



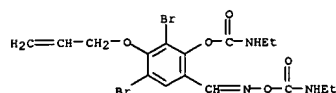
RN 75409-04-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde,
 3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-
 , 1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



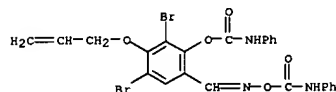
RN 75409-05-1 CAPLUS

L27 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

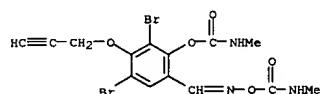
CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethyldiamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-3-(2-propenyloxy)phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



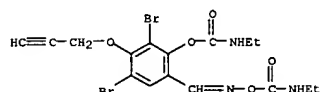
RN 75409-06-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde,
3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-1-[O-[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-07-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde,
3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-08-4 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, ethyl-,
2,4-dibromo-6-[[[(ethyldiamino)carbonyloxy]imino]methyl]-3-(2-propenyloxy)phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 27 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Title compds. (I), used especially against Rhopalosiphum padi, Phaedon cochleariae, and Euscelis bilobatus, were prepared in 53.2-93.3% yield by reaction of MeNCO with the corresponding hydroxy-benzaloximes. Thus, 2-hydroxybenzaloxime in Et2O and MeNCO reacted 30 min at 10° in the presence of Et3N to give 67.8% I (R=H, O2CNHMe in position 2). Similarly prepared were 6 other I (R and position of O2CNHMe given):

5-Cl,

2; 3,5-Cl2, 2; 3-OMe, 2; H, 3; H, 4; and OMe, 4.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:33961 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:33961

TITLE: Insecticidal and acaricidal hydroxybenzaloxime bis(methylcarbamates)

INVENTOR(S): Lorenz, Walter; Hammann, Ingeborg

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 21 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 2011182 | A | 19710923 | DE 1970-2011182 | 19700310 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | DE 1970-2011182 | A 19700310 |

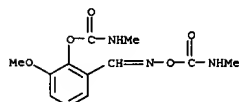
IT 34646-93-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

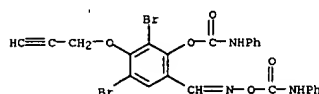
RN 34646-93-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3-methoxy-2-[[[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

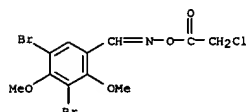


L27 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

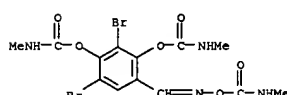
RN 75409-09-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde,
3,5-dibromo-2-[[[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]-4-(2-propenyloxy)-1-[O-[(phenylamino)carbonyloxy]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-10-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-dimethoxy-, O-(chloroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75409-11-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[[[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]-, 1-[O-[(methylamino)carbonyloxy]oxime] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 28 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB 2,3,4-(HO)3C6H2CH2NHCO2CCH2NH2.2HBr (I) is prepared from carbobenzoxyglycine and tritylhydroxylamine in 5 steps. In contrast to the corresponding isosteric 2,3,4-(HO)3C6H2CH2NHNHCOCH2NH2, I is not a decarboxylase inhibitor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:456389 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:56389

TITLE: Synthesis of O-glycyl-N(2,3,4-trihydroxybenzyl)hydroxylamine dihydrobromide

AUTHOR(S): Hegedus, Baltesar; Krasso, A. F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Forschungsabt., F. Hoffmann-La Roche und Co.

SOURCE: A.-G., Basel, Switz.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1970), 53(5), 959-63

LANGUAGE: German

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 73:56389

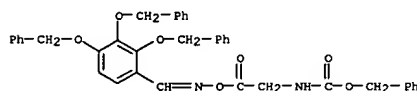
IT 27916-68-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 27916-68-3 CAPLUS

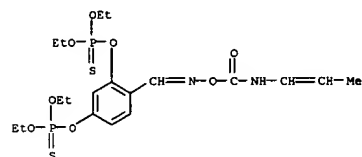
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,3,4-tris(benzyloxy)-, O-(N-carboxyglycyl)oxime benzyl ester (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



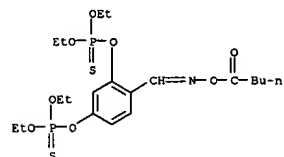
L27 ANSWER 29 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The title compds. useful as insecticides, animal systemic parasiticides, herbicides, and foliage fungicides have the formula I. The intermediate 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl) benzaldehyde (II), n30D 1.5239 was prepared in 99.5% yield by refluxing 24.4 g. 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 37.8 g. O,O-diethylphosphorochloridothioate, and 16.4 g. K2CO3 in 200 ml. Me Et ketone 4 hrs., the mixture poured into 300 ml. H2O and twice extracted with CHCl3, 7.5 g. Na2CO3.H2O added to a mixture of 27.4 g. II and 7.6 g. hydroxylamine hydrochloride in 300 ml. H2O at room temperature in 20 min., and the mixture stirred one hr. and extracted with C6H6 to give 68.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (III), n30D 1.5460. III (10 g.) in 10 ml. acetone was treated with excess MeNCO and poured into 200 ml. C6H6 to give 93.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl) benzaldehyde methylcarbamate, n30D 1.5394. Similarly prepared in 96.9% yield was 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime methylcarbamate. A mixture of 56.2 g. 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone, 17.4 g. hydroxylamine hydrochloride, and 4 g. NaOH in 150 ml. 80% EtOH was refluxed 5 min., cooled, and acidified with concentrated HCl to give 93.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime (IV), n30D 1.5393. A mixture of 10.0 g. IV, 3.2 g. AcCl, 4.1 g. Et3N, and 150 ml. C6H6 was refluxed one hr. to give 96.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime acetate, n30D 1.5279. A solution of 14.5 g. 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (V) in 50 ml. Et2O was added in 30 min. at 10° to 7 g. phosgene in 150 ml. Et2O, the mixture stirred one hr. at 15°, a solution of 17.4 g. morpholine in 10 ml. H2O added at <15°, and the mixture stirred two hrs. at room temperature and worked up to give 89.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 4-morpholinecarboxylate, n30D 1.5423. Similarly 14.5 g. V, 7 g. phosgene, and 8.6 g. N,N-dimethylaniline treated with 6.1 g. ethanolamine and 10 ml. H2O at <15° gave 94.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (β-hydroxyethyl)carbamate (VI), n30D 1.5423. A solution of 11.6 g. N,N-diethylethylenediamine in 10 ml. H2O was added dropwise at <15° to VI in Et2O solution to give 51.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 2-(diethylamino)ethyl carbamate, n30D 1.5310. These procedures were followed to obtain the tabulated I (X = S, p = position of phenyl substitution by R2C:NOR3 relative to P-containing group). The following VII were likewise prepared (R, R1, and n30D given): H, CONHMe, 1.5280; H, CONHBu, 1.5130; Me, CONHMe, 1.5243; Me, CONHBu, 1.5109. The compds. prepared were tested as pre- and postemergent herbicides, as foliage fungicides, as insecticides, and for internal animal systematic activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:430236 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:30236
 TITLE: (O-Carbamoyl oxime), phosphate, phosphonate, and phosphinate compositions and their utility as herbicides and pesticides
 INVENTOR(S): Gutman, Arnold D.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Stauffer Chemical Co.
 SOURCE: S. African, 80 pp.
 CODEN: SFXAB

L27 ANSWER 29 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



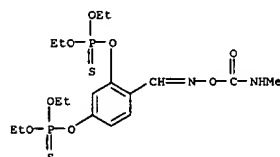
RN 22942-31-0 CAPLUS
 CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O,O-diester with β-resorcyaldehyde O-valerylloxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 29 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| 2A 6803662 | | 19681108 | | |
| DE 1768676 | | | DE | |
| FR 1583911 | | | FR | |
| GB 1229853 | | | GB | |
| US 3652737 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3673181 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681476 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681478 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681479 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3733375 | | 19730000 | US | |
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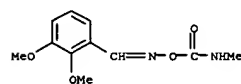
IT 22942-28-5P 22942-30-9P 22942-31-0P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 22942-28-5 CAPLUS
 CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O,O-diester with β-resorcyaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 22942-30-9 CAPLUS
 CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O,O-diester with β-resorcyaldehyde O-(propenylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 30 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Carbaryl was applied topically, singly, and in combination with several series of adjuvants to the housefly to determine the role of the dioxole ring of methylenedioxyphenyl compds. in synergizing the carbamate insecticides. When the methylenedioxy moiety was replaced with methoxyl or methoxyl and hydroxyl groups, synergistic activity was greatly reduced or lost. Several 1,3-benzodioxans also failed to act as synergists. The integrity of the 1,2-methylenedioxy structure is essential for maximum potentiation of housefly toxicity of the carbamates, paralleling the case for pyrethrins synergism.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:25221 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:25221
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:4549f-g
 TITLE: Influence of the methylenedioxyphenyl structure in synergism of a carbamate insecticide for house flies
 AUTHOR(S): Moorefield, Herbert H.; Weiden, Mathias H. J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Union Carbide Agr. Res. Sta., Clayton, NC
 SOURCE: Contributions from Boyce Thompson Institute (1964), 22(8), 425-33
 CODEN: CBTIAE; ISSN: 0006-8543
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 2815-70-5, o-Veratraldehyde, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (as synergist for carbaryl, in housefly control)
 RN 2815-70-5 CAPLUS
 CN o-Veratraldehyde, O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 FEB 2005 HIGHEST RN 825667-31-0

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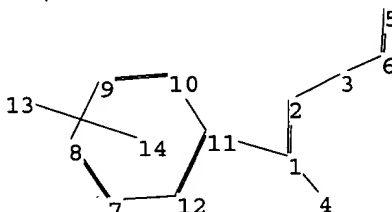
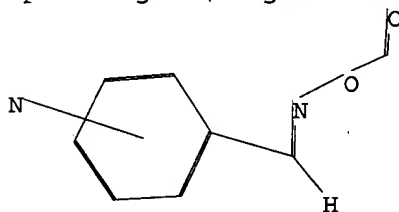
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html>

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chain nodes :

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ring nodes :

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chain bonds :

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ring bonds :

7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

exact/norm bonds :

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exact bonds :

1-4 1-11

normalized bonds :

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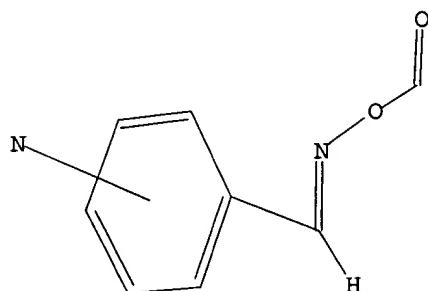
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1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom
10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS

L28 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L28 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l28

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1068 TO ITERATE

93.6% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

23 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 19400 TO 23320
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 194 TO 788

L29 23 SEA SSS SAM L28

=> s l28 full

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 20775 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 20775 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

342 ANSWERS

L30 342 SEA SSS FUL L28

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

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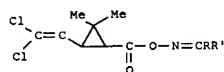
FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 Feb 2005 VOL 142 ISS 7
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Feb 2005 (20050204/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l30

L31 86 L30

=> d l31 1-86 abs ibib hitstr

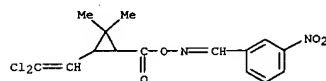


AB EI mass spectra of the title compds. (I; R = p-tert-butylphenyl, R' = MeS, EtS, PhCH2S, PhNH; etc) were measured. Fragmentation pathways include cleavage of the cyclopropane ring with migration of disubstituted methyleneamino moiety.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:912549 CAPLUS
TITLE: Skeletal rearrangement of substituted benzaldoxime 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylates under EI-MS
AUTHOR(S): Xia, Yan; He, Shui-ji; Chen, Qi-fa; Zuo, Yu-min
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Chemical Research in Chinese Universities (2004), 20(5), 671-673
CODEN: CRCUED; ISSN: 1005-9040
PUBLISHER: Higher Education Press
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 205937-81-1 205937-83-3
RL: CFS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (skeletal rearrangement of substituted benzaldoxime 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylates under EI-MS)

RN 205937-81-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 205937-83-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

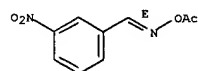
AB In the title compound, C9H8N2O4, the 3-nitrobenzaldehyde oxime and acetyl group have a dihedral angle of 19.5(4)°. The acetyl carbonyl and 3-nitrobenzaldehyde oxime groups both adopt a trans configuration (E).
In the crystal structure, mol. are linked by weak intermol. C-H...O interactions, forming a sheet-like structure parallel to the (303) plane. Crystallog. data are given.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:622188 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:65724
TITLE: (E)-3-Nitrobenzaldehyde O-acetyloxime
AUTHOR(S): Brito-Arias, Marco A.; Garcia-Baez, Efrén V.; del Toro, Gustavo Valencia; Hoepfl, Herbert
CORPORATE SOURCE: Unidad Profesional Interdisciplinaria Biotecnología, Barrio La Laguna Ticoman, Instituto Politécnico Nacional, Mexico City, DF 07340, Mex.
SOURCE: Acta Crystallographica, Section E: Structure Reports Online (2004), E60(8), o1451-o1452
CODEN: ACSEBH; ISSN: 1600-5368
URL: <http://journals.iucr.org/e/graphics/htmlborder.gif>

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)
LANGUAGE: English

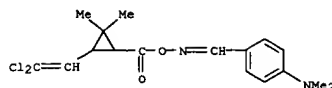
IT 808101-24-8P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and crystal structure of)
RN 808101-24-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-acetyloxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RECORD.

FORMAT



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RECORD.

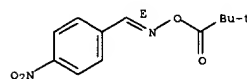
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AB The name of the second author, Wan Jin Jahng, was misspelled.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:480085 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:93231
TITLE: Elimination reactions of (E)-O-pivaloylbenzaloximes. [Erratum to document cited in C119:116591]
AUTHOR(S): Cho, Bong Rae; Jahng, Wan Jin; Je, Jong Tae; Bartsch, Richard A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Korea Univ., Seoul, S. Korea
SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2004), 69(14), 4870
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 149540-92-1
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (elimination reaction of, kinetics of (Erratum))
RN 149540-92-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

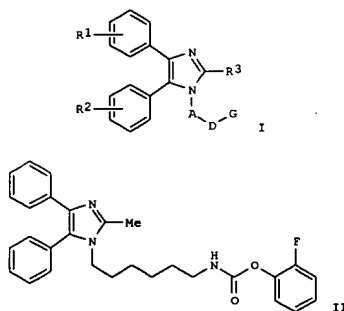


L31 ANSWER 4 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB ANHCO2B (A = dibenzofuranyl, dibenzothienyl, naphthyl, indolyl, fluorenyl, carbazoyl, alkoxyphenyl, etc.; a = 1, 2; R = (substituted) alkoxy, Ph, phenoxy; phenylalkoxy, pyridyloxy, pyridylalkoxy, NHC(alkyl), CONH(alkyl);
 R1 = bond, aliphatic hydrocarbon; B = (substituted) alkyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, dibenzofuranyl, dibenzothienyl, fluorenyl, carbazoyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, N:CR2R3, (substituted) Ph, pyridinyl; R2 = H, halo, alkyl; R3 = alkyl, pyridyl, halo, (substituted) Ph), were prepared. Thus, 4-heptyloxybenzoic acid (preparation given) in PhMe was treated with diphenylphosphoryl azide and the resultant mixture was stirred at r.t. for 10 min. and then at 105° for 60 min.; after the mixture was cooled to r.t., 3-pyridinealdehyde was added the mixture was stirred at r.t. for 10 min. and then at 80° for 1 h. to give 3-pyridinecarboxaldehyde, O-[[4-(heptyloxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime trifluoroacetate. The latter inhibited fatty acid amide hydrolase with IC50<10 nM.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:633409 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:179893
 TITLE: Preparation of (hetero)aryl carbamates and oximes as fatty acid amide hydrolase inhibitors.
 INVENTOR(S): Sit, Sing-Yuen; Xie, Kai; Deng, Hongfeng
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXKD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2003065989 | A2 | 20030814 | WO 2003-US3222 | 20030204 |
| WO 2003065989 | A3 | 20040219 | | |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LA, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RM: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, T2, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| US 2003195226 | A1 | 20031016 | US 2003-357807 | 20030204 |
| EP 1472215 | A2 | 20041103 | EP 2003-737600 | 20030204 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2002-355302P | P 20020208 |
| | | | WO 2003-US3222 | W 20030204 |

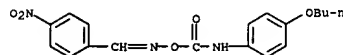
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:179893
 IT 581071-01-48
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

L31 ANSWER 5 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI



AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 and R2 = independently H, alkyl, or halo; R3 = (cyclo)alkyl; A = alkylene or L; L = C6H4O-alkylene; D = CO2, CONG1, NHCO2, or NHCO2H; G = H, haloalkyl, (cyclo)alkyl, pyridyl, or (un)substituted Ph or (CH2)1-2Ph; G1 = H or (halo)alkyl; or AD is optionally interrupted with CH2, C6H4, or 2(CH2)1-3; Z = O or S; J = alkyl or Ph; with provisos] were prepared as fatty acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) inhibitors. For example, cycloaddn. of benzil with AcONH4 and MeCHO in glacial AcOH gave 2-methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazole (291). Alkylation with Et 7-bromoheptanoate in the presence of NaH in DMF (721) followed by saponification with NaOH in EtOH afforded 7-(2-methyl-4,5-diphenylimidazol-1-yl)heptanoic acid. Stepwise addition of the azide, N3PO(OH)2, and 2-FC6H4OH to a suspension of the heptanoic acid in TEA and toluene produced the carbamate II (551). The latter inhibited recombinant human FAAH with IC50 < 10 nM. In addition, II gave results similar to known analgesics in the in vivo rat formalin test (acute and chronic chemo-induced pain assay), the Hargreaves test (acute thermal pain assay), and the Chung model (neuropathic pain assay). Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for the treatment of pain, particularly neuropathic pain, psychomotor disorder, hypertension, cardiovascular disease, eating disorder, nausea, AIDS-related complex, glaucoma, inflammation, psoriasis or multiple sclerosis, and other conditions the treatment of which can be effected by inhibiting FAAH.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:849426 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:353021

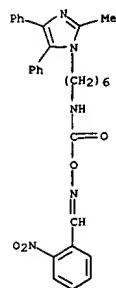
L31 ANSWER 4 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 (Uses)
 (prepn. of (hetero)aryl carbamates and oximes as fatty acid amide hydrolase inhibitors)
 RN 581071-01-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[4-(butoxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



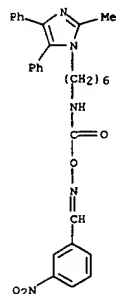
L31 ANSWER 5 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 TITLE: Preparation of bisarylimidazolyl fatty acid amide hydrolase inhibitors for treatment of pain
 INVENTOR(S): Sit, Sing-Yuen; Xie, Kai
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 98 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXKD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002087569 | A1 | 20021107 | WO 2002-US12853 | 20020423 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LA, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |
| RM: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, T2, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| US 2002188009 | A1 | 20021212 | US 2002-128480 | 20020423 |
| US 6562846 | B2 | 20030513 | | |
| EP 1389107 | A1 | 20040218 | EP 2002-728952 | 20020423 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | |
| JP 2004532229 | T2 | 20041021 | JP 2002-584915 | 20020423 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-286827P | P 20010427 |
| | | | WO 2002-US12853 | W 20020423 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:353021
 IT 474430-34-7P, 1-[[[6-(2-Methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxyimino]methyl]-2-nitrobenzene
 474430-35-8P, 1-[[[6-(2-Methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxyimino]methyl]-3-nitrobenzene
 474430-36-9P, 1-[[[6-(2-Methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxyimino]methyl]-4-nitrobenzene
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (FAAH inhibitor; preparation of bisarylimidazolyl fatty acid amide inhibitors for treatment of pain and other FAAH-related conditions)
 RN 474430-34-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[[[6-(2-methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 474430-35-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[[6-(2-methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 474430-36-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[6-(2-methyl-4,5-diphenyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)hexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 6 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A series of compds. containing oxime-ester linkage in place of the ester linkage in pyrethroid ester were designed and prepared. Bioassay data of insecticidal activities of these compds. on *Ostrinia nubilalis* (H.) and *Culex pipiens* (L.) are presented. Among them 4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde oxime ester of 2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropanecarboxylic acid and 4-dimethylamino benzaldehyde oxime ester of cyclopropanecarboxylic acid were found to be potent insecticide against *Ostrinia nubilalis* (H.). Structure-activity relationship of the compds. is discussed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:310814 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:121038

TITLE: Synthesis and insecticidal activities of new

pyrethroid acid oxime ester derivatives

Ma, Jun'an; Huang, Runqiu; Chai, Youxin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute and State Key Laboratory of

Elemento-organic

Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin, 300071, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Progress in Natural Science (2002), 12(4), 271-277

CODEN: PNASCA; ISSN: 1002-0071

PUBLISHER: Science in China Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:121038

IT 205937-83-3P 246532-24-1P 246532-31-0P

246532-32-1P 246532-33-2P 246532-34-3P

246532-35-4P 246532-36-5P 349450-90-4P

349450-91-5P 349450-92-6P 349450-93-7P

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349450-97-1P 349450-98-2P

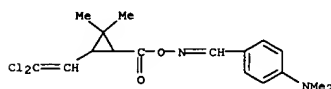
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

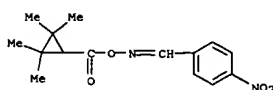
(preparation and insecticidal activities of)

RN 205937-83-3 CAPLUS

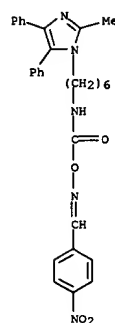
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[3-(2,2-dichloroethyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 246532-24-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 246532-31-0 CAPLUS

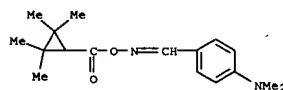


REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

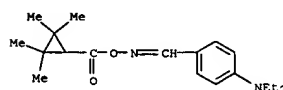
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L31 ANSWER 6 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

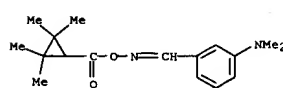
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



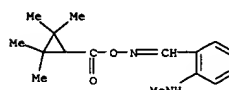
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CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



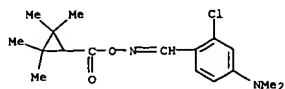
RN 246532-33-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



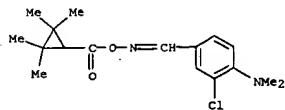
RN 246532-34-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-(methylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



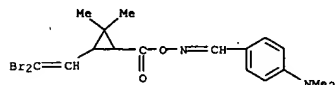
RN 246532-35-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



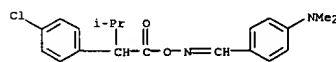
RN 246532-36-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 349450-90-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[3-(2,2-dibromoethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

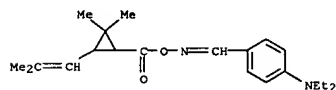


RN 349450-91-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

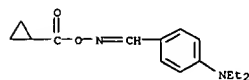


RN 349450-92-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

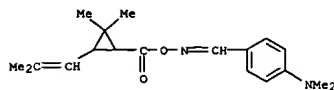
L31 ANSWER 6 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



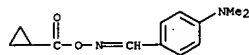
RN 349450-98-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



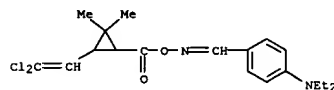
REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
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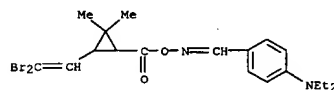
RN 349450-93-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



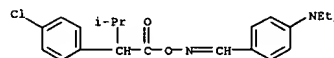
RN 349450-94-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 349450-95-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[3-(2,2-dibromoethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 349450-96-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

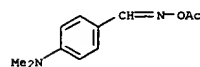


RN 349450-97-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-

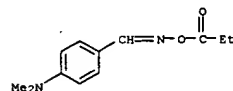
L31 ANSWER 7 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Fourteen novel title compds. 4-(RCOON:CH)C6H4N(CH3)2 (R = CH3, CH3CH2, ClCH2CH2, ClCH2, CH3CHCl, (CH3)2CH, (CH3)2CHCH2, CH2C(CH3), CH2:CHC(CH3)2CH2, 2,4-Cl2C6H3OCH(CH3), 4-ClC6H4OCH2, 4-(CH3)3CC6H4OCH(CH3), cyclopentyl) were synthesized. The bioassays indicated that title compds. (R = (CH3)2CH, (CH3)2CHCH2, 4-ClC6H4OCH2) possessed good insecticidal activity, compound showed significant fungicidal activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:143944 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:401508
TITLE: Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldoxime carboxylates. VI. Synthesis and bioactivity of 4-dimethylaminobenzaldoxime carboxylates
AUTHOR(S): Ma, Jun-an; Huang, Run-qiu; Chai, You-xin
CORPORATE SOURCE: State Key Lab. and Institute of Elemento-organic Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Yingyong Huaxue (2002), 19(2), 176-178
CODEN: YIHUED; ISSN: 1000-0518
PUBLISHER: Yingyong Huaxue Bianji Weiyuanhui
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Chinese
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:401508

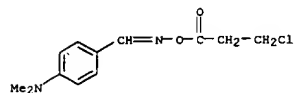
IT 3986-36-5P 431046-75-2P 431046-76-3P
431046-77-4P 431046-78-5P 431046-79-6P
431046-80-7P 431046-81-8P 431046-82-1P
431046-83-2P 431046-84-3P 431046-85-4P
431046-86-5P 431047-48-2P
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and bioactivity of substituted 4-dimethylaminobenzaldoxime carboxylates)
RN 3986-36-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



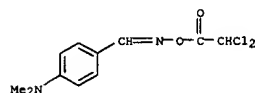
RN 431046-75-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



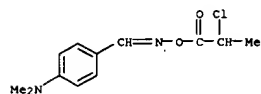
RN 431046-76-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(3-chloro-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



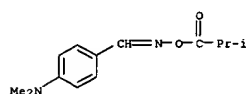
RN 431046-77-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(dichloroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



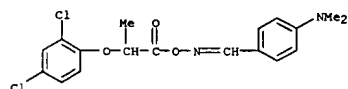
RN 431046-78-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(2-chloro-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



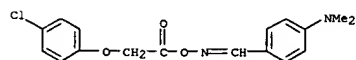
RN 431046-79-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



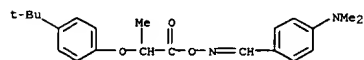
RN 431046-80-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



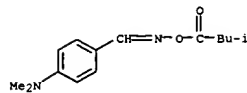
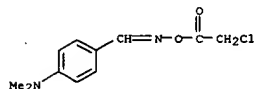
RN 431046-85-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



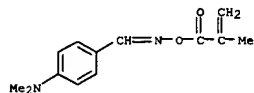
RN 431046-86-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



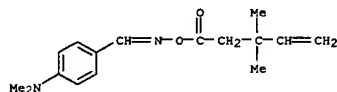
RN 431047-48-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(chloroacetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



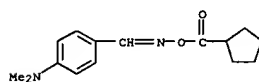
RN 431046-81-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 431046-82-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(3,3-dimethyl-1-oxo-4-pentenyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 431046-83-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(cyclopentylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



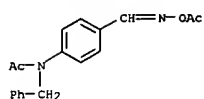
RN 431046-84-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

AB The invention relates to a photopolym. initiator of oxime ester for a photoresist composition, wherein the oxime is derivative of Ar1-C=N-OR1 (H) (R1 = cycloalkenyl, benzoyl, alkenyl; Ar1 = aryl, aryl). The photopolym. initiator provides the alkali-developable light-sensitive photoresist composition, which shows the improved storageability, of the high resolution and the good storageability.

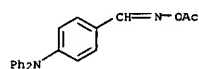
2001:752026 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:280493
TITLE: Photopolymerization initiator of oxime ester for light-sensitive photoresist composition
INVENTOR(S): Kunimoto, Kazuhiko; Oka, Hidetaka; Ohwa, Masaki; Tanabe, Junichi; Kura, Hisatoshi; Birbaum, Jean Luc
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Holding Inc.; Switz.
SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 171 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| FR 2802528 | A1 | 20010622 | FR 2000-16306 | 20001214 |
| TW 499411 | B | 20020821 | TW 2000-89123924 | 20001110 |
| NL 1016815 | A1 | 20010618 | NL 2000-1016815 | 20001206 |
| NL 1016815 | C2 | 20020514 | | |
| GB 2358017 | A1 | 20010711 | GB 2000-29793 | 20001207 |
| GB 2358017 | B2 | 20020313 | | |
| SE 2000004564 | A | 20020612 | SE 2000-4564 | 20001211 |
| SE 522774 | C2 | 20040302 | | |
| US 2001012596 | A1 | 20010809 | US 2000-734625 | 20001212 |
| JP 2001233842 | A2 | 20010828 | JP 2000-377671 | 20001212 |
| IT 1319688 | B1 | 20031023 | IT 2000-MI2676 | 20001212 |
| CA 2328376 | AA | 20010615 | CA 2000-2328376 | 20001213 |
| FI 2000002730 | A | 20010616 | FI 2000-2730 | 20001213 |
| DE 10061947 | A1 | 20010621 | DE 2000-10061947 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | A1 | 20021201 | ES 2000-2977 | 20001213 |
| ES 2177438 | B1 | 20041016 | | |
| DK 200001878 | A5 | 20010616 | DK 2000-1878 | 20001214 |
| BE 1013872 | A5 | 20021105 | BE 2000-789 | 20001214 |
| CN 1299812 | A | 20010620 | CN 2000-135980 | 20001215 |
| BR 2000006379 | A | 20010724 | BR 2000-6379 | 20001215 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: | | | EP 1999-811160 | A 19991215 |
| | | | EP 2000-810629 | A 20000717 |

IT 362624-53-1P 362624-79-1P
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
used in (light-sensitive color filter composition containing oxime esters optical imaging devices)
RN 362624-53-1 CAPLUS
CN Acetamide, N-[4-[(acetyloxy)imino]methyl]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 362624-79-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diphenylamino)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Twelve of novel substituted benzaldehyde oxime ester of pyrethroid acids were synthesized, and their insecticidal activities and fungicidal activities were examined

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:276318 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:88602

TITLE: Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime carboxylate (IV) synthesis and bioactivity of 4-dimethyl(ethyl)amine benzaldehyde oxime ester of pyrethroid acids

AUTHOR(S): Ma, Jun'an; Huang, Runqiu; Feng, Lei; Chai, Youxin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Elemento-organic Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Nongyaoxue Xuebao (1999), 1(3), 8-13
CODEN: NXOQAS; ISSN: 1008-7303

PUBLISHER: Nongyaoxue Xuebao Bianjibu
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Chinese

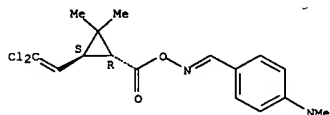
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:88602
IT 349450-99-3 349451-00-9 349451-01-0 349451-02-1

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime carboxylate - synthesis and bioactivity of 4-dimethyl(ethyl)amine benzaldehyde oxime ester of pyrethroid acids)

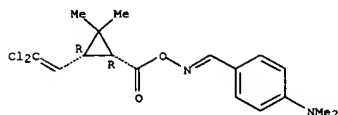
RN 349450-99-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[(1R,3S)-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



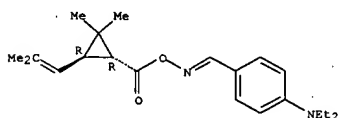
RN 349451-00-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[(1R,3R)-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



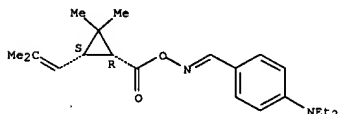
RN 349451-01-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[[(1R,3R)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.

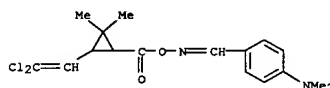


RN 349451-02-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[[(1R,3S)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

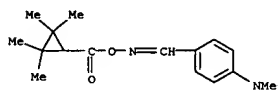
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



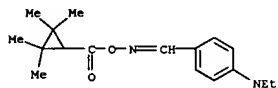
IT 205937-83-3P 246532-31-0P 246532-32-1P
349450-90-4P 349450-91-5P 349450-92-6P
349450-93-7P 349450-94-8P 349450-95-9P
349450-96-0P 349450-97-1P 349450-98-2P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime carboxylate - synthesis and bioactivity of 4-dimethyl(ethyl)amine benzaldehyde oxime ester of pyrethroid acids)
RN 205937-83-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



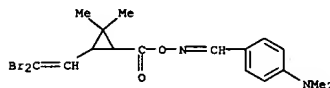
RN 246532-31-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



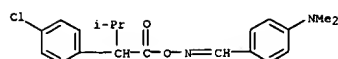
RN 246532-32-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[[[2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



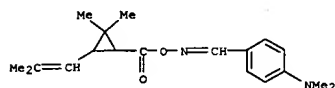
RN 349450-90-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[3-(2,2-dibromoethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



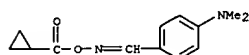
RN 349450-91-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-oxobutyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



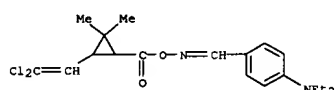
RN 349450-92-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-([2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



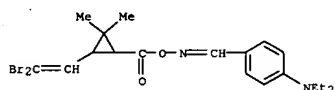
RN 349450-93-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



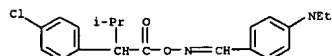
RN 349450-94-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-([3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



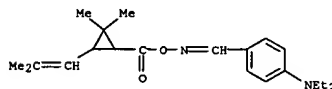
RN 349450-95-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-([3-(2,2-dibromoethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



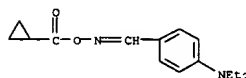
RN 349450-96-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1-



RN 349450-97-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-([2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propenyl)cyclopropyl]carbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



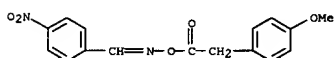
RN 349450-98-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A new safety catch linker for esters has been synthesized on polystyrene resin. This 2-tert-butoxyphenol resin may be acylated to give a relatively stable ester that will allow nucleophilic chemical without reaction at the linking ester group. Removal of the tert-Bu group with acid unmasks a highly reactive 2-hydroxyphenyl ester that reacts readily with nucleophiles to cause release of the product from the resin. This sequence has been exemplified by acylating the resin with various bromo acids, carrying out nucleophilic displacements with thiols, phenols, or amines, activating the ester with trifluoroacetic acid and cleaving from the resin with amines to give the (nucleophile) substituted carboxamides in high yield and purity. Kinetic studies with a model ester revealed half-lives for reaction with morpholine of 119 h for the

tert-butoxyphenyl ester and 1 min for the corresponding phenol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:172610 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:352969
 TITLE: The Preparation of a New "Safety Catch" Ester Linker for Solid-Phase Synthesis
 AUTHOR(S): Beech, Claire L.; Coope, John F.; Fairley, Gary; Gilbert, Philip S.; Main, Brian G.; Ple, Karen
 CORPORATE SOURCE: AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Macclesfield Cheshire, SK10 4TG, UK
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2001), 66(7), 2240-2245
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:352969
 IT 339306-03-SDP, polymer-supported
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (rate of reaction of polymer-supported esters with morpholine)
 RN 339306-03-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-((4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RECORD.

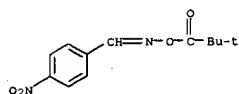
FORMAT

AB Photolyses of aldoxime esters, containing a considerable range of alkyl groups, lead to cleavage of their N-O bonds and formation of aryliminyl and alkyl radicals. The process was found to be favored by 4-methoxyacetophenone as a photosensitizer and by methoxy substituents in the aryl rings. 4-Nitro- and pentafluoro-substitutions of the aryl rings were, on the other hand, deleterious. The intermediate iminyl radicals, together with primary, secondary and tertiary alkyl radicals were characterized by 9 GHz EPR spectroscopy. Cyclopropyl, CF3, and CCl3 radicals were probably also formed, but were too reactive for direct EPR spectroscopic detection. Photosensitized reaction of benzophenone oxime O-nonanoyl ester produced the diphenylmethaniminoyl, as well as the expected n-octyl and iminyl radicals. This indicated that O-C bond scission accompanied O-N scission for this ketoxime ester. At higher temps. the C-centered radicals added to the starting oxime esters to produce alkoxyaminyl radicals that were also spectroscopically detected

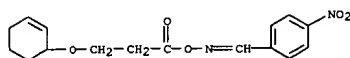
in some cases. No evidence for abstraction of the iminyl hydrogen by tert-butoxyl radicals was obtained. Instead, the t-BuO• radicals added to the C=N double bonds of the oxime esters. Similarly, chlorine abstraction from alkylbenzohydroximoyl chlorides by trimethyltin radicals did not take place. Preparative scale expts. with oxime esters

containing suitably unsatd. alkyl groups showed that good yields of cyclized products could be obtained in the presence of the photosensitizer. This process constitutes a general method by which carboxylic acids or acid chlorides can be converted into alkyl radicals and hence to cyclized derivs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:832599 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:178233
 TITLE: Exploitation of aldoxime esters as radical precursors in preparative and EPR spectroscopic roles
 AUTHOR(S): McCarroll, Andrew J.; Walton, John C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: University of St. Andrews, School of Chemistry, St Andrews, Fife, KY16 9ST, UK
 SOURCE: Perkin 2 (2000), (12), 2399-2409
 CODEN: PRKTFD; ISSN: 1470-1820
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:178233
 IT 326853-02-SP 326853-03-6P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (attempted photolysis; preparative and ESR studies of the photolysis of aldoxime esters as radical precursors)
 RN 326853-02-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 326853-03-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[3-(2-cyclohexen-1-yloxy)-1-oxopropyl]oxime
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

AB The synthesis of caged NADP analogs 18, 19, and 20 has been accomplished by utilizing the transglycosidase activity of solubilized NAD glycohydrolase (porcine brain) to incorporate caged nicotinamides 2, 3, and 4 into NADP. The synthesis of several nicotinamides modified at the carboxamide with o-nitrobenzyl photolabile groups is demonstrated as well as their potential for enzymic transglycosidation. These results further demonstrate the feasibility of direct enzymic transglycosidation of sterically hindered substrates into NAD(P), although high nicotinamide analog water solubility was found to be a necessary trait for yield enhancement.

with certain analogs. Caged analogs were surveyed under aqueous conditions for net NADP photorelease, while the UV and fluorescent properties of both

analog and their photobypproducts were assessed for compatibility with systems that rely on optical monitoring of enzyme activity. A highly water-soluble α-methyl-o-nitrobenzyl group 8 was developed for the synthesis of 20 in order to enhance net NADP photorelease. Compound 20 demonstrated a high 75% net NADP photoreleased without substantial UV optical blackening or fluorescent byproducts. Analogs 18 and 19 were shown by ESI/MALDI-MS to photogenerate primarily adducts of NADP with deleterious UV and fluorescent properties. Our work stresses the

superior release properties conferred by α-Me substitution on aqueous carboxamide photorelease from o-nitrobenzyl compds.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:380207 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:173856

TITLE: Enzymatic Synthesis of Caged NADP Cofactors: Aqueous NADP Photorelease and Optical Properties

AUTHOR(S): Salerno, Charles P.; Magde, Douglas; Patron, Andrew P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California at San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093-0506, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2000), 65(13), 3971-3981

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:173856

IT 288591-59-3P

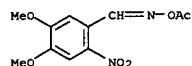
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(enzymic synthesis of caged NADP cofactors and aqueous NADP photorelease

and optical properties)

RN 288591-59-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4,5-dimethoxy-2-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 12 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
REFERENCE COUNT: 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

AB The second order rate coefficient k₂ for elimination reaction of (E)-2,4-(NO₂)₂C₆H₄CH=NO₂CC₆H₄X (X = H, p-MeO, m-Br, p-NO₂) to 2,4-(NO₂)₂C₆H₄CN + XC₆H₄CO₂- promoted by R₂NH [Bz(i-Pr)NH, i-Bu₂NH, i-Pr₂NH, 2,6-DMP] showed excellent correlation with pK_a of R₂NH on Bronsted plots, with β decreasing as the leaving group is made less basic. Similarly, k₂ correlated with the leaving group pK_a, with |β_{lg}| decreasing with the stronger base. The results are consistent with an E₂ mechanism; the substantial values of β and |β_{lg}| rule out E₁cb.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:655305 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:49664

TITLE: Elimination Reactions of (E)-2,4-Dinitrobenzaldehyde O-Benzoyloximes

AUTHOR(S): Cho, Bong Rae; Chung, Hack Sook; Pyun, Sang Yong

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Center for Electro- and Photo-Responsive Molecules, Korea University, Seoul, 136-701, S. Korea

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1999), 64(22), 8375-8378

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 252929-76-3P 252929-77-4P 252929-78-5P

252929-79-6P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);

RCT

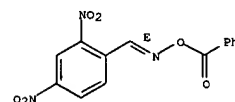
(Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(kinetics, mechanism, and transition state structure for elimination reaction of (E)-2,4-dinitrobenzaldehyde O-benzoyloximes)

RN 252929-76-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-, O-benzoyloxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

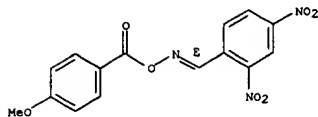
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 252929-77-4 CAPLUS

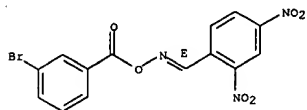
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-, O-(4-methoxybenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



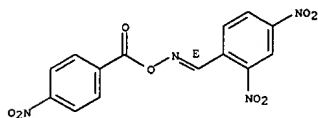
RN 252929-78-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-, O-(3-bromobenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 252929-79-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-, O-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

AB O-arylcarbamoylated hydroxylamine tosylate reacts with aldehydes at room temperature to give the corresponding O-carbamoylated oximes. The reaction of carbamoylated hydroxylamine with aromatic aldehydes in THF or in toluene at reflux affords the corresponding nitriles and anilinium tosylate in high yield. Attempts to cyclize the O-carbamoylated oximes in the presence of AcCl lead again to the formation of nitriles.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:631975 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:3107

TITLE: Direct conversion of aldehydes to nitriles via O-phenylcarbamoylated aldoximes

AUTHOR(S): Coskun, Necdet; Arkan, Nevin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Uludag University, Bursa, 16059, Turk.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1999), 55(40), 11943-11948

CODEN: TETRAH; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:3107

IT 250722-20-4#

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

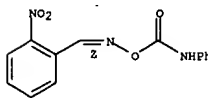
(direct conversion of aldehydes to nitriles via O-phenylcarbamoylated aldoximes)

RN 250722-20-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxime, [C(Z)]- (9CI)

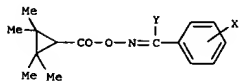
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

GI



AB Twenty new substituted benzaldehyde oxime tetramethylcyclopropane carboxylates I (X = H, 4-C₆H₅O₂C₆H₄, 4-CH₃, 4-(CH₃)₂CH, 4-(CH₃)₃C, 4-Cl, 4-NO₂, 4-NMe₂, 2-Cl-4-NMe₂, 3,5-Cl₂NMe₂; Y = H, Cl, CN; etc.) were prepared

and tested as pesticides. The preliminary bioassays indicated that compds. I (X = 4-Me₂N, 4-Et₂N; Y = H) showed high insecticidal activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:532271 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:286241

TITLE: Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime carboxylates. (III) - Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime tetramethylcyclopropanecarboxylates

Ma, Jun-An; Huang, Run-Qiu; Chai, You-Xin
Inst. State Key Elemento-organic Chemistry, Nankai Univ., Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China

Goedeng XueXiao Huaxue Xuebao (1999), 20(5), 747-749

CODEN: KTHPDM; ISSN: 0251-0790

PUBLISHER: Goedeng Jiaoyu Chubanshe

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

IT 246532-24-1P 246532-31-0P 246532-32-1P

246532-33-2P 246532-34-3P 246532-35-4P

246532-36-5P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except

adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic

preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

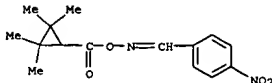
(preparation of O-tetramethylcyclopropanecarbonyl benzoyloximes as

pesticides)

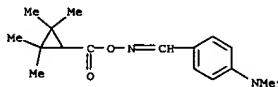
RN 246532-24-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

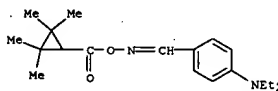


RN 246532-31-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



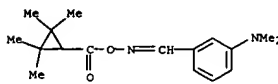
RN 246532-32-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



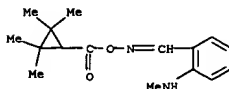
RN 246532-33-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



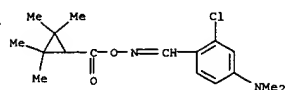
RN 246532-34-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2-(methylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

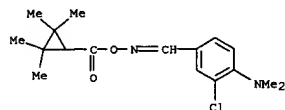


RN 246532-35-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

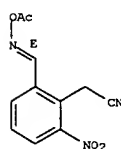


RN 246532-36-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-chloro-4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropyl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

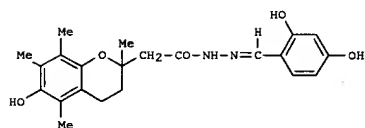


L31 ANSWER 16 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The N-alkyl- and N-arylisoquinolinium salts reacted with free NH₂OH in pyridine to give isoquinoline 2-oxide as final product. The intermediate dioxime 2-HON:CHC6H4CH2CH:NOH (I) was isolated and characterized by derivatization with Ac₂O to 2-ACON:CHC6H4CH2CN. From the reaction of I with (CF₃CO)₂O/Et₃N, 3-aminoisoquinoline 2-oxide resulted after hydrolysis. Due to the electronic influence, N-alkylated 5-nitroisoquinolinium salts react faster than the resp. 5-hydroxy derivs., but with the same course of conversion via dioximes to amine oxides. An optimized method for preparation of the amine oxides was developed.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:282639 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:58739
 TITLE: Reactions of isoquinolinium salts with hydroxylamine derivatives. 2nd communication. N-Alkyl- and N-aryl-substituted compounds
 AUTHOR(S): Mohrle, H.; Nieesen, R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharmazeutische Chem., Heinrich-Heine-Univ., Dusseldorf, D-40225, Germany
 SOURCE: Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, B: Chemical Sciences (1999), 54(4), 532-540
 CODEN: ZNBSEN; ISSN: 0932-0776
 PUBLISHER: Verlag der Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:58739
 IT 227945-28-0P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of isoquinoline oxides from reaction of isoquinolinium salts with hydroxylamine)
 RN 227945-28-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzeneacetonitrile, 2-[(E)-[(acetyloxy)imino]methyl]-6-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



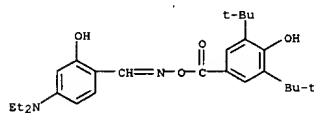
REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



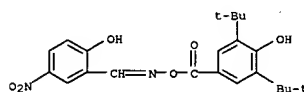
AB The title compds. XWY [X = benzene ring, chroman ring, etc.; Y = (un)substituted Ph, etc.; W = CONHN:CH, etc.] are prepared The title compound
 I in vitro showed IC₅₀ of 4.2 μM against the Maillard reaction.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:253739 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:325088
 TITLE: Preparation of acylhydrazone derivatives as Maillard reaction inhibitors and active oxygen scavengers
 INVENTOR(S): Inoue, Hitoshi; Horigome, Masato; Kinoshita, Nobuhiro;
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shibayama, Toshie
 SOURCE: Nisshin Flour Milling Co., Ltd., Japan
 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 80 pp.
 CODEN: JIKXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 1106371 | A2 | 19990420 | JP 1998-177222 | 19980624 |
| | | | JP 1997-179754 | A 19970704 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:325088
 IT 223723-34-0P 223723-35-1P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of acylhydrazone derivs. as Maillard reaction inhibitors and active oxygen scavengers)
 RN 223723-34-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-2-hydroxy-, O-[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxybenzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 223723-35-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-hydroxy-5-nitro-, O-[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxybenzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 18 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Elimination reactions of (E)- and (Z)-benzaldehyde O-benzoyloximes 1 and 2

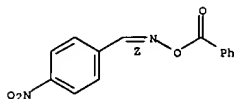
with DBU in MeCN have been investigated kinetically. The reactions are second order and exhibit substantial values of Hammett ρ and k_H/k_D values, and an E2 mechanism is evident. The rate of elimination from 2 is approx. 36000 fold faster than that from 1. For reactions of 1 with DBU in MeCN, $k_H/k_D = 3.3 \pm 0.2$, Hammett ρ value of 2.19 ± 0.05 , $\log k = -0.49 \pm 0.02$, $\Delta H_{thermod.} = 10.4 \pm 0.6$ kcal/mol, and $\Delta S_{thermod.} = -34.3 \pm 2.6$ eu have been determined. The corresponding values for 2 are $k_H/k_D = 7.3 \pm 0.2$, $\rho = 1.21 \pm 0.05$, $\log k = -0.40 \pm 0.01$, $\Delta H_{thermod.} = 6.8 \pm 0.5$ kcal/mol, and $\Delta S_{thermod.} = -25.8 \pm 1.9$ eu, resp. The results indicate that the anti-eliminations from 2 proceed via more sym. transition states with smaller degrees of proton transfer and π -OC(O)Ar bond cleavage, less neg. charge development at the β -carbon, and a greater extent of triple bond formation than that for the syn-elimination.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:446769 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:135759
 TITLE: Elimination Reactions of (E)- and (Z)-Benzaldehyde O-Benzoyloximes. Transition State Differences for the Syn- and Anti-Eliminations Forming Nitriles
 AUTHOR(S): Cho, Bong Rae; Chung, Hak Suk; Cho, Nam Soon
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Korea University, Seoul, 136-701, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1998), 63(14), 4685-4690
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 18322-89-9P 210645-51-5P 210645-52-6P
 210645-53-7P 210645-54-6P 210645-65-1P
 210645-66-2P 210645-67-3P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);

RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (syn- and anti-elimination transition state differences for nitrile formation from (E)- and (Z)-benzaldehyde O-benzoyloximes)

RN 18322-89-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, [C(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

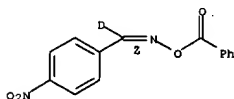
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 210645-51-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde-formyl-d, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

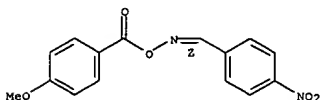
L31 ANSWER 18 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 210645-65-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde-formyl-d, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, [C(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



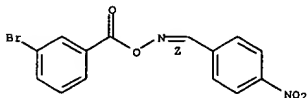
RN 210645-66-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(4-methoxybenzoyl)oxime, [C(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 210645-67-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(3-bromobenzoyl)oxime, [C(Z)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

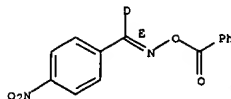
Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

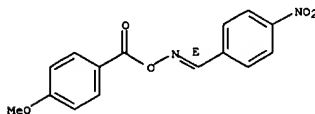
FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 18 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 Double bond geometry as shown.



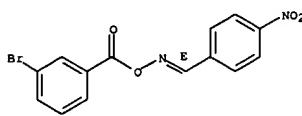
RN 210645-52-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(4-methoxybenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



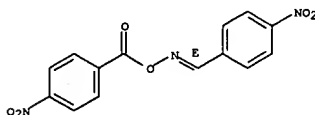
RN 210645-53-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(3-bromobenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

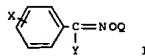


RN 210645-54-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 19 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI

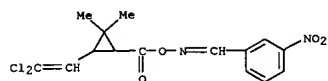


AB Twenty title pyrethroid oxime-esters I (X = 4-tert-Bu, 3,4-OCH2O, 2,4-Cl2, 3-NO2, 4-NMe2; Y = H, NMe2, NHET, N(CH2)5, 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl, cyclohexylamino, C6H5NH, NH2, NMe2; Q as shown) were prepared from t-BuOCl chlorination of I (Q = H; X as above) followed by condensation with QCl in the presence of Et3N. The bioassay indicated that compds. I (X = 4-tert-Bu, 4-NMe2; Y = H; Q as shown) showed antiviral activities and I (X = 4-Cl; Y = H; Q as shown) showed antibacterial activity.

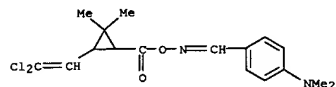
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:207620 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:294898
 TITLE: Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde oxime carboxylate. I. Synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropanecarboxylates
 AUTHOR(S): Huang, Runqiu; Sun, Jianyu; Ma, Jun'an; Li, Huiying
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Elemento-Organic Chem., Nankai Univ., Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Yingyong Huaxue (1998), 15(1), 9-12
 CODEN: YIHUED; ISSN: 1000-0518
 PUBLISHER: Yingyong Huaxue Bianji Weiuanhui
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 IT 205937-81-1P 205937-83-3P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and bioactivity of substituted benzaldehyde carboxylate derivs.)

RN 205937-81-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



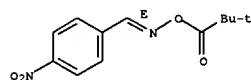
RN 205937-83-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[3-(2,2-dichloroethyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropyl]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 20 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Elimination reactions of (E)-2,4-dinitrobenzaldehyde O-pivaloyloxime promoted by R₂NH/R₂NH₂⁺ buffer in 70% MeCN(aq) have been studied kinetically. The reaction exhibited second order kinetics and general base catalysis with Bronsted β=0.45. The Hammett ρ value decreased from 2.3 to 1.6 as the base-solvent system was changed from DBU in MeCN to R₂NH/R₂NH₂⁺ buffer in 70% MeCN(aq). From these results an E2 mechanism is proposed.

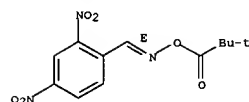
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:47440 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:167060
 TITLE: Mechanism of elimination from (E)-2,4-dinitrobenzaldehyde O-pivaloyloxime promoted by R₂NH/R₂NH₂⁺ buffer in 70% MeCN (aq)
 AUTHOR(S): Cho, Bong Rae; Cho, Nam Soon; Chung, Hak Suk; Son, Ki Nam; Han, Man So; Pyun, Sang Yong
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Korea University, Seoul, 136-701, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Bulletin of the Korean Chemical Society (1997), 18(12), 1301-1304
 CODEN: BKCSDE; ISSN: 0253-2964
 PUBLISHER: Korean Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 149540-92-1
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (mechanism of elimination from (E)-2,4-dinitrobenzaldehyde O-pivaloyloxime promoted by R₂NH/R₂NH₂⁺ buffer in 70% MeCN (aq))
 RN 149540-92-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

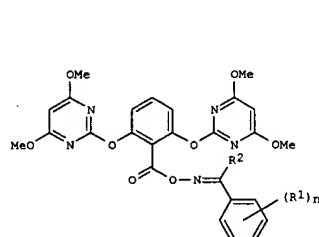


IT 203127-48-4P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (mechanism of elimination from (E)-2,4-dinitrobenzaldehyde O-pivaloyloxime promoted by R₂NH/R₂NH₂⁺ buffer in 70% MeCN (aq))
 RN 203127-48-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,4-dinitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT



AB The title compds. I [R₁ represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkylthio, amino which can be substituted with alkyl, aryl, aryloxy, acyl or acyloxy; n denotes an integer of 1 to 5; and R₂ represents hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkoxy, carbonyl, alkenyloxy, carbonyl, arylmethoxycarbonyl, heteroarylmethoxy carbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, di(alkyl)aminocarbonyl, arylmethyaminocarbonyl, heteroarylmethylaminocarbonyl, or Ph which can be substituted with R₁] are prepared by reacting

2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxy-6-hydroxybenzoic acid oxime ester derivs. with appropriate pyrimidine derivs., e.g., 4,6-dimethoxy-2-alkylsulfonylpyrimidine. Thus, a mixture of 2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxy-6-hydroxybenzoic acid benzophenone oxime ester, potassium carbonate, and 4,6-dimethoxy-2-methylsulfonylpyrimidine in DMF was stirred at 80° to give, after workup, 2,6-di(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid benzophenone oxime ester.

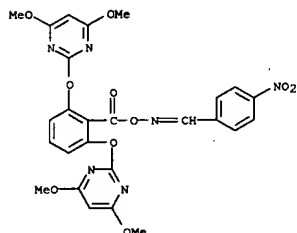
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:734617 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:318973
 TITLE: Process for preparing 2,6-di(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid oxime ester derivatives as herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Kim, Kun-Tai; Lee, Byoung-Bae; Joe, Goon-Ho; Ahn, Sei-Chang; Kang, Chang-Mo; Lee, Seong-Min; Bae, Jae-Soon; Cho, Jin-Ho; Lee, Sang-Ho; Choi, Nak-Hae; Sa, Jong-Sin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lg Chemical Ltd., S. Korea
 SOURCE: Can. Pat. Appl., 65 pp.
 CODEN: CPXKEB
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | |

L31 ANSWER 21 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 CA 2194080 AA 19970629 CA 1996-2194080 19961227
 CA 2194080 C 20000418
 KR 209293 B1 19990715 KR 1996-2737 19960205
 KR 212636 B1 19990802 KR 1996-61015 19961202
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 1995-61160 A 19951228
 KR 1996-2737 A 19960205
 KR 1996-43480 A 19961001

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:318973; MARPAT 127:318973

IT 168088-55-9P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (process for preparing herbicidal di[(dimethoxypyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoic acid oxime ester derivs.)
 RN 168088-55-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[2,6-bis[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

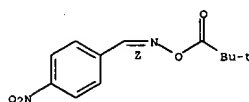


L31 ANSWER 22 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Elimination reactions of (E)- and (Z)-benzaldehyde O-pivaloyloximes 1 and 2 with DBU in MeCN have been investigated kinetically. The reactions are second order and exhibit substantial values of Hammett ρ and kH/kD values, and an E2 mechanism is evident. The rate of elimination from 2 is approx. 20 000-fold faster than that from 1. For reactions of 1 with DBU in MeCN, a Hammett ρ values of 2.4 ± 0.1 , $kH/kD = 2.7 \pm 0.3$, $\Delta H_{thermod.} = 12.5 \pm 0.2$ kcal/mol, and $\Delta S_{thermod.} = -31.0 \pm 0.6$ eu have been determined. The corresponding values for 2 are $\rho = 1.4 \pm 0.1$, $kH/kD = 7.8 \pm 0.3$, $\Delta H_{thermod.} = 8.8 \pm 0.1$ kcal/mol, and $\Delta S_{thermod.} = -23.6 \pm 0.4$ eu, resp. The results indicate that the nitrile-forming anti eliminations from 2 proceed via a more sym. transition state with a smaller degree of proton transfer, less neg. charge development at the β -carbon, and greater extent of triple-bond formation than that for the syn elimination.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:231039 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:263711
 TITLE: Elimination Reactions of (E)- and (Z)-Benzaldehyde O-Pivaloyloximes. Transition-State Differences for the
 the
 AUTHOR(S): Syn and Anti Eliminations Forming Nitriles
 Cho, Bong Rae; Cho, Nam Soon; Lee, Sang Kook
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Korea University, Seoul, 136-701, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(7), 2230-2233
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

IT 188799-40-8P
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (transition-state differences for syn and anti eliminations forming nitriles from (E)- and (Z)-benzaldehyde O-pivaloyloximes)
 RN 188799-40-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, (Z)- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

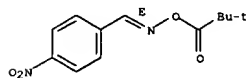
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 149540-92-1
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (transition-state differences for syn and anti eliminations forming nitriles from (E)- and (Z)-benzaldehyde O-pivaloyloximes)
 RN 149540-92-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, [(E)]- (9CI)

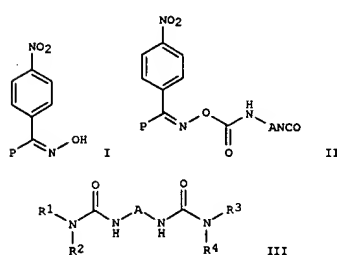
L31 ANSWER 22 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT

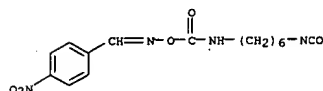
L31 ANSWER 23 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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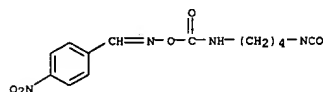
AB A general method for preparation of bis(ureas) was developed from oxime resin-derived carbamates of diisocyanates. Thus, monoaddn. of diisocyanates a polymer-supported 4-nitrobenzaldehyde oxime I (P = polymer support) gave isocyanates II (P = polymer support; A = alkanediyl). Treatment of II with amines gave the alkanediylbis(ureas) III (R1-R4 = alkyl, cyclohexylmethyl, 4-morpholinyl, etc.). Directional urea synthesis was achieved by sequential amine addition which demonstrated the utility of thermolabile oxime-derived carbamate linkages to a polymer support. The products, obtained in good yield in three steps, were of high chemical purity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:683459 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:74337
 TITLE: Diisocyanates as scaffolds for combinatorial libraries. The solid-phase synthesis of bis(ureas) from polymer-supported diisocyanates
 Scialdone, Mark A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: DuPont Central Res. and Development, Wilmington, DE, 19880-0328, USA
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1996), 37(45), 8141-8144
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 185432-96-GDP, polymer-supported 185432-97-7DP, polymer-supported 185432-98-8DP, polymer-supported 185432-99-9DP, polymer-supported 185433-00-5DP, polymer-supported 185433-01-6DP, polymer-supported
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of alkanediylbis(ureas) from polymer-supported diisocyanates)

L31 ANSWER 23 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 185432-96-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[6-isocyanatoethyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

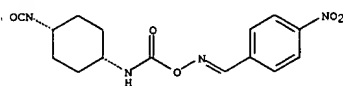


RN 185432-97-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[4-isocyanatobutyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

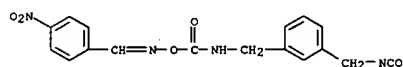


RN 185432-98-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[4-isocyanatocyclohexyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry unknown.

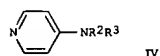


RN 185432-99-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[3-(isocyanatomethyl)phenyl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 185433-00-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[1-[3-(1-isocyanato-1-methylethyl)phenyl]-1-methylethyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 24 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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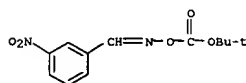
AB RICH: NOC(O)OR4 [I: R1 = acyl, (substituted) hydrocarbyl, (substituted) heterocyclyl; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl] are prepared by reaction of RICH: NOH (II: R1 = same as I) with R4OC(O)OC(O)OR4 (III: R4 = same as I) in presence of 0.01-5 mol.% (based on II) aminopyridines IV (R2, R3 = alkyl, aryl; R2R3 may form ring). II (R1 = Ph) was treated with III (R4 =

CH3) and IV (R2 = R3 = Me) in CH2Cl2 at 20° for 8 h to give 97.7% I (R1 = Ph, R4 = CH3).
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:523557 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:167339
 TITLE: Preparation of aldoxime carbonates
 INVENTOR(S): Iwasaki, Fumiaki; Mitsuharu, Michiko
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokuyama Corp, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKKXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

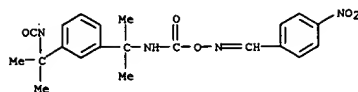
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 08151357 | A2 | 19960611 | JP 1994-291593 | 19941125 |
| JP 3295258 | B2 | 20020624 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-291593 19941125
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:167339; MARPAT 125:167339
 IT 180308-36-5P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (Preparation of aldoxime carbonates from aldoximes and dicarbonates

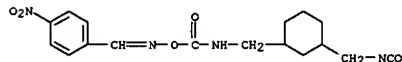
with aminopyridine catalysts)
 RN 180308-36-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[[1,1-dimethylethoxy]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 23 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



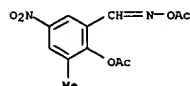
RN 185433-01-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[[3-(isocyanatomethyl)cyclohexyl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

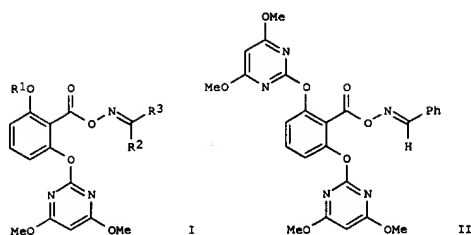


L31 ANSWER 25 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Optically active salicyloxazolines were obtained by condensation of salicylcarboximides with chiral aminoalcs. In the enantioselective copper-catalyzed cyclopropanation of styrene with Et diazoacetate optical inductions up to 60% ee were achieved with these ligands. An example ligand is (4S-cis)-4,5-dihydro-2-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4-oxazolomethanol. Low asym. induction was obtained with 2-[[[1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]imino]methyl]phenol as ligand.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:847417 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:86845
 TITLE: Enantioselective catalysis. 971. Optically active salicyloxazoline ligands in enantioselective copper-catalyzed cyclopropanation reactions
 AUTHOR(S): Brunner, Henri; Berghofer, Josef
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Anorganische Chemie, Universitaet Regensburg, Universitaetsstrasse 31, Regensburg, 93053, Germany
 SOURCE: Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1995), 501(1-2), 161-6
 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:86845
 IT 172532-29-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (chiral (hydroxyphenyl)oxazolomethanols as ligands for copper-catalyzed cyclopropanation)
 RN 172532-29-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-(acetyloxy)-3-methyl-5-nitro-, 1-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

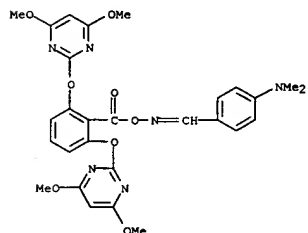




AB The invention relates to novel herbicidal pyrimidine derivs. I [R1 = 4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, acyl, alkylsulfonyl or heteroarylmethyl; R2 = H, halo, cyano, NO2, C1-8 alkyl, C1-8 alkoxy, C1-8 alkythio, C1-8 alkoxyacarbonyl, C2-4 alkenyloxyacarbonyl, (hetero)arylmethoxycarbonyl, C1-4 alkylaminocarbonyl, aryl-C1-4 alkylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylmethylaminocarbonyl, aryl, C2-8 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, PhCH2, aryloxy, arylthio, or C1-8 alkylcarbonyl; R3 = (un)substituted Ph, COR4; R4 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, PhCH2, aryl, C1-4 alkoxy, C2-4 alkenyloxy, C3-6 cycloalkoxy, PhCH2O, aryloxy, C1-4 alkythio, C2-4 alkenylthio, C3-6 cycloalkylthio, PhCH2S, arylthio, amino which can be substituted with C1-C4 alkyl or aryl or arylmethyl], as well as a process for their preparation, and their herbicidal compns. I have excellent activity against both narrow- and broadleaf weeds, with increased safety for crops (especially directly sown rice). For example, 2,6-bis(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid was treated with 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide and PPh3 in PhMe to give 90% of the corresponding 2-pyridyl thioester, which reacted with benzaldehyde oxime in CH2Cl2 in the presence of CuBr2 to give 85% title compound II.

At 63 g/ha postemergence under paddy field conditions, II gave complete control of 7 weeds with no damage to direct-sown rice seedlings. Characterizing phys. and herbicidal data for 73 compds. are given.

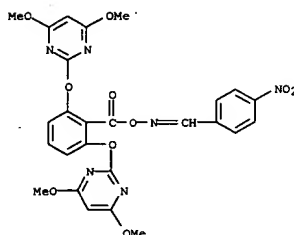
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:810566 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:228208
TITLE: Pyrimidine derivatives, process for their preparation, and their use as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Woo; Lim, Young Hee; Rim, Jae Suk; Kim, Jeong Su; Chae, Sang Heon
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 54 pp.



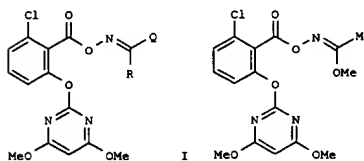
DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: EPXXDW
LANGUAGE: Patent
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: English
PATENT INFORMATION: 1

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 658549 | A1 | 19950621 | EP 1994-117857 | 19941111 |
| EP 658549 | B1 | 20010523 | | |
| R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI, NL | | | | |
| KR 9701480 | B1 | 19970206 | KR 1993-24099 | 19931113 |
| KR 120271 | B1 | 19971104 | KR 1993-30055 | 19931227 |
| KR 120270 | B1 | 19971104 | KR 1993-31016 | 19931229 |
| US 5521146 | A | 19960528 | US 1994-339249 | 19941110 |
| BR 9404436 | A | 19951017 | BR 1994-4436 | 19941111 |
| CN 1111623 | A | 19951115 | CN 1994-117926 | 19941111 |
| CN 1043885 | B | 19990630 | | |
| AU 9478812 | A1 | 19950608 | AU 1994-78812 | 19941114 |
| AU 673629 | B2 | 19961114 | | |
| JP 07196629 | A2 | 19950801 | JP 1994-279506 | 19941114 |
| JP 2517215 | B2 | 19960724 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | KR 1993-24099 | A 19931113 |
| | | | KR 1993-30055 | A 19931227 |
| | | | KR 1993-31016 | A 19931229 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:228208; MARPAT 123:228208
IT 168088-55-9P 168088-63-9P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of pyrimidine derivs. as herbicides)
RN 168088-55-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[2,6-bis(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 168088-63-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[2,6-bis(4,6-dimethoxy-2-



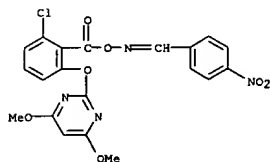
AB New 6-chloro-2-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoates [[2-[[[(alkyleneamino)oxy]carbonyl]-1-chloro-3-phenoxy]pyrimidines] I (R = H, halo, cyano, etc.; Q = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.) were disclosed. I were claimed as herbicides. An example compound 2-[1-chloro-[[[(1-methoxyethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenoxy]-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine (II) was prepared

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:605344 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:205344
TITLE: Novel 6-chloro-2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)oxybenzoic acid ester derivatives, processes for their production and their application as herbicides.
INVENTOR(S): Hur, Chang Uk; Cho, Jin Ho; Lee, Ho Seong; Yoo, Sang Ku; Hong, Su Myeong; Kim, Hong Woo; Rim, Jae Suk; Bae, Yeong Tae; Chae, Sang Heon; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lucky Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 82 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: EPXXDW
LANGUAGE: Patent
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: English
PATENT INFORMATION: 1

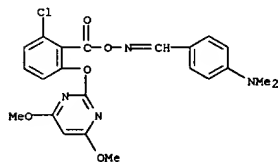
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 608862 | A1 | 19940803 | EP 1994-101132 | 19940126 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE | | | | |
| KR 9603323 | B1 | 19960308 | KR 1993-1017 | 19930127 |
| KR 9612180 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10097 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612179 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10098 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612181 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10099 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612194 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10100 | 19930604 |
| KR 9612195 | B1 | 19960916 | KR 1993-10101 | 19930604 |
| CN 1101345 | A | 19950412 | CN 1994-102665 | 19940126 |
| US 5494888 | A | 19960227 | US 1994-186589 | 19940126 |
| BR 9400365 | A | 19940816 | BR 1994-365 | 19940127 |
| JP 07149735 | A2 | 19950613 | JP 1994-7824 | 19940127 |
| JP 2543665 | B2 | 19961016 | | |

L31 ANSWER 27 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 IN 182571 A 19990508 IN 1994-DE86 19940128
 IN 183197 A 19991002 IN 1994-DE1445 19941111
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 1993-1017 A 19930127
 KR 1993-10097 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10098 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10099 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10100 A 19930604
 KR 1993-10101 A 19930604
 EP 1994-101132 A 19940126

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:205344
 IT 157990-17-5P 157990-18-6P 157990-32-4P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
 RN 157990-17-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 157990-18-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



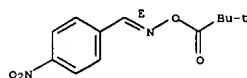
RN 157990-32-4 CAPLUS

L31 ANSWER 28 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Elimination reactions of (E)-O-pivaloylbenzaldoximes promoted by Et3N-MeCN, tert-BuOK-tert-BuOH, and tert-BuOK-DMSO have been studied kinetically. The reactions produce benzonitrile quant. The reactions are second-order and exhibit substantial values of α , β , and kH/kD , and an E2 mechanism is evident. The relative rates of elimination from (E)-O-pivaloylbenzaldoxime were 1, 14.8, and 4.31×10^4 for the above systems, resp. The kH/kD value increased, but the Hammett ρ value increased and then decreased, with this change in the base-solvent system. These results are compared with the predictions of the More O'Ferrall-Jencks reaction coordinate diagram to assess its scope and limitations in the interpretation of the elimination reactions.

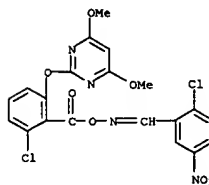
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:516591 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:116591
 TITLE: Elimination reactions of (E)-O-pivaloylbenzaldoximes
 AUTHOR(S): Cho, Bong Rae; Jang, Wan Jin; Je, Jong Tae; Bartsch, Richard A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Korea Univ., Seoul, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1993), 58(15), 3901-4
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 149540-92-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (elimination reaction of, kinetics of)

RN 149540-92-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropyl)oxime, [C(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 27 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-chloro-5-nitro-, O-[2-chloro-6-[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)oxy]benzoyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

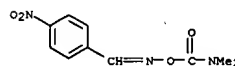


L31 ANSWER 29 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Thermal decomposition of syn-RCH:NOCONMe2 [I: R = 2-pyridyl, 4-C6H4NO2, Ph,

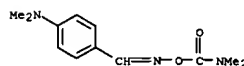
4-C6H4NMe2, 2,4- or 2,5-C6H3(OMe)2, 2-methyl- or 2-methoxy-4-dimethylaminophenyl, 2-methoxy-1-naphthyl] and syn-RCH:NOBz [II: R = Ph, 4-C6H4OMe, 2,4-C6H3(OMe)2, 2- or 4-methoxy-1-naphthyl, 1,5-C10H6SO2Net2, 2-benzoyloxy-1-naphthyl] at 80-130° was kinetically studied. The decomposition was 1st-order for both I and II, and electron donating groups and substituents at the ortho position increased the reaction rates. Activation entropy values for I and II were very different and, hence, different decomposition mechanisms were proposed: β -elimination with syn/anti isomerization for I and concerted elimination via a cyclic 6-membered ring transition for II.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:469340 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:69340
 TITLE: Reaction control of thermal decomposition of aromatic aldoxime derivatives as heat decomposing precursor compounds
 AUTHOR(S): Kawata, Ken; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi; Sato, Kozo; Yabuki, Yoshiharu
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ashigara Res. Lab., Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Kanagawa, 250-01, Japan
 SOURCE: Senryo to Yakuhin (1992), 37(2), 33-40
 CODEN: SETYAL; ISSN: 0370-9671
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 IT 93369-36-9 93369-38-1 95186-87-1
 142554-04-9
 RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (thermal decomposition of, kinetics of, substituent effect and mechanism in relation to)

RN 93369-36-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

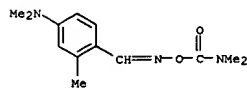


RN 93369-38-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

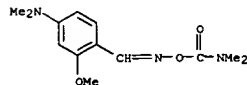


RN 95186-87-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-2-methyl-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 29 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)
e (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 142554-04-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-2-methoxy-, O-
[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 30 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB The title materials contain a thermally decolorizable dye I or II (R, R1

= aryl, heteroaryl, R and R1 may form a ring; R2 = alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; A = 5- or 6-membered ring; (all the groups, rings, and the benzoquinone ring of II may be substituted; X- = monovalent anion). The materials provide decolorized images on heating. Thus, a poly(ethylene terephthalate) film was coated with a heat-sensitive layer containing

III to give a blue thermal recording film.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:52979 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:52979
TITLE: Recording materials using thermally decolorizable dyes
INVENTOR(S): Sato, Koza
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 02164590 | A2 | 19900625 | JP 1988-320164 | 19881219 |
| JP 07084104 | B4 | 19950913 | | |
| US 4981833 | A | 19910101 | US 1989-452650 | 19891219 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1988-320164 A 19881219

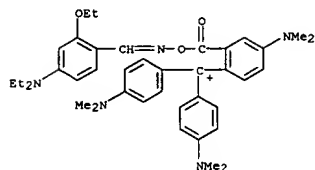
IT 131420-03-6P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, thermally decolorizable dye, thermal recording material using)

RN 131420-03-6 CAPLUS
CN Methylum,
[2-[[[4-(diethylamino)-2-ethoxyphenyl]methylene]amino]oxy]carbonyl-4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 131420-02-5
CMF C39 H48 N5 O3

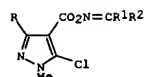
L31 ANSWER 30 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



CM 2
CRN 14874-70-5
CMF B F4
CCI CCS



L31 ANSWER 31 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
GI



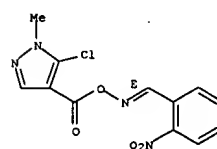
AB A series of novel 1,3-substituted 5-chloropyrazole-4-carboxylic acid oxime esters I (R = H, Me; R1 = H, Me, Et; R2 = Ph, Me, substituted Ph; R1R2 = cyclohexylidene) was synthesized. Their chemical structures were elucidated by 1H, 13C-NMR and IR spectra. Fifteen such compds. were screened for their antifungal activity. The results showed that pyrazole oxime esters with electron withdrawing groups had better biol. activities than those with electron releasing groups.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:23855 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:23855
TITLE: Synthesis and antifungal activity of 1,3-substituted 5-chloropyrazole-4-carboxylic acid oxime esters
AUTHOR(S): Khim, Yong Whan; Park, Chi Hyun; Choi, Weon Seok; Kwon, Young Chil; Park, Chang Kyu
CORPORATE SOURCE: OCI Res. Cent., Incheon, S. Korea
SOURCE: Han'guk Nonghwa Hakhoechi (1989), 32(4), 401-7
CODEN: JKACA7; ISSN: 0368-2897
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Korean

IT 131141-96-3P 131142-06-8P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and fungicidal activity of)

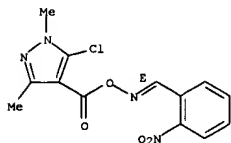
RN 131141-96-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[(5-chloro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



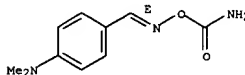
RN 131142-06-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[(5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 31 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Double bond geometry as shown.



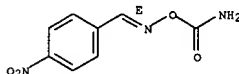
L31 ANSWER 32 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were assigned for a series of O-carbamoyloximes of ortho- and para-substituted benzaldehyde. These compounds exist exclusively in the E configuration. The aromatic protons and carbons show correlations with the appropriate substituent-induced shifts and with Hammett parameters.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:405571 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:5571
TITLE: Proton and carbon-13 NMR studies of some O-carbamoyloximes
AUTHOR(S): Wazeer, Mohammed I. M.; Ali, S. A.; Arab, Mohammed
CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Dep., King Fahd Univ. Pet. Miner., Dhahran, 31261, Saudi Arabia
SOURCE: Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry (1989), 27(11), 1102-4
CODEN: MRCHEG; ISSN: 0749-1581
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 127479-16-7 127479-17-8
RL: PRP (Properties)
(proton and carbon-13 NMR of)
RN 127479-16-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(aminocarbonyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 127479-17-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(aminocarbonyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

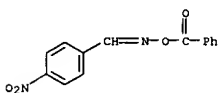


L31 ANSWER 33 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A photothermog. material has 21 shielding layers which temporarily shield acid activity. The shielding layers may contain a fusible agent or a substance which is dissolved in or expanded with the fusible agent under heat-developing temperature. The photothermog. material shows improved heat-developing stability and storage stability.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:501932 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:101932
TITLE: Photothermographic material with improved heat-developing stability and storage stability
INVENTOR(S): Goto, Sohei; Komamura, Tawara; Kono, Junichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

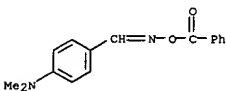
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 63004233 | A2 | 19880109 | JP 1986-147284 | 19860624 |
| JP 08012412 | B4 | 19960207 | | |

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 1986-147284 19860624

IT 3848-35-9 4058-69-9
RL: USES (Uses)
(acid precursor, fusible agent containing, for photothermog. material)
RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

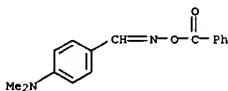


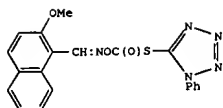
L31 ANSWER 34 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A photothermog. material comprising a support, photosensitive Ag halide, color-formers, a reducing agent, a binder, and microcapsules is claimed wherein the microcapsule core material contains an acid and/or an acid-precursor. The material retains high contrast even after prolonged storage.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:430203 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:30203
TITLE: Photothermographic material containing microencapsulated acid-(precursor) for improved storage stability
INVENTOR(S): Okauchi, Ken; Kakuchi, Hiroyuki; Yamazaki, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 45 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62288837 | A2 | 19871215 | JP 1986-132473 | 19860607 |
| JP 05079977 | B4 | 19931105 | | |

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 1986-132473 19860607

IT 4058-69-9
RL: USES (Uses)
(photothermog. material containing microcapsules of, for improved storage stability)
RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





I

AB A Ag halide photog. material having 21 light-sensitive Ag halide emulsion layer contains 21 photog. reagent precursor of the formula $R1CH:NOCY(LX)mTn(PUG)$ ($R1 = H$, other monovalent substituent; $Y = O$, $NR2$; $R2 =$ substituent; $L =$ bivalent linkage group; $X =$ electron-attracting center; $T =$ timing group; $PUG =$ photog. useful group having O , N or cyclic structure; $n, m = 0, 1$). The precursor, which is quite stable during storage of the material, releases the photog. reagent at an appropriate time during its development. It is especially useful for development at low pH, e.g. 9-12, and for dry thermal processing. Thus, development inhibitor precursor I was added to the emulsion layer of an exptl. monochrome photog. film as a coupler/precursor codispersion. Upon exposure and then development by a normal color neg. process, it produced a remarkable reduction in fog without affecting speed or contrast.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:177038 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:177038
TITLE: Timing precursor in silver halide photographic material
INVENTOR(S): Ito, Isamu; Kawada, Ken
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujii Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 62163051 | A2 | 19870718 | JP 1986-4290 | 19860114 |
| JP 07062757 | B4 | 19950705 | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-4290 19860114

IT 114040-47-0P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as timing photog. development inhibitor precursor)
RN 114040-47-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-2-methyl-, O-[(5-nitro-1H-indazol-1-yl)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 36 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Oxime esters I [$X = H$, alkyl, halo; $Z = H$, Me; $R1 = H$, alkyl, alkoxy, methyl, -Et, alkylthiomethyl, -Et, cyano, Me (un)substituted cycloalkyl, Ac, Bz, etc.; $R2 = H$, when $R1 = H$, $R2 =$ alkyl, alkoxy, chloro-, azo-, dimethoxymethyl, cyano, etc., when $R1 = H$, Me, or Ac,

$R2 =$ (tetrahydrofuryl, thienyl, tetrahydropyranyl, etc.; $CR1R2 =$ cycloalkylidene, cycloalkenylidene, or 4-oxacyclohexadienylidene (un)substituted by Me, with optional O or S atoms in 5- or 6-numbered rings), useful as herbicides (no data), were prepared by reactions of

acid halides II ($R =$ halo) with $R1R2C:NOH$. Me2C:NOH in $CH2Cl2$ was treated with pyridine, then portionwise with 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarbonyl chloride at 15-20° and the mixture stirred 8 h at 25° to give 81% I ($R1 = R2 = Me$, $X = Cl$, $Z = H$).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:598109 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:198109
TITLE: Oxime esters of substituted 8-quinolinecarboxylic acids, their preparation, and their use as herbicides
INVENTOR(S): Plath, Peter; Eicken, Karl; Zeeh, Bernd; Eichenauer, Ulrich; Hagen, Helmut; Kohler, Rolf Dieter; Meyer, Norbert; Wuerzler, Bruno
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

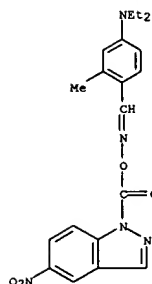
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 3545904 | A1 | 19870625 | DE 1985-3545904 | 19851223 |
| JP 62148471 | A2 | 19870702 | JP 1986-292645 | 19861210 |
| EP 230627 | A1 | 19870805 | EP 1986-117717 | 19861219 |
| EP 230627 | B1 | 19920304 | | |
| R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| HU 43042 | A2 | 19870928 | HU 1986-5383 | 19861222 |
| HU 198022 | B | 19890728 | | |
| US 4808212 | A | 19890228 | US 1986-944519 | 19861222 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1985-3545904 A 19851223

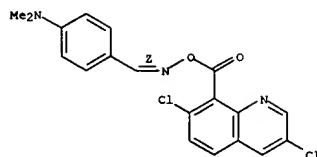
IT 110828-98-3P 110853-36-6P 110853-47-9P
110853-65-1P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
RN 110828-98-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinyl)carbonyl]oxime, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L31 ANSWER 35 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

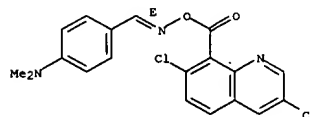


L31 ANSWER 36 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



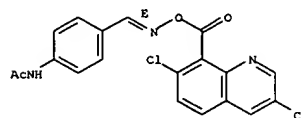
RN 110853-36-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinyl)carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



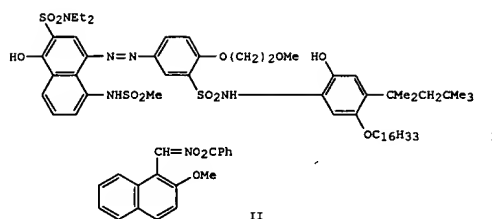
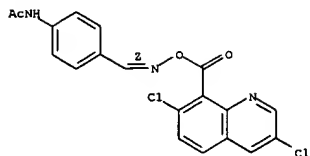
RN 110853-47-9 CAPLUS
CN Acetamide,
N-[4-[[[[(3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinyl)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenyl]-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 110853-65-1 CAPLUS
CN Acetamide,
N-[4-[[[[(3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinyl)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenyl]-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



AB Heat-developable photosensitive materials giving an image with a high signal-to-noise ratio, that is a high Dmax and a low Dmin, and a high d. are composed of a photosensitive gelatin-Ag halide emulsion layer, a dye-forming substance that upon reduction at a high temperature produces

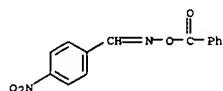
a diffusible dye, and an organic acid precursor with the structural unit -CH:NO2C- that is very stable at 100°C, but frees an acid at temps. proceeding to development to neutralize the base and stop the development. Thus, a PET support was coated with a composition containing a gelatin-Ag(Br,I) emulsion 20, a gelatin-Ag benzotriazole emulsion 10, a dispersion of I 33 g, a 5% aqueous solution of p-C9H19C6H4O(CH2CH2O)10H 10, a 10% aqueous solution of H2NSO2NMe2 4, a gelatin dispersion of II 10 mL, and a solution of guanidine trichloroacetate 1.6 mL in EtOH 16 mL at 33°C (wet). After drying a gelatin protective layer was added. The resultant material was then imagewise exposed 10 s at 2000 lx with a W lamp, heated for 60 s on a 140° heating block, contacted with a wet receptor sheet, and heated 6 s at 80° to give a Dmax of 2.10 and a Dmin of 0.20 vs. 2.35 and 0.85, resp., for a II-free control.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:139353 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:139353
TITLE: Heat-developing light-sensitive color material
INVENTOR(S): Kato, Masatoshi; Kitaguchi, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 90 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

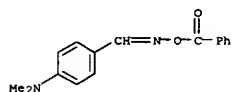
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|------|-----------------|------|
| | | | | |

L31 ANSWER 37 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
DE 3508761 A1 19850919 DE 1985-3508761 19850312
JP 60192939 A2 19851001 JP 1984-48305 19840314
JP 04069775 B4 19921109
US 4656126 A 19870407 US 1985-711885 19850314
US 4656126 A 19870407 JP 1984-48305 A 19840314

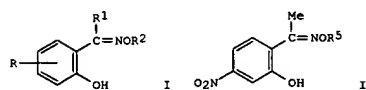
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:
IT 3848-35-9 4058-69-9
RL: USES (Uses)
(color diffusion-transfer photothermog. materials containing base-neutralizing acid precursor from, for improved image quality)
RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 38 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

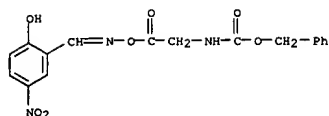


AB Aromatic oximes I [R = H, Cl, NO2, CO2Et, CO2Me, CONH2, CN; R1 = H, Me, CN, Ph; R2 = R3CO (R3 = H, Cl-10 alkyl, allyl, aralkyl), N-protected amino acid or peptide moiety] were used in the acylation of HNR3R4 [R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, (un)substituted Ph or CH2Ph; R4 = Cl-10 alkyl, allyl, aralkyl, amino acid or peptide moiety] to give amides R2NR3R4. Thus, Z-Gly-OH (Z = PhCH2O2C) was condensed with oxime II (R5 = H) by DCC in DMF to give 87% II (R5 = Z-Gly) (III). PhCH2NH2 was acylated by III to give 80% reaction in 2 min 25 s.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:185507 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:185507
TITLE: Acylation with acylating agent
INVENTOR(S): Hayashi, Ikuo; Ogihara, Keizo; Itikawa, Tadao; Shimizu, Kiyoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Boseki Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

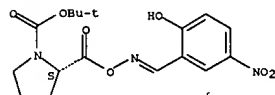
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 127342 | A2 | 19841205 | EP 1984-302958 | 19840502 |
| EP 127342 | A3 | 19870408 | | |
| R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI | | | | |
| JP 59204156 | A2 | 19841119 | JP 1983-78572 | 19830504 |
| US 4559172 | A | 19851217 | US 1984-605781 | 19840501 |
| PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: | | | JP 1983-78572 | A 19830504 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:185507
IT 96140-47-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(acylation by, of benzylamines)
RN 96140-47-5 CAPLUS
CN Carbanic acid, [2-([[(2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)methylene]amino]oxy)-2-oxoethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

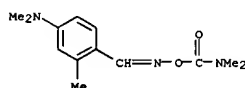


IT 96140-56-6
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (peptide coupling of, with dipeptide Me ester)
 RN 96140-56-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid, 2-[[[(2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)methyleneamino]oxy]carbonyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

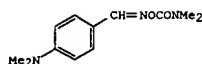
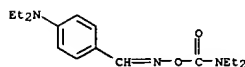
Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 95186-87-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-2-methyl-,
 O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime
 e (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 95186-88-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(diethylamino)-, O-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



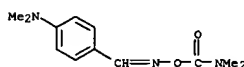
AB Photothermog. materials contain in a binder microparticles of a base-releasing precursor which is substantially insol. in water. The materials have good preservation stability due to the precursor having high resistance against self-decomposition by ambient moisture. Thus, a water-insol. type precursor I was mixed with poly(ethylene glycol), gelatin, and water and crushed using a mill to give a dispersion of precursor grains with an average size of 1 μm. The dispersion was then coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support together with a Ag(Br,I) emulsion, a cyan coupler dispersion containing

2-dodecylcarbamoyl-1-naphthol, and 2,6-dichloro-p-aminophenol to form a photosensitive film. The film was imagewise-exposed and heat-developed at 150° for 20 s to give a neg. cyan dye image with Dmax 2.08 and Dmin 0.25.

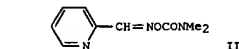
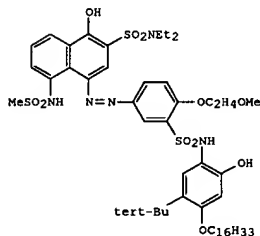
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:123151 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:123151
 TITLE: Photothermographic materials
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
 CODEN: JKOKAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 59174830 | A2 | 19841003 | JP 1983-50000 | 19830325 |
| JP 03058498 | B4 | 19910905 | | |
| US 4514493 | A | 19850430 | US 1984-592197 | 19840322 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1983-50000 | A 19830325 |

IT 93369-38-1
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (color photothermog. composition containing)
 RN 93369-38-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 95186-87-1 95186-88-2
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (color photothermog. material containing)



AB A photog. material which forms low-fog storage-stable dye images by heating consists of 21 Ag halide emulsion, a binder, a dye-releasing redox compound, and a base precursor RCH:NOCONR1R2 (R = alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, acyl, heterocyclyl; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, or R1R1 together can form a ring, or R1R1 may form an imino group by a double bond. Thus, a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support was coated with a composition containing a Ag(Br,I) emulsion 25, a dye-releasing redox compound dispersion (containing I 5, Na bis(2-ethylhexyl) sulfosuccinate 0.5, tricresyl phosphate 5, 10% aqueous gelatin 100 g, EtOAc 30 mL) 33 g, a 5% aqueous solution of C9H19C6H4-p-O(CH2CH2O)10H 10, a 10% aqueous solution of H2NSO2NMe2 4 mL, and a solution containing the base precursor II 2.5 g in EtOH 20 mL, to a wet thickness of 30 μm, dried, imagewise exposed to 2000 lx for 10 s using W lamp, heated 10 s to 140°, contacted with a H2O-wetted image receiver (consisting of a polyester support containing dispersed TiO2 and a gelatin layer of Me acrylate-N,N-trimethyl-N-vinylbenzylammonium chloride copolymer), and heated 6 s at 80°. After separation of the elements a neg. magenta image was obtained on the receiver which had a Dmax and Dmin of 2.05 and 0.2, resp., vs. 0.03 and 0.03, resp., for a II-free control.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:70099 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:70099
 TITLE: Heat-developable color photographic materials
 INVENTOR(S): Hirai, Hiroyuki; Kawata, Ken

L31 ANSWER 40 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 61 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

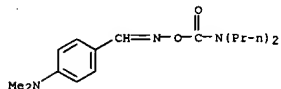
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 118078 | A2 | 19840912 | EP 1984-101801 | 19840221 |
| EP 118078 | A3 | 19841128 | | |
| EP 118078 | B1 | 19880107 | | |
| R: DE, FR, GB, NL | | | | |
| JP 59157637 | A2 | 19840907 | JP 1983-31614 | 19830225 |
| JP 02045180 | B4 | 19901008 | | |
| US 499180 | A | 19850212 | US 1984-583913 | 19840227 |
| | | | JP 1983-31614 | A 19830225 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

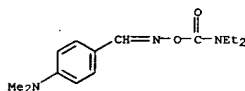
IT 94528-51-5

RL: USES (Uses)
(photog. heat-developable emulsion containing, as base precursor)
RN 94528-51-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(dipropylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT 93369-44-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and application of, as base precursor in heat-developable color photog. materials)
RN 93369-44-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

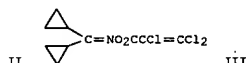
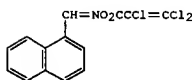


IT 93369-36-9P 93369-37-0P 93369-38-1P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, for heat-developable color photog. materials)
RN 93369-36-9 CAPLUS

L31 ANSWER 41 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

GI



III

AB Cl2C:CClCO2N:CRR1 (I) (R,R1 = H, lower alkyl, benzyl, cycloalkyl, naphthyl, aryl, etc.) were prepared and shown, in some cases, to be more effective fungicides than kilazin P. Thus, 100 mL PhMe solution containing 40 g Cl2C:CClCOCl were added at ≤20° to 30 g PhCH:NOH and 26 g Et3N in 400 mL PhMe, and the mixture was heated 2 h at 50° to give 58 g I (R = Ph, R1 = H). Among 39 other I prepared were I (R,R1 = Me,Me; Me,Ets; (RR1=) cyclohexylidene), the naphthyl analog II, and the dicyclopropyl analog III.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:610740 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:210740
TITLE: Trichloroacryloyl oxime derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Yasuo; Saeto, Junichi; Gotoh, Toshio; Katsumata, Osamu; Sakawa, Shinji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nihon Tokushu Noyaku Seizo K. K., Japan
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 112524 | A1 | 19840704 | EP 1983-112276 | 19831207 |
| EP 112524 | B1 | 19860528 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL | | | | |
| JP 5910665 | A2 | 19840626 | JP 1982-220165 | 19821217 |
| US 4581365 | A | 19860408 | US 1983-557688 | 19831202 |
| IL 70443 | A1 | 19870130 | IL 1983-70443 | 19831214 |
| BR 8306913 | A | 19840724 | BR 1983-6913 | 19831215 |
| ZA 8309329 | A | 19840829 | ZA 1983-9329 | 19831215 |
| DK 8305810 | A | 19840618 | DK 1983-5810 | 19831216 |
| AU 8322504 | A1 | 19840621 | AU 1983-22504 | 19831219 |
| | | | JP 1982-220165 | A 19821217 |

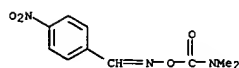
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:210740

IT 93033-19-3P 93033-27-3P 93033-52-4P
93033-53-5P 93033-54-6P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of, as fungicide)
RN 93033-19-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

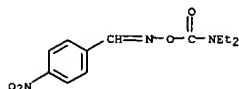
L31 ANSWER 40 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



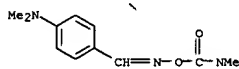
RN 93369-37-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

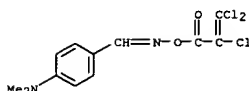


RN 93369-38-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

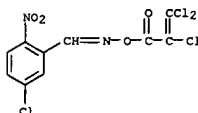


L31 ANSWER 41 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



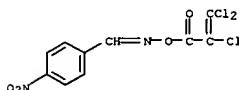
RN 93033-27-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 5-chloro-2-nitro-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



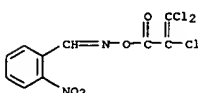
RN 93033-52-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



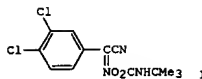
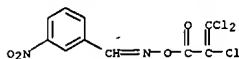
RN 93033-53-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 93033-54-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-(2,3,3-trichloro-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



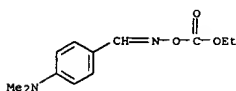
AB Oxime carbamates and oxime carbonates $\text{ArC}(\text{:NO}_2\text{CR})\text{X}$ (Ar = substituted Ph, naphthyl, furan, or thiophene; R = mono- or disubstituted amine, substituted alkoxy, substituted alkylthio, the substituents of which include substituted hydrocarbyl and heterocyclic groups; X = H, CN, CO_2H , alkyl, alkanoyl, etc.) were prepared and evaluated as antidotes for the protection of crops against triazine, haloacetanilide, and [(pyridyloxy)phenoxy]propionate herbicides. Thus, in preemergence tests with sorghum-millet var Funk G-522, the title compound I ($\text{ArC}(\text{:NO}_2\text{CR})\text{X}$; Ar = 2,4-Cl₂C₆H₄, R = NHCHMe_3 , X = CN) [71059-14-8] at 1.0 ppm offered marked protection against Metolachlor [51218-45-2] at 5 ppm. Dust, granulate, wettable powder, and emulsifiable concentrate formulations for antidotes are described.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:419085 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:19085
TITLE: 3,4-Dichlorophenylacetonitrile-N-tert-butylcarbamoyloxy ether for the protection of crops against injury by herbicides
INVENTOR(S): Martin, Henry
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 17 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 938,205, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 4416686 | A | 19831122 | US 1980-112049 | 19800114 |
| US 4426221 | A | 19840117 | US 1982-425812 | 19820928 |
| US 4453969 | A | 19840612 | US 1982-425814 | 19820928 |
| US 4453974 | A | 19840612 | US 1982-425815 | 19820928 |
| US 4456468 | A | 19840626 | US 1982-425813 | 19820928 |
| US 4475945 | A | 19841009 | US 1982-425782 | 19820928 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1978-938205 | A1 19780830 |
| | | | US 1980-112049 | A3 19800114 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:19085

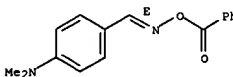
IT 71063-92-8P
RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide antidote)



AB The rate of E-Z isomerization of O-acylaldoximes in glacial HOAc has been followed by using spectral data. The decrease of O-acylaldoxime with time was established from the decrease of the limit current of the polarog. wave. Gas chromatog. and liquid chromatog. were applied to determine the concentration of the reaction products. The O-acylaldoximes also undergo acid-catalyzed cleavage to give nitriles.

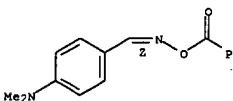
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:102525 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:102525
TITLE: Kinetics of reactions of O-benzoylbenzaldoxime derivatives in acetic acid
AUTHOR(S): Mollin, J.; Holakovska, A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Nat. Sci., Palacky Univ., Olomouc, CS-771 46, Czech.
SOURCE: Chemické Zvesti (1983), 37(5), 633-8
CODEN: CHZVAN; ISSN: 0366-6352
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 16061-99-7 88997-13-1
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (isomerization and cleavage reactions of, in acid medium, kinetics of)
RN 16061-99-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



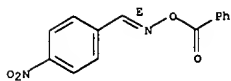
RN 88997-13-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



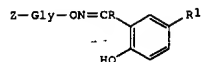
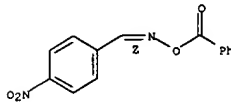
IT 16061-94-2 16322-89-9
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (isomerization and reactions of, in acid medium, kinetics of)
RN 16061-94-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 18322-89-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, [C(2)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



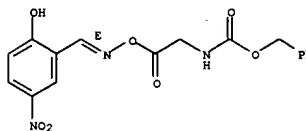
AB Title esters I (Z = PhCH2O2C; R = H, Me, Ph; R1 = H, Cl, NO2) were prepared by several methods. For aminolysis with benzylamine, esters I showed higher reactivity than similar esters containing no o-HO group. This is attributed to formation of an intramol. H bond between the o-HO group and the hydroxyimino N. This mechanism of activation seems to be an intramol. acid-catalysis. I (R = H) were the most reactive. The reactivity of esters I is also discussed in relation to pKa values of aromatic o-hydroxy oximes.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:7101 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:7101
TITLE: Reactivity of aromatic o-hydroxy oximes. I. Synthesis and aminolysis of acylglycine esters of aromatic o-hydroxy oximes
AUTHOR(S): Hayashi, Ikuo; Ogiwara, Keizo; Shimizu, Kiyoshi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dev. Lab., Nitto Boseki Co., Ltd., Koriyama, 963, Japan
SOURCE: Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1983), 56(8), 2432-7
CODEN: BCSJAB; ISSN: 0009-2673
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 87974-60-5P 87974-69-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and aminolysis of)

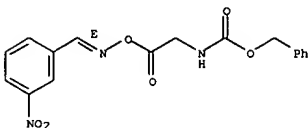
RN 87974-60-5 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[(2-hydroxy-5-nitrophenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 87974-69-4 CAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-[[[(3-nitrophenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



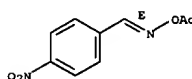
AB The CTAB micelle-catalyzed reaction of RCH:NOH (I; R = aryl) with p-ACOC6H4NO2 to give RCH:NOAc was studied. The catalysis is more effective as the base strength of I decreases, but the reactivity of I is not dependent on its basicity. These are orbital controlled reactions involving interactions between both the n and π occupied orbitals of I and the LUMO of p-ACOC6H4NO2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:5759 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:5759
TITLE: Effects of micelles on the basicity and reactivity of α -aromatic nucleophiles
AUTHOR(S): Meyer, G.; Viout, P.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Groupe Rech. 12, CNRS, Thiais, 94320, Fr.
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1981), 37(12), 2269-72
CODEN: TETRAE; ISSN: 0040-4020
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: French

IT 80055-47-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and hydrolysis of, micelle effect on)

RN 80055-47-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-acetyloxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

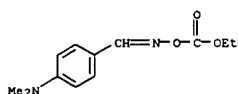
Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 46 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Carbamates RR1C:NO2CR2 [I; R = optionally substituted Ph or naphthyl, esterified CO2H, optionally substituted carbamoyl; R1 = cyano, alkanoyl, CO2H, esterified CO2H, H, halo, alkyl, optionally carbamoyl; R2 = optionally substituted NH2, ZR3 (Z = O, S; R3 = aliphatic, cycloaliph., araliph., aromatic, or heterocyclic group)] were prepared; they showed usefulness as antidotes for herbicides. Thus, I (R = 3,4-Cl2C6H3, R1 = cyano, R2 = SET) was prepared in 73.7% yield by treating 3,4-Cl2C6H3C(:NOH)CN with EtSCoCl.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:42679 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:42679
 TITLE: Oxime carbamates and -carbonates for the protection of plant cultures
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Meth. Appl., 54 pp.
 CODEN: NAXXAN
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Dutch
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| NL 7808962 | A | 19800304 | NL 1978-8962 | 19780831 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | NL 1978-8962 | A 19780831 |

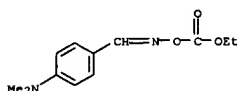
IT 71063-92-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)



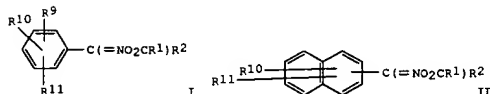
L31 ANSWER 47 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The title compds. RC1:NOR2 [R = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, furyl, or thienyl, or carboxylic ester or carbamyl group; R1 = cyano, alkanoyl, carboxylic ester, CO2H, halo, H, carbamate, alkyl; R2 = carbamate, ester, thioester group], useful as antidotes for protecting cultivated plants from harmful agrochems., especially herbicides, were prepared. The compds. are especially useful in seed or seedling dressing compns. E.g., PhC(CN):NO2CNHMe was prepared (89.8%) by treating benzyl cyanide oxime with MeNCO in the presence of diazabicyclooctane catalyst (MeCN, 50°).
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:46990 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:46990
 TITLE: Oxime carbamates and oxime carbonates for the protection of cultivated crops
 INVENTOR(S): Martin, Henry
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 21 pp.
 CODEN: BAXXDU
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| GB 2028797 | A | 19800312 | GB 1978-35200 | 19780831 |
| GB 2028797 | B2 | 19830427 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | GB 1978-35200 | A 19780831 |

IT 71063-92-8P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide antidote)
 RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)



L31 ANSWER 48 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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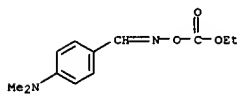


AB Glyoxylonitrile oximes and similar compds. were O-acylated by organic isocyanates, carbamoyl chlorides, chloroformate esters, and esters of ClC(O)SH to yield RC(:NO2CR1)R2 [R = CO2R3 (R3 = aliphatic, cycloaliph., or araliph. group), COR4 (R4 = NR5R6 (R5 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R6 = H, aliphatic, cycloaliph., araliph., aromatic, or heterocyclic group); or NR5R6 form a heterocycle), NHCONHR6 (R6 same as above)], furyl, thienyl, halofuryl or -thienyl, nitrofuryl or -thienyl, alkylfuryl or -thienyl; R1 = NR7R8 (R7 = H, alkoxy, aliphatic, cycloaliph., araliph., aromatic, or heterocyclic group; R8 = aliphatic, cycloaliph., araliph., aromatic, or heterocyclic group), ZR8 (Z = O or S, R8 same as above); R2 = cyano, alkanoyl, (un)esterified CO2H, H, carbamoyl, halo, alkyl and aromatic compds. I and II (R1 and R2 same as above; R9 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, phenoxy; R10 and R11 independently are H, halo, NO2, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy), which showed effectiveness as antidotes for herbicides. A mixture of PhC(:NOH)CN, MeNCO, and diazabicyclooctane in MeCN was heated at 50° to give PhC(:NO2CNHMe)CN.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:30218 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:30218
 TITLE: Oxime carbamates and oxime carbonates useful in protecting plants
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 44 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| FR 2434802 | A1 | 19800328 | FR 1978-25043 | 19780830 |
| FR 2434802 | B1 | 19810306 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | FR 1978-25043 | A 19780830 |

IT 71063-92-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX
 NAME)

L31 ANSWER 48 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 NAME) (Continued)

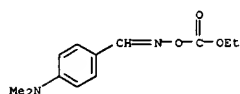


L31 ANSWER 49 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB RRIC:NO2CR2 (R = optionally substituted Ph, naphthyl, thienyl, furyl; R1 = cyano, alkanoyl, optionally esterified or amidated CO2H, H, halogen, alkyl; R2 = amino, optionally etherified OH or SH) were prepared. Thus NCCPh:NOH was treated with MeCS to give 89.8% NCCPh:NO2CNHMe. Wheat seeds treated with 10 ppm PhMeC:NO2CNHCGH4Cl-4 (I) showed .apprx.30% damage when grown in soil pretreated with 8 ppm Me 2-[4-(3,5-dichloro-2-pyridyloxy)phenoxy]propionate, compared with .apprx.70% damage in the absence of treatment with I.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:586009 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:186009
 TITLE: Oxime carbonates useful in protecting plants from damage by herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Martin, Henry
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: Braz. Pedido PI, 59 pp.
 CODEN: BPXXDX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Portuguese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

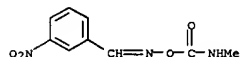
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| BR 7805666 | A | 19800318 | BR 1978-5666 | 19780831 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | BR 1978-5666 | A 19780831 |

IT 71063-92-8P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

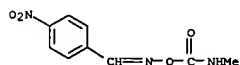


L31 ANSWER 51 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB As the anticholinesterase activity and the mechanism of alkaline hydrolysis of O-(methylcarbamoyl) benzaloximes and acetophenoximes are analogous to those of Ph N-methylcarbamates, these 2 groups of deriva. were compared by means of structure-activity relations. The correlations with the electronic substituent parameter σ showed that the mechanism of inhibition of acetylcholinesterase [9000-81-1] by O-(methylcarbamoyl) oximes is the same as that observed for Ph N-methylcarbamates bearing strongly electron-withdrawing substituents. The correlations with the bimol. rate constant k_{OH} suggest that the mechanism of the alkaline hydrolysis of oxime carbamates may closely parallel their mechanism of interaction with acetylcholinesterase at the serine hydroxyl.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:210126 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:210126
 TITLE: Inhibition of acetylcholinesterase by O-(methylcarbamoyl) oximes. Structure-activity relationships
 AUTHOR(S): Mrlina, Georges; Calmon, Jean Pierre
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Biol. Phys.-Chim. Sol, Ec. Natl. Super. Agron., Toulouse, 31076, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1980), 28(3), 673-5
 CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 39102-00-6 39102-02-8
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (acetylcholinesterase inhibition by)
 RN 39102-00-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



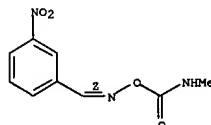
RN 39102-02-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 50 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Hydrolysis of RZCGH4CR1:NO2CNRMe (R, R1 = H, Me; R2 = H, Me, MeO, Me2CH, Br, m- and p-O2N), studied in 0.01-5.0 N OH- at 25° showed 1st-order dependence each in OH- and the ester. The data suggest an ElcB elimination mechanism with formation of an isocyanate intermediate. The Hammett ρ values were different from those usually reported for such a reaction scheme, as the imine bond weakens the substituent effects.

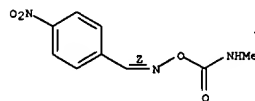
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:407484 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:7484
 TITLE: Kinetics and mechanism of hydrolysis of insecticidal O-(methylcarbamoyl)oximes
 AUTHOR(S): Mrlina, Georges; Calmon, Jean Pierre
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Org. Biol. Physicochem. Sol, Ec. Natl. Super. Agron., Toulouse, 31076, Fr.
 SOURCE: Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1980), 28(3), 605-9
 CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 73744-22-6P 73744-23-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and alkaline hydrolysis of, kinetics of)
 RN 73744-22-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 73744-23-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

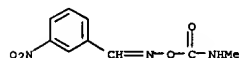


L31 ANSWER 52 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The oxime carbamates and carbonates ARCX:(NOCOR) (Ar = substituted or unsubstituted Ph, naphthyl, 2-furanyl, H2NCO, MeOCO, EtOCO, etc.; X = CN, Me, NO2, etc.; R = substituted NH2, alkoxy, alkylthio, etc.) are herbicidal antidotes. Thus, in a pre-emergence laboratory experiment, 1 ppm PhC(CN) (:NOCONHPr-iso) (71059-03-5) protected sorghum millet against the phytotoxic effect of metolachlor [51218-45-2]. The synthesis of the compds. is given.

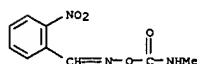
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:141801 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:141801
 TITLE: Oxime carbamates and oxime carbonates for the protection of cultivated crops
 INVENTOR(S): Martin, Henry
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
 SOURCE: S. African, 56 pp.
 CODEN: SFXKAB
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| ZA 7804846 | A | 19780829 | ZA 1978-4846 | 19780825 |
| DE 2837204 | A1 | 19800306 | DE 1978-2837204 | 19780825 |
| DE 2837204 | C2 | 19891026 | | |
| CA 1159071 | A1 | 19831220 | CA 1978-310206 | 19780829 |
| AU 530210 | B2 | 19830707 | AU 1978-39380 | 19780830 |
| AU 7839380 | A1 | 19800306 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | ZA 1978-4846 | A 19780825 |

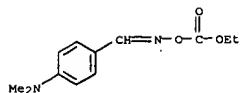
IT 39102-00-6 39102-01-7 71063-92-8
 72405-73-3
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (preparation as herbicide antidote)
 RN 39102-00-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



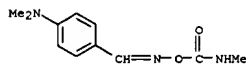
RN 39102-01-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 72405-73-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



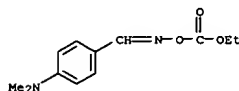
L31 ANSWER 53 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Arc[:NOC(O)R]R1 [Ar = CO2R2 (R2 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl), substituted carbamoyl, Ph, halo-, alkyl-, alkoxy-, phenoxy-, cyano-, nitro-, (haloalkyl)-, or (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, naphthyl, halo-, nitro-, alkyl-, (haloalkyl)-, or alkoxynaphthyl; R = NR3R4 (R3 = H, alkoxy; R4 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heteroaryl), ZR4 (Z = O, S; R4 same as above); R1 = cyano, alkanoyl, carbalkoxy, CO2H, H, carbamoyl, halo, alkyl] were prepared by different methods and they protected plants against herbicides.

Thus, MeNCO and diazabicyclooctane was added to PhC(:NOH)CN in MeCN, and the mixture was heated at 50° to give PhC(:NO2CNHMe)CN.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:507670 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:107670
TITLE: (Hydroximinomalononic acid carbamates and carbonates for protecting plants from herbicides
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
SOURCE: Belg., 45 pp.
CODEN: BEXGAL
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| BE 870066 | A1 | 19790228 | BE 1978-190145 | 19780830 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | BE 1978-190145 | A 19780830 |

IT 71063-92-8P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



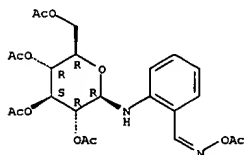
L31 ANSWER 54 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB N-glycosides of o-H2NC6H4CH:NOH with D-glucose, D-galactose, D-mannose, L-rhamnose, and D-ribose were prepared by fusing the reactants in the presence of aqueous HCl. N-glycosides of m-H2NC6H4CH:NOH were prepared similarly. All glycosides in the meta series are colorless, whereas those

in the ortho series are bright yellow due to formation of a pseudonitroso system. The α-anomer structure is presumed for the ortho deriv., whereas the β-anomers predominate in the meta series.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:39181 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:39181
TITLE: Syntheses and studies on N-glycosides. VII. N-Glycosides of o- and m-aminobenzaloximes
AUTHOR(S): Sykulski, Jerzy; Czyzewska, Joanna
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Inst. Basic Chem. Sci., Lodz, Pol.
SOURCE: Acta Poloniae Pharmaceutica (1978), 35(2), 169-73
CODEN: APPHAX; ISSN: 0001-6837
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Polish

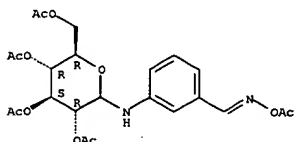
IT 68768-60-5P 68768-61-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 68768-60-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-[(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)amino]-, 1-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 68768-61-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-[(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-D-glucopyranosyl)amino]-, 1-(O-acetyloxime) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



L31 ANSWER 55 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The reaction of 4,6-dinitroisophthalaldehyde with pyridine gave 1-(2,4-diformyl-5-hydroxyphenyl)pyridinium hydroxide inner salt (I), and the reaction of 4,6-dinitroisophthalonitrile with pyridine gave the 2,4-dicyano analog of I as the main product, with 1-(3,5-dicyano-2-hydroxy-6-nitrophenyl)pyridinium hydroxide inner salt and 4-hydroxy-6-nitroisophthalonitrile as side products.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:529220 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:129220

TITLE: The reaction of 4,6-dinitroisophthalaldehyde and 4,6-dinitroisophthalonitrile with pyridine

AUTHOR(S): Adam, Jean Marie; Hindermann, Peter; Winkler, Tammo
CORPORATE SOURCE: Farbenforschungslab., Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Basel, Switz.
SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1978), 61(5), 1778-83
CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 89:129220

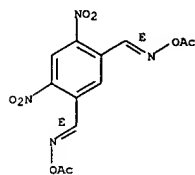
IT 67640-45-3P 67640-47-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 67640-45-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxaldehyde, 4,6-dinitro-, bis(O-acetyloxime), (E,E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

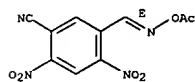
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 67640-47-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 5-[[acetyloxy]imino]methyl]-2,4-dinitro-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

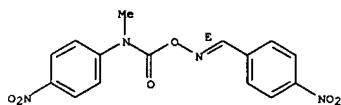


L31 ANSWER 56 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 65786-08-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[methyl(4-nitrophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 56 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The alkaline hydrolysis kinetics and mechanism of 4-O2NC6H4NRCO2N:CHC6H4R1 (I; R = H, Me, H; R1 = H, 4-MeO, 4-Me, 3-Cl, 3-NO2, 4-NO2) were determined I (R = H) in aqueous EtOH containing NaOH gave 4-O2NC6H4NHC02Na (which decomposed to 4-O2NC6H4NH2) and RC6H4CH:NQNA (II; R = H, 4-MeO, 4-Me, 3-Cl, 3-NO2, 4-NO2) via an E1cB mechanism; II hydrolyzed to give the corresponding RC6H4CHO. The hydrolysis of I (R = H) exhibited p 1.4 and β-1.4. The hydrolysis of I (R = Me) gave 4-O2NC6H4NHMe and the corresponding II via a BAc2 mechanism in which N-C bond cleavage occurred in the rate-determining decomposition of the tetrahedral intermediate; this process had p 0.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:104467 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:104467

TITLE: Carbamates. Part IX. Kinetics and mechanism of alkaline hydrolysis of (E)-O-(N-4-nitrophenylcarbonyl)benzaldoximes in 30% aqueous ethanol

AUTHOR(S): Hladka, J.; Mindl, J.; Vecera, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Org. Chem. Dep., Inst. Chem. Technol., Pardubice, Czech.

SOURCE: Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications (1977), 42(11), 3316-24

CODEN: CCCCAK; ISSN: 0366-547X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

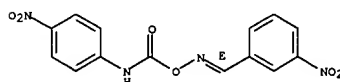
IT 65786-04-1 65786-05-2 65786-08-5

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (solvolysis of, kinetics and mechanism of)

RN 65786-04-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[4-nitrophenyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

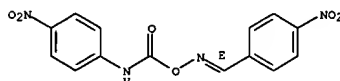
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 65786-05-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[[4-nitrophenyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 57 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The pyrolysis of (E)-p-RC6H4CH:NOCO2C6H4R1 at 100-20° to give nitriles followed 1st order kinetics and the decomposition rates showed little dependence on inductive effects or solvent polarity. Low entropy values along with the fact that the E and Z-isomers behaved quite differently led

to the proposal of a cyclic transition state for the decompns.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:89302 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:89302

TITLE: The mechanism for the thermal decomposition of E-aldoxime carbonates

Prokipcak, J. M.; Forte, P. A.

Dep. Chem., Univ. Guelph, Guelph, ON, Can.

SOURCE: Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1975), 53(22), 3481-6

CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

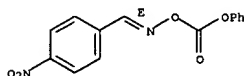
IT 58539-31-4

RL: PRP (Properties) (thermodecompn. of, kinetics of)

RN 58539-31-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(phenoxycarbonyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 58 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Diphenyl ether derivs. (I; R = lower alkyl; R1 to R4 = H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy; n = 0-1; a, b = 0-1; a + b = 1-2) were prepared by reaction of II with RNCO or RNHCOCl. I had insecticidal, anticarcinogenic, and antibacterial activities. Thus, 6.0 g MeNCO and trace Et3N were added to 30.0 g p-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde

in THF and the mixture refluxed 1 hr to give 27.5 g O-methylcarbamoyl-p-(2-nitro-4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde. Among 13 more I prepared were O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(m-tolylloxy)-, O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(p-methoxyphenoxy)-, O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-phenoxy-, and O-methylcarbamoyl-3-nitro-4-(o-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehydes.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:458415 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:58415
TITLE: Diphenyl ether derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Kotani, Akeshi; Inamasu, Shuji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
CODEN: JKKOAF

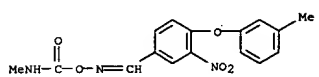
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 50012047 | A2 | 19750207 | JP 1973-62203 | 19730601 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1973-62203 | A 19730601 |

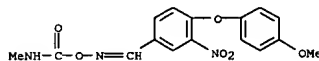
IT 56135-51-4P 56135-52-5P 56135-53-6P
56135-54-7P 56135-55-8P 56135-56-9P
56135-57-0P 56135-61-6P 56135-62-7P
56135-63-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

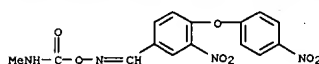
RN 56135-51-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(3-methylphenoxy)-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



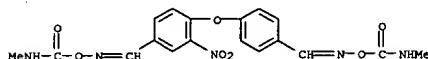
RN 56135-52-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



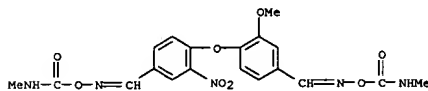
L31 ANSWER 58 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



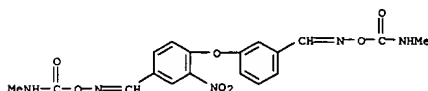
RN 56135-61-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-[4-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56135-62-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-methoxy-4-[4-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]-2-nitrophenoxy]-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

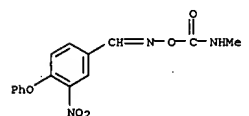


RN 56135-63-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-[3-[[[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxy]imino]methyl]phenoxy]-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

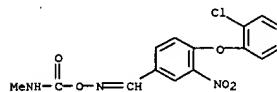


L31 ANSWER 58 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)

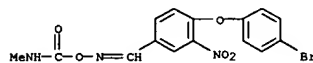
RN 56135-53-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-4-phenoxy-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



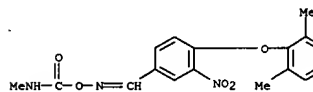
RN 56135-54-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(2-chlorophenoxy)-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56135-55-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(4-bromophenoxy)-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56135-56-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(2,6-dimethylphenoxy)-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56135-57-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-4-(4-nitrophenoxy)-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 59 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Twenty-three mixts. of the oximes I [R = R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = Cl, R4 = H (II)] or III [R = Me, R1 = iodine (IV)] with each other, with other I (R =

Me, H, or Ph; R1 = Ph, Me2CHCH2, or 3-O2NC6H4; or RR1 = CH:CMCH2CMCH2; R2 = H or Me, R3 = Cl or Me, R4 = H or Cl) or III (R = Me, MeCH2, or Me2CH; R1 = iodine, Cl or Br) or with 3-RCONHC6H4O2CNR1R2 (R = MeO or Me2N, R1 = H or Me, R2 = CHMeEt, Me3, CHMeCHMe2, or Ph) or NOCH2OC6H2R2CN-2,6,4 (R = iodine, Br, or Cl), e.g. acetone O-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)propionyl]oxime-isopropylideneamino 4-cyano-2,6-diiodophenyl carbonate mixture (II-IV mixture) [54841-89-3]

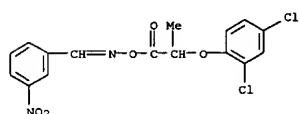
had higher herbicidal effects than the components.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:134031 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:134031
TITLE: Herbicidal mixtures
INVENTOR(S): Boroschewski, Gerhard; Puttner, Reinhold; Arndt, Friedrich
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G.
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 50 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

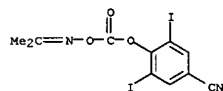
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 2303336 | A1 | 19740725 | DE 1973-2303336 | 19730120 |
| DD 107571 | C | 19740812 | DD 1973-175058 | 19731203 |
| CS 178442 | P | 19770915 | CS 1973-5704 | 19731210 |
| CS 178438 | P | 19770915 | CS 1973-8535 | 19731210 |
| NO 141777 | B | 19800204 | NO 1973-4775 | 19731214 |
| NO 141777 | C | 19800521 | | |
| PL 91646 | P | 19770331 | PL 1974-168032 | 19740110 |
| FI 56472 | B | 19791031 | FI 1974-115 | 19740116 |
| FI 56472 | C | 19800211 | | |
| AU 7464605 | A1 | 19750717 | AU 1974-64605 | 19740117 |
| BE 809928 | A1 | 19740718 | BE 1974-139973 | 19740118 |
| NL 7400739 | A | 19740723 | NL 1974-739 | 19740118 |
| FR 2214407 | A1 | 19740819 | FR 1974-1727 | 19740118 |
| ZA 7400396 | A | 19741127 | ZA 1974-396 | 19740118 |
| CH 584505 | A | 19770215 | CH 1974-707 | 19740118 |
| HU 170900 | P | 19770928 | HU 1974-5C459 | 19740118 |
| SU 580797 | D | 19771115 | SU 1974-1931123 | 19740118 |
| SE 401075 | B | 19780424 | SE 1974-666 | 19740118 |
| SE 401075 | C | 19780803 | | |
| RO 68496 | B | 19790815 | RO 1974-77325 | 19740118 |
| RO 68496 | P | 19800115 | | |
| RO 69339 | P | 19800715 | RO 1974-84790 | 19740118 |
| JP 49102842 | A2 | 19740928 | JP 1974-9177 | 19740121 |
| AT 7400466 | A | 19751115 | AT 1974-466 | 19740121 |
| AT 331555 | B | 19760823 | | |
| GB 1460663 | A | 19770106 | GB 1974-2726 | 19740121 |
| CA 1013961 | A1 | 19770719 | CA 1974-190523 | 19740121 |
| PL 92143 | P | 19770331 | PL 1974-184009 | 19740810 |
| SU 667094 | D | 19790605 | SU 1975-2126029 | 19750418 |
| DK 7502198 | A | 19750818 | DK 1975-2198 | 19750516 |
| AT 7504032 | A | 19760215 | AT 1975-4032 | 19750527 |

L31 ANSWER 59 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
 AT 333073 B 19761110
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1973-2303336 A 19730120
 DK 1973-6311 A 19731122
 AT 1974-466 A 19740121

IT 54842-02-3
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (herbicide)
 RN 54842-02-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzotrifluoride,
 3,5-diiodo-4-[[[(1-methylethylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]oxy]-
 , mixt. with 3-nitrobenzaldehyde O-[(2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 53443-08-6
 CMP C16 H12 C12 N2 O5



CM 2
 CRN 50347-98-3
 CMP C11 H9 I2 N2 O3

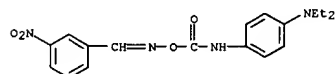


L31 ANSWER 61 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB Comps. R1R2C:NOCONR3R4(R1,R2,R3,R4 = H, alkyl, aryl, or heterocyclic groups) which upon exposure to an arc lamp or to heat liberate an amine capable of undergoing color reactions are used in photog. or thermog. recording comps. The amine precursors are coated with a polymeric binder on a paper or film support. Thus, BaSO4-impregnated paper was coated with 6 g/m2 of a mixture of PhCH:NO-CONHCH2CH2-100, I 100, m-chlorobenzoic acid 40 mg, and a 5% solution of poly(Me methacrylate) in CH2Cl2 8 ml.
 A 5 sec exposure of the paper to a 1 kW Hg lamp at 10 cm or in a Thermofax copier yielded cyan copies.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:49921 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:49921
 TITLE: Recording with photolytic and/or thermolytic formation of amino compounds
 INVENTOR(S): Mertens, Ludovicus L.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agfa-Gevaert A.-G.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 24 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 2403100 | A1 | 19740801 | DE 1974-2403100 | 19740123 |
| GB 1458355 | A | 19761215 | GB 1973-4845 | 19740122 |
| US 3918973 | A | 19751111 | US 1974-437762 | 19740130 |
| | | | GB 1973-4845 | A 19730131 |

 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1973-4845 A 19730131

IT 54654-58-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 54654-58-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

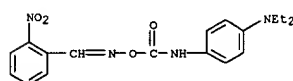


L31 ANSWER 60 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Comps. obtained by condensation of an oxime with an isocyanate are converted to amines by photolysis or thermolysis. This reaction can be visualized by a dye formation in the presence of a phenolic coupler and an oxidant, the color change of an indicator dye, or by fluorescence emission. Thus, a solution containing PhCH:NOCONH-p-C6H4NEt2, prepared by condensing p-diethylaminophenyl isocyanate with benzodioxime in Et2O, 100, a phenolic coupler 100, m-chloroperbenzoic acid 40 mg, and a 5% poly(Me methacrylate) solution in CH2Cl2 8 ml was coated on a BaSO4-impregnated paper support at 6g/m2, dried, and exposed to a 1 kw uv lamp at 10 cm for 5 sec, or passed through a Thermofax copier to produce a cyan copy.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:92073 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:92073
 TITLE: Recording materials and process
 INVENTOR(S): Mertens, Ludovicus M.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agfa-Gevaert
 SOURCE: Belg., 30 pp. CODEN: BEXXAL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| BE 810213 | A2 | 19740729 | BE 1974-1005673 | 19740128 |
| GB 1458355 | A | 19761215 | GB 1973-4845 | 19740122 |
| US 3918973 | A | 19751111 | US 1974-437762 | 19740130 |
| | | | GB 1973-4845 | A 19730131 |

 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1973-4845 A 19730131

IT 54711-46-5P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 54711-46-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

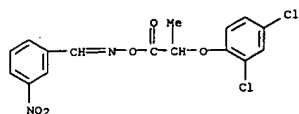


L31 ANSWER 62 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB Ninety-two ketoxime esters RnCH5-nOCHRI-CO2N:CR2R3 [I, Rn = 2,4-Cl2, 2,4,5-Cl3, 3-Cl, 2,4-MeCl, 4-Br; R1 = H or Me; R2 = Me, H, Ph, Et, CH2CHMe2, or Pr; R3 = CHMeEt, Me, Ph, CH2CHMe2, C6H4NO2-3, Et, Pr, CHMe2, Bu, CH2OPh, C6H13, or CH2CH2OMe; or R2R3 = CH:CHMe2CHMe2CH2, (CH2)5, CH:CHMe2CHMe2CH2, (CH2)4, or CH2CHMe2CH2CH2] were prepared and used for weed control in plant cultures especially in lawn. Thus, addition of 2,4-Cl2C6H3OCH2-COCl to HOH:CHMeEt and Et3N in MeCN gave 92% I (Rn = 2,4-Cl2, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = CHMeEt).
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:535752 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:135752
 TITLE: Herbicidal O-phenoxyacetylketoximes
 INVENTOR(S): Nuesslein, Ludwig; Arndt, Friedrich
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering A.-G.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 35 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 2262402 | A1 | 19740801 | DE 1972-2262402 | 19721215 |
| CS 170111 | P | 19760827 | CS 1973-7645 | 19731107 |
| ES 420904 | A1 | 19760501 | ES 1973-420904 | 19731127 |
| DD 108031 | C | 19740912 | DD 1973-175052 | 19731203 |
| CH 584510 | A | 19770215 | CH 1973-17131 | 19731206 |
| FI 55927 | C | 19791112 | FI 1973-3791 | 19731211 |
| FR 2327234 | B | 19790731 | | |
| RO 68556 | P | 19810830 | RO 1973-76956 | 19731211 |
| FR 2327234 | B1 | 19780324 | FR 1973-44534 | 19731213 |
| BE 808636 | A1 | 19740614 | BE 1973-138864 | 19731214 |
| NL 7317222 | A | 19740618 | NL 1973-17222 | 19731214 |
| JP 49086539 | A2 | 19740819 | JP 1973-140203 | 19731214 |
| ZA 7309503 | A | 19741127 | ZA 1973-9503 | 19731214 |
| AT 7310483 | A | 19750515 | AT 1973-10483 | 19731214 |
| AT 328217 | B | 19760310 | | |
| AU 7363652 | A1 | 19750619 | AU 1973-63652 | 19731214 |
| SU 525417 | D | 19760815 | SU 1973-1978002 | 19731214 |
| HU 168995 | P | 19760828 | HU 1973-80457 | 19731214 |
| PL 91626 | P | 19770331 | PL 1973-167329 | 19731214 |
| NO 139150 | C | 19790131 | NO 1973-4774 | 19731214 |
| NO 139150 | B | 19781009 | | |
| GB 1458825 | A | 19761215 | GB 1973-58373 | 19731217 |
| CA 1013587 | A1 | 19770712 | CA 1973-188263 | 19731217 |
| SU 511853 | D | 19760425 | SU 1974-1998451 | 19740218 |
| | | | DE 1972-2262402 | A 19721215 |

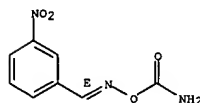
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1972-2262402 A 19721215

IT 53443-08-6P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
 RN 53443-08-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)-1-oxopropyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



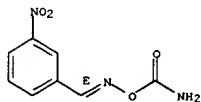
L31 ANSWER 63 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB The structures assigned to the nitrones prepared from aromatic aldehydes and
 solns. of potassium cyanate and hydroxylamine hydrochloride are shown to be incorrect and the deoxygenation reaction ascribed to them spurious. The correct product from the original reaction is demonstrated to be the corresponding O-carbamoyl oxime.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:14448 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:14448
 TITLE: O-Carbamoyl oximes
 AUTHOR(S): Dalton, David R.; Foley, H. Grant
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Temple Univ., Philadelphia, PA, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1973), 38(24), 4200-3
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 41514-44-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 41514-44-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-(aminocarbonyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 64 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB RC6H4CHO (R = 4-Br, 4-Cl, 3-O2N) with HONH2.HCl and KOCH gave the O-carbamoyl oximes (E)- RC6H4CH:NOCONH2 (I) and not RC6H4CN:N(O)CONH2 (Bellavita, V.; Cagnoli, N.; 1939). I with CNH- gave the oximes (E)-RC6H4CH:NOH (II). III, and their (Z)-isomers, with ClO2SNCO, followed by hydrolysis gave I. The configuration of I (R = 4-Br) was confirmed by x-ray anal. The monoclinic crystals, space group P21/c had a 14.39, b 5.101, c 12.5 Å, β 99.51°, Z = 4. The structure was solved by Patterson and Fourier methods.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:147493 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:147493
 TITLE: Unusual nitrones
 AUTHOR(S): Dalton, D. R.; Foley, Henry G.; Trueblood, Kenneth N.;
 Murphy, Michael R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Temple Univ., Philadelphia, PA, USA
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1973), (10), 779-82
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 41514-44-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 41514-44-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-(aminocarbonyl)oxime, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

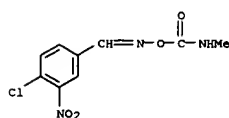


L31 ANSWER 65 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB Thirty title compds. [I, R = Cl-4 alkyl, tetradecyl, MeOCH2, allyl, cyclohexyl, substituted phenyl; R1 = H, Me, or 4,3-Cl(O2N)C6H3; R2 = H, 2-Me, 2- or 4-Cl; R3 = 2, 3, or 4-NO2], used as selective herbicides in beet cultures, were prepared by reaction of oximes with isocyanates.
 Thus, m-O2NC6H4CH:NOH reacted with OCHMe in MeCN in the presence of Et3N at 530° to give 74.0% I (R = Me, R1 = R2 = H, R3 = 3-NO2) (II).
 In postemergent tests 8 kg II/ha killed all Galinsoga parviflora or Urtica urens without affecting beet plants.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:29498 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:29498
 TITLE: Herbicidal nitrobenzaldoxime carbamates
 INVENTOR(S): Stoelzer, Claus; Schmidt, Robert Rudolf
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 21 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

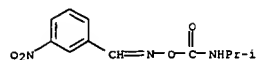
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 2120087 | A | 19721109 | DE 1971-2120087 | 19710424 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1971-2120087 A 19710424

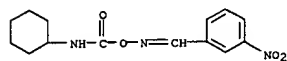
IT 39089-83-3P 39089-84-4P 39089-85-5P
 39089-86-6P 39089-87-7P 39089-88-8P
 39089-89-9P 39089-90-2P 39089-91-3P
 39089-94-6P 39089-95-7P 39089-96-8P
 39089-97-9P 39089-98-0P 39089-99-1P
 39090-00-1P 39090-01-2P 39090-02-3P
 39090-04-5P 39090-06-7P 39102-00-6P
 39102-01-7P 39102-02-8P 39102-03-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 39089-83-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-chloro-3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



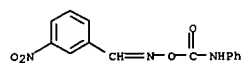
RN 39089-84-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



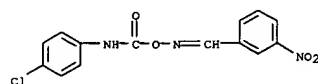
RN 39089-85-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



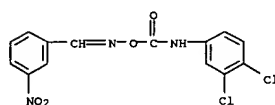
RN 39089-86-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(phenylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 39089-87-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

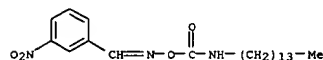


RN 39089-88-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

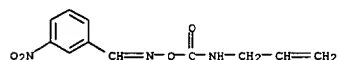


RN 39089-89-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(4-nitrophenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

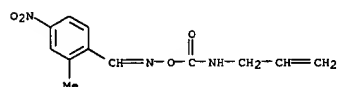
L31 ANSWER 65 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(tetradecylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



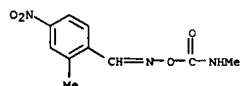
RN 39089-97-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(2-propenylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



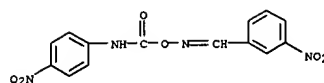
RN 39089-98-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-methyl-4-nitro-, O-[(2-propenylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



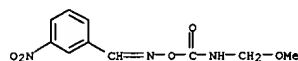
RN 39089-99-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-methyl-4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



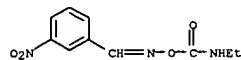
RN 39090-00-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-chloro-2-nitro-, O-[(1-methylethyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



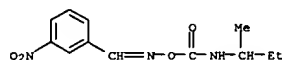
RN 39089-90-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(methoxymethyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



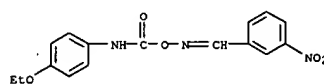
RN 39089-91-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(ethylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



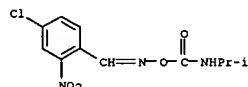
RN 39089-94-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(1-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



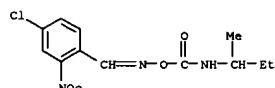
RN 39089-95-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(4-ethoxyphenyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



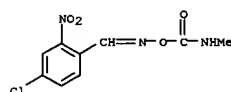
RN 39089-96-8 CAPLUS



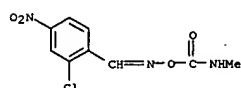
RN 39090-01-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-chloro-2-nitro-, O-[(1-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



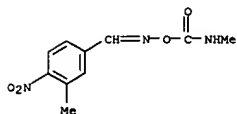
RN 39090-02-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-chloro-2-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



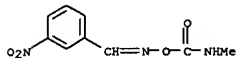
RN 39090-04-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-chloro-4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



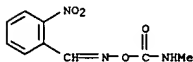
RN 39090-06-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-methyl-4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



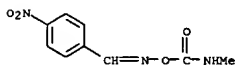
RN 39102-00-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 3-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



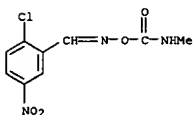
RN 39102-01-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 39102-02-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

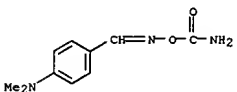


RN 39102-03-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-chloro-5-nitro-, O-[(methylamino)carbonyl]oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 66 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

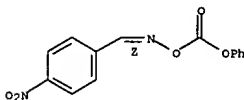
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB The oximes p-RC6H4CH:NOCONH2 (R = NMe2, Cl, OMe) were obtained in 55% yield by treating p-RC6H4CHO with NH2OH and KCNO. Hydrolysis of p-RC6H4CH:NOCONH2 with KCN or Na2CO3 gave p-RC6H4CH:NOH. Treatment of p-ClC6H4CH:NOH with 2-tetrahydropyranyl isocyanate of ClSO2NCO gave I or p-ClC6H4CH:NOCONHSO2Cl, resp., both of which were hydrolyzed to p-ClC6H4CH:NOH.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:448002 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:48002
TITLE: Hydroxylamine derivatives. 50. N-Carbamoyl oximes
AUTHOR(S): Zinner, Gerwalt; Ruthe, Helga
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm. Chem., Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Brunswick, Fed. Rep. Ger.
SOURCE: Chemiker-Zeitung (1972), 96(5), 287-8
CODEN: CMKZAT; ISSN: 0009-2894
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: German
IT 38927-03-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
RN 38927-03-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(aminocarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 67 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

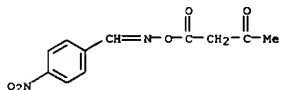
AB A new synthesis of nitriles is reported based on the pyrolysis of oxime carbonates.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:404873 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:4873
TITLE: Pyrolysis of oxime carbonates: novel conversion of aldehydes into nitriles under mild conditions
AUTHOR(S): Prokipcak, Joseph M.; Forte, P. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Guelph, Guelph, ON, Can.
SOURCE: Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1971), 49(8), 1321-2
CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 75:4873
IT 33620-19-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and pyrolysis of)
RN 33620-19-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-carboxyoxime phenyl ester, (Z)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L31 ANSWER 68 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB The hydrolysis of carboxylic acid esters were studied kinetically to further establish the E1cB mechanism as an acyl transfer path for esters. The principal feature of this mechanism is elimination of the leaving group from the carbanion formed from the ester by ionization at a position α to the ester group. Such carbanion species were observed spectrophotometrically with all of the above esters and appeared during hydrolysis under conditions ranging from steady state through fast pre-equilibrium. The nature of the leaving group has emerged as an extremely important factor in determining the relative contributions of the E1cB and BAC2 mechanisms. Yields of acetoacetanilide obtained from hydrolysis of p-nitrophenyl acetoacetate in the presence of aniline buffers have been examined in detail and compared with the kinetics of p-nitrophenol release. These results as well as those establishing a change of rate-limiting step with increase in general base concentration and the D solvent isotope effect are fully in accord with an E1cB hydrolysis mechanism which proceeds by way of a transient free ketene after elimination of the leaving group from the carbanion.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:519837 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:119837
 TITLE: The carbanion mechanism (E1cB) of ester hydrolysis. III. Some structure-reactivity studies and the ketene intermediate
 AUTHOR(S): Pratt, R. F.; Bruce, Thomas C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. of Chem., Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, CA, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1970), 92(20), 5956-64
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 29817-01-4
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (hydrolysis of, mechanism of)
 RN 29817-01-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetoacetyloxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

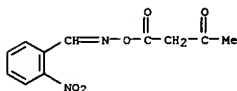


L31 ANSWER 69 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB The subject compds., prepared by the reaction of an aldoxime or ketoxime with diketene, show bactericidal activity. Thus, 36.6 g of a 55% solution of diketene in Me2CO is added to 8.8 g (CH:NOH)2 in 143 g Et2O containing 0.2 g triethylenediamine over 1 hr at 25-35°. After 2 hr the mixture is extracted with 5% aqueous Na2CO3 to yield 20.2 g bis(O-acetoacetyl)glyoxime, m. 128-30° (cyclohexane). The O-(acetoacetyl)oximes of the following carbonyl compds. are similarly prepared (m.p. and yield in g given): Ph-CHO (I), 60-1°, 63.4; 3,4-ClC6H3CHO (II), 84-6°, 40.1; 2-O2NC6H4CHO 63-6°, 11.1; Ph2CO, 68-70°, 16.2; 3-chloro-7-cyanonorbornan-2-one, 87-9°, 12.3. I gives partial and II gives complete control of Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Erwinia amylovora, and Xanthomonas malvacearum at 250 ppm in potato dextrose agar culture tests.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:43163 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:43163
 TITLE: O-Acetoacetyl oximes
 INVENTOR(S): Marcus, Erich; Hughes, John L.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Union Carbide Corp.
 SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| US 3483231 | A | 19691209 | US 1966-529217 | 19660223 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1966-529217 | A 19660223 |

IT 14146-72-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
 RN 14146-72-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-acetoacetyloxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



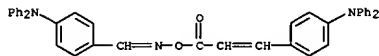
L31 ANSWER 70 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB Title compds. are useful photoconductors in production of electrophotographic recording materials. Thus, to a solution of 50 g 4-acetyltriphenylamine in tetrahydrofuran 3 equivalent aqueous KClO2 was added under stirring. After 2 hr, concentrated HCl was added, the precipitate filtered, and recrystd. from EtOH to give 72% p-Ph2NC6H4R (I, R = CO2H), m. 202-4°. The following I were prepared (R and m.p. given): CO2Me, 88.5-9.5°; C6H2(CO2Et)Ph2-4,3,5, 64-6°; CH(OH)CH2C.tpbond.CH., : CH2 OH, 93-4°; C2H4OH, 121°; CH(:NOH), 168-9°; CMe(:NOH), 140-1°; C6H12OH, (oil); C12H24OH, (oil); C2H4CO2H, 126-8°; CONPh2, : OH, 126-8°; 2-OMe, 103-5°; 2-OH, 106-8°; CH(:NNHCONH2) 185-7°; CMe(:NNHCONH2), 177-8°. Also prepared were the following 4-Ph2NC6H4(CR1:CR2)nx (R1, R2, n, X, and m.p. given): H, H, 1, CO2H, 175.7-7.7°; H, H, 1, CO2Et, 70-2°; H, H, 1, COCl, 122-4°; H, H, 1, CONPh2, 201.5-3.5°; H, H, 1, CO(O)COCH:CHC6H4NPh2-4, 152-6°; Me, H, 1, CO2H, 191-2°; H, C(CO2H):CHC6H4NPh2-4, 1, CO2H, 211-14°; H, H, 1, H, (b0.12 138°); H, H, 1, CH(:NOH), 134-6°; H, H, 2, CO2H, 86-91°; H, H, 1, CO2N:CHC6H4NPh2-4, 174-8°; H, H, 1, CO2CH2C6H4NPh2, 68-70°; H, H, 2, CH(:NOH), : H, H, 1, CO2Me, 108-9°. Also prepared was 1-(4-diphenylamino)-naphthacrylic acid, m. 247-8°, and 4-[N,N-bis(p-bromophenyl)-amino]cinnamic acid, m. 156-9°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:31416 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:31416
 TITLE: Substituted triarylamines with improved photoconductivity
 INVENTOR(S): Brantly, Thomas B.; Fox, Charles J.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Company
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 34 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| DE 1908346 | A | 19691113 | DE 1969-1908346 | 19690219 |
| FR 2002221 | A5 | 19691017 | FR 1969-3822 | 19690217 |
| BR 6906472 | A0 | 19730118 | BR 1969-206472 | 19690219 |
| GB 1258094 | A | 19711222 | GB 1969-1258094 | 19690220 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1968-706799 | A 19680220 |
| | | | US 1968-706780 | A 19680220 |

IT 25069-78-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
 RN 25069-78-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, p-(diphenylamino)-, O-[p-(diphenylamino)cinnamoyl]oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 70 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



L31 ANSWER 71 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

AB The title reaction proceeds vigorously at room temperature Aliphatic aldioximes, such as MeCH:NOH, give with RCONCO (I) (R is CH₂F, CH₂Cl, Et, PhOCH₂, o-MeC₆H₄OCH₂, o,p-Cl₂C₆H₃OCH₂, p-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂, Ph, p-ClC₆H₄, or p-O₂NC₆H₄) at room temperature only the corresponding RCONH₂, MeCN, and CO₂. The products

of the aromatic aldioximes RICH:NOH with I are RCONHCO₂N:CHRI (II) (R and R₁ given): CH₂F, Ph, CH₂Cl, Ph; Et, Ph; PhOCH₂, Ph; o-MeC₆H₄OCH₂, Ph; o,p-Me-ClC₆H₃OCH₂, Ph; o,p-MeClC₆H₃OCH₂, Ph; o,p-Cl₂C₆H₃OCH₂, Ph; p-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂, Ph; Ph, Ph; p-ClC₆H₄, Ph; p-O₂NC₆H₄, Ph; p-O₂NC₆H₄, p-O₂NC₆H₄; o,p-Cl₂C₆H₄, p-O₂NC₆H₄; p-O₂-NC₆H₄OCH₂, p-Me₂NC₆H₄; p-O₂NC₆H₄. However, at -5° to 0°, MeCH:NOH reacted with I (R = o,p-Me-ClC₆H₃OCH₂) to give 70% II (R = o,p-MeClC₆H₃OCH₂, R₁ = Me). The reaction at room temperature gave only o,p-MeClC₆H₃-OCH₂CONH₂, MeCN, and

CO₂. The hydrolysis of II with NaOH gave RCO₂H and RICH:NOH, which proves

that stable II exist only in syn configuration.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:438478 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:38478

TITLE: Acylisocyanates and their derivatives. III.

Reaction

of aldioximes with acyl isocyanates

Nuridzhanyan, K. A.; Nesterova, L. M.; Vasil'ev, A. F.; Negrebet'skii, V. V.

Vses. Nauch.-Issled. Inst. Khim. Sredstv Zashchity

Rast., Moscow, USSR

Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1969), 5(5), 869-74

CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 22998-04-5P 22998-05-6P 22998-06-7P

22998-07-8P 22998-08-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

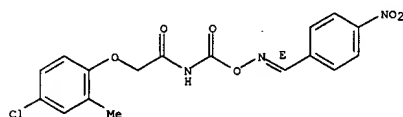
RN 22998-04-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-,

O-[[[(4-chloro-o-tolyl)oxy]acetyl]carbamoyl]oxime,

(E)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 22998-05-6 CAPLUS

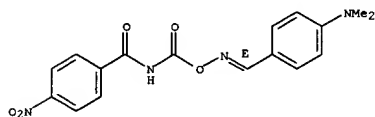
CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-[[[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]carbamoyl]oxime,

(E)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

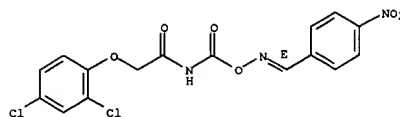
L31 ANSWER 71 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

(Continued)



L31 ANSWER 71 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

(Continued)

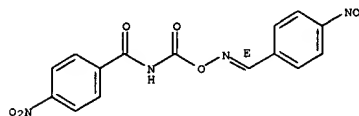


RN 22998-06-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-[[[(p-nitrobenzoyl)carbamoyl]oxime, (E)- (8CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

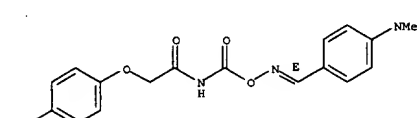


RN 22998-07-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[(p-nitrobenzoyl)carbamoyl]oxime,

(E)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 22998-08-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-[[[(p-nitrobenzoyl)carbamoyl]oxime,

(E)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L31 ANSWER 72 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN

AB The title compds. useful as insecticides, animal systemic parasiticides, herbicides, and foliage fungicides have the formula I. The intermediate 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (II), n30D 1.5239 was prepared

in 99.5% yield by refluxing 24.4 g. 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 37.8 g. O,O-diethylphosphorochloridothioate, and 16.4 g. K₂CO₃ in 200 ml. Me Et ketone 4 hrs., the mixture poured into 300 ml. H₂O and twice extracted

with CHCl₃, 7.5 g. Na₂CO₃.H₂O added to a mixture of 27.4 g. II and 7.6 g. hydroxylamine hydrochloride in 300 ml. H₂O at room temperature in 20 min., and

the mixture stirred one hr. and extracted with C₆H₆ to give 68.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (III), n30D 1.5460. III (10 g.) in 10 ml. acetone was treated with excess MeNCO and poured into 200 ml. C₆H₆ to give 93.3% 3-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde

methylcarbamate, n30D 1.5394. Similarly prepared in 96.9% yield was 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime methylcarbamate. A mixture of 56.2 g. 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone, 17.4 g. hydroxylamine

hydrochloride, and 4 g. NaOH in 150 ml. 80% EtOH was refluxed 5 min., cooled, and acidified with concentrated HCl to give 93.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime (IV), n30D 1.5393. A

mixture of 10.0 g. IV, 3.2 g. AcCl, 4.1 g. Et₃N, and 150 ml. C₆H₆ was refluxed one hr. to give 96.5% 4'-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)acetophenone oxime acetate, n30D 1.5279. A solution of 14.5 g.

4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (V) in 50 ml. Et₂O was added in 30 min. at 10° to 7 g. phosgene in 150 ml. Et₂O, the mixture stirred one hr. at 15°, a solution of 17.4 g. morpholine in 10 ml. H₂O added at <15°, and the mixture stirred two

hrs. at room temperature and worked up to give 89.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 4-morpholinecarboxylate, n30D 1.5423. Similarly 14.5 g. V, 7 g. phosgene, and 8.6 g. N,N-dimethylaniline

treated with 6.1 g. ethanolamine and 10 ml. H₂O at <15° gave 94.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde (β-hydroxyethyl)carbamate (VI), n30D 1.5423. A solution of 11.6 g. N,N-diethylethylenediamine in

10 ml. H₂O was added dropwise at <15° to VI in Et₂O solution to give 51.8% 4-(diethoxyphosphinothioyl)benzaldehyde 2-(diethylamino)ethyl carbamate, n30D 1.5310. These procedures were followed to obtain the

tabulated I (X = S, p = position of phenyl substitution by R₂C:NR₃ relative to P-containing group). The following VII were likewise prepared (R,

R₁, and n30D given): H, CONHMe, 1.5280; H, CONH₂, 1.5130; Me, CONHMe, 1.5243; Me, CONHPr-iso, 1.5109. The compds. prepared were tested as pre- and postemergent herbicides, as foliage fungicides, as insecticides, and for internal animal systemic activity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:430236 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:30236

TITLE: (O-Carbamoyl oxime), phosphate, phosphonate, and

phosphinate compositions and their utility as

herbicides and pesticides

INVENTOR(S): Gutman, Arnold D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Stauffer Chemical Co.

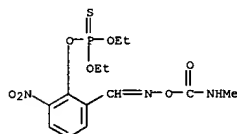
SOURCE: S. African, 80 pp.

CODEN: SFXKAB

L31 ANSWER 72 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

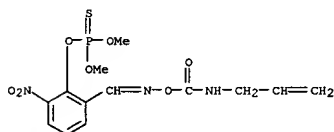
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ZA 6803662 | | 19681108 | | |
| DE 1768676 | | | DE | |
| FR 1583911 | | | FR | |
| GB 1229853 | | | GB | |
| US 3652737 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3673181 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681476 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681478 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3681479 | | 19720000 | US | |
| US 3733375 | | 19730000 | US | |
| US 3749748 | | 19730000 | US | |
| US 3769419 | | 19730000 | US | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US | 19670616 |
| | | | US | 19680520 |

IT 22936-26-1P 22936-27-2P 22936-28-3P
22936-40-9P 22936-41-0P 22939-83-9P
22939-85-1P 22939-86-2P 23107-33-7P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 22936-26-1 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

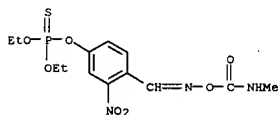


RN 22936-27-2 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-acetyloxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

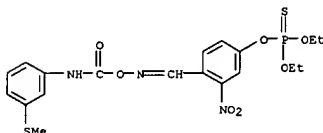
L31 ANSWER 72 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



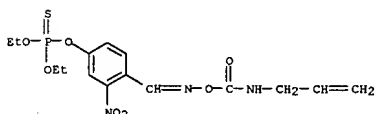
RN 22939-83-9 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 4-hydroxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



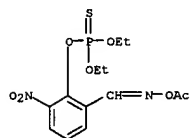
RN 22939-85-1 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 4-hydroxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde O-([m-(methylthio)phenyl]carbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



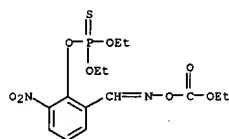
RN 22939-86-2 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 4-hydroxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde O-(allylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



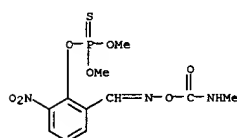
L31 ANSWER 72 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



RN 22936-28-3 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



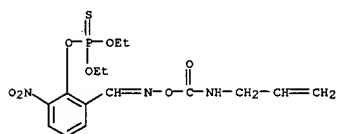
RN 22936-40-9 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-dimethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



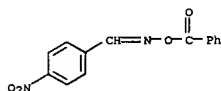
RN 22936-41-0 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-dimethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-(allylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 72 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

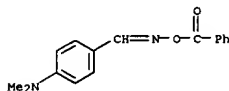
RN 23107-33-7 CAPLUS
CN Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl ester, O-ester with 3-nitrosalicylaldehyde O-(allylcarbamoyl)oxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



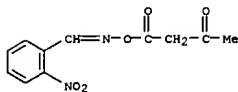
L31 ANSWER 73 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB The pyrolytic elimination of BzOH from 8 substituted benzoyl- α -benzaldoximes to yield the corresponding substituted benzonitriles shows first-order kinetics in 5 solvents. The plot of log k vs. σ is linear for this reaction in the solvents Tetralin, o-di-chlorobenzene, Me2SO, and AcNHMe, but not HCONMe2, in which competing base catalysis by the solvent occurs. Thermodynamic parameters and small neg. values for p indicate that the reaction mechanism is essentially asynchronous. Catalysis by a wide range of metal salts was observed. 26 references.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:29150 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:29150
 TITLE: Pyrolysis of benzoyl- α -benzaldoximes. I. Effect of substitution, solvents, and catalysts
 AUTHOR(S): Hill, John H. M.; Schmoekler, Linda D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Hobart and William Smith Colleges, Geneva, NY, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1967), 32(12), 4025-9
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 3848-35-9 4058-69-9
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (pyrolysis of, solvent and substituent effects in)
 RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



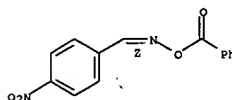
RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



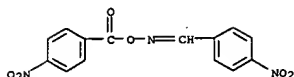
L31 ANSWER 75 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB The reaction of diketene with oximes in the presence of 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane gave good yields of new derivs., of oximes, the O-acetoacetyl derivs. Attempted O-acetoacetylation of N-phenylpyruvamide oxime led to 4-acetyl-3-methyl-1-phenyl-3-pyrroline-2,5-dione 2-oxime (I) and the O-acetoacetylation of the oxime of dehydroacetic acid gave 3,6-dimethyl-4H-pyranol [3,4-d]isoxazol-4-one.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:54976 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:54976
 TITLE: Reactions of oximes with diketene
 AUTHOR(S): Marcus, Erich; Chan, John K.; Hughes, John Lawrence
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Div., Union Carbide Corp., South Charleston, WV, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Chemical and Engineering Data (1967), 12(1), 151-3
 CODEN: JCEAAX; ISSN: 0021-9568
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 14146-72-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)
 RN 14146-72-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-acetoacetyloxime (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 74 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB cf. CA 63: 7904d. Dipole moments of oxime O-acyl derivs. I-VII were measured in C6H6 or dioxane solution and configurations and conformations were determined by means of the previously described graphical method.
 In all derivs. the acyl group has a stable conformation s-trans as in esters and other similar compds. In benzoyl derivs. of benzaldoximes the double bond
 C:N has a stable configuration syn.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:463622 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:463622
 TITLE: Oxime derivatives. IX. Determination of configuration and conformation of acylated oximes on the basis of dipole moments
 AUTHOR(S): Exner, Otto; Hollerova, J.; Jehlicka, Vladimir
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Ust. Fys. Chem., Vys. Skola Chem. Technol., Prague, Czech.
 SOURCE: Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications (1967), 32(6), 2096-103
 CODEN: CCCCAK; ISSN: 0010-0765
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 18322-89-9
 RL: PRP (Properties) (stereochemistry of)
 RN 18322-89-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime, (C2Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Double bond geometry as shown.

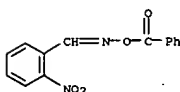


L31 ANSWER 76 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB cf. CA 59, 5167g. RC(NH2):NO2CR' (I) and RCH:NO2CR' (II) are considered to be activated esters and can be used as acylating agents. Some I and II were compared in their reaction with PhCH2NH2 (III). The kinetic consts., k (min.-1), of the reaction of 0.05M p-MeOC6H4CH:NO2CC6H4NO2-p, p-O2NC6H4CO2N:CHPh, and p-O2NC6H4CO2N:CHC6H4NO2-p with 0.1M III in 1:1 dioxane-HCONMe2 at 25° were found to be 2.7 + 10-3, 4.0 + 10-3, and 2.3 + 10-2, resp.; k of the reaction of 0.05M p-O2NC6H4C(NH2):NOAc, PhC(NH2):NOAc, p-MeOC6H4C(NH2):NOAc, and PhC(NH2):NOAc and 0.1M III in dioxane at 25° were found to be 4.9 + 10-3, 2.9 + 10-3, 1.4 + 10-3, and 4.4 + 10-4, resp.; k of 0.05M RCO2R' (IV) and 0.1M III at 25° were for IV (R = Me) in dioxane: R' = p-O2NC6H4, 3.0 + 10-2; R' = PhC(NH2):N, 2.9 + 10-3; R' = NCH2, 1.7 + 10-4; R' = Et, .apprx.10-6; for IV (R = Ph) [all in 1:1 dioxane-HCONMe2]: R' = p-O2NC6H4, 3 + 10-1; R' = PhC(NH2):N, 3.0 + 10-5; R' = NCH2, 3.8 + 10-5; for IV (R = p-O2NC6H4): R' = p-O2NC6H4, .apprx.10-7; R' = PhC(NH2):N, 4.3 + 10-4; R' = NCH2, 5.9 + 10-4; R' = Et, .apprx.10-7; for IV [R = 2-(5-nitrofuryl)]: R' = p-O2NC6H4, ∞ ; R' = PhC(NH2):N, 4.7 + 10-3; R' = NCH2, 2.1 + 10-2; R' = Et, 7 + 10-5. Dropwise addition of 7.75 g. PhCCl:NOH in 50 ml. Et2O to 7.3 g. Et2NH in 100 ml. Et2O gave PhC(NH2)2:NOH, m. 81° (petr. ether). Dropwise addition of 0.01 mole R'COCl in 25 ml. tetrahydrofuran (THF) to 0.02 mole RC(NH2):NOH in 50 ml. THF gave 100% I, of which the following were prepared (R, R', and m.p. given): p-MeOC6H4, Me, 102° (EtOAc-C6H14); Ph, p-O2NC6H4, 220° (HCONMe2-EtOH); Ph, 2-(5-nitrofuryl), 218° (EtOAc). PhC(NH2)2:NOAc b.p. 0.1118°. Refluxing 0.02 mole the appropriate oxime and 0.02 mole p-O2NC6H4COCl in 100 ml. Et2O 3 hrs. gave 100% the following p-O2NC6H4CO2N:CHR (R' and m.p. or b.p. given): p-MeOC6H4, 171° (HCONMe2-EtOH); p-O2NC6H4, 197° (HCONMe2-EtOH); Me, b.p. 78°, and 70-95% of the following NCH2CO2R (same data): Ph, b.p. 91°; p-O2NC6H4, 85° (Et2O); 2-(5-nitrofuryl), 122° (EtOAc-C6H14). Dropwise addition of 0.02 mole 2-(5-nitrofuryl) chloride in 20 ml. Et2O to 0.02 mole p-O2NC6H4OH and 0.02 mole C5H5N in 50 ml. Et2O gave 100% p-nitrophenyl 5-nitrofurate, m. 193° (HCONMe2-EtOH). The acylating power of I and II is directly related to the acidity of the OH of the alc. or oxime.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:29263 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:29263
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:5157g-h, 5158a-e
 TITLE: Activated esters. I. Aminolysis of acylated oxime and amidoxime derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Buyle, R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Union Carbide European Res. Assocs., Brussels, Belg.
 SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1964), 47(8), 2444-8
 CODEN: HICAGV; ISSN: 0018-019X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 1044-74-2, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-(p-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (reaction with benzylamine)
 RN 1044-74-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-(4-nitrobenzoyl)oxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

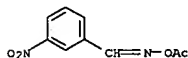


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 AB Refluxing p-anisidine and bis(p-nitrophenyl) carbonate (I) in dioxane 1 hr., followed by dilution with H2O and 10 hrs. at room temperature, gave
 398 p-O2NC6H4O2CNRR' (II) (R, R', and m.p. given): H, p-MeOC6H4, 133-5°; iso-Bu, H, 110° (87%); p-ClC6H4, H, 161-3° (99%); p-MeC6H4, H, 114.5-15.5° (63%); p-HO2CC6H4, H, 179.5-80° (86%); 2-pyridyl, H, 116° (46%). I and Et2NH heated 1 hr. on a steam bath gave 75% II (R = R' = Et), b746 280-2° (decomposition); PhNH2 and I in 2 hrs. at 150° gave 52% II (R = Ph, R' = Et), m. 76°; Ph2NH and I gave 19% II (R = R' = Ph), m. 139-40°. I and o-HO C6H4NH2 in 3 hrs. at 100° gave 46% II (R = o-HOC6H4, R' = H), m. 110-11°.

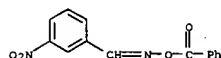
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:15144 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:15144
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:2725e-f
 TITLE: Synthesis of p-nitrophenyl esters of substituted carbamic acids
 AUTHOR(S): Nesynov, E. P.; Pel'kis, P. S.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Kiev
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1964), 34(10), 3467-9
 CODEN: ZOKH44; ISSN: 0044-460X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 3848-29-1, Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime
 3848-31-5, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-32-6, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3848-34-8, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-35-9, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3848-36-5, Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime 4058-69-9, Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (preparation of)
 RN 3848-29-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



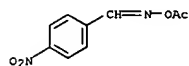
RN 3848-31-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



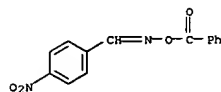
RN 3848-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



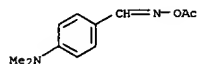
RN 3848-34-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



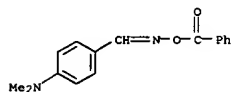
RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 3986-36-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

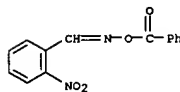


RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

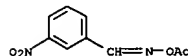


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 AB Substances described as arylideneureas by Bellavita and Cagnoli (CA 34, 19782) were shown to be oximes of the corresponding aldehydes used for the synthesis. This conclusion was verified by ir spectra.

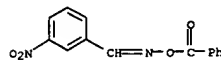
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:15143 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:15143
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:2725e
 TITLE: Synthesis of arylideneureas
 AUTHOR(S): Sedova, V. P.; Mamaev, V. P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Novosibirsk
 SOURCE: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1964), (10), 1892-3
 CODEN: IASKA6; ISSN: 0002-3353
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 IT 3848-29-1, Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime
 3848-31-5, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-32-6, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3848-34-8, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-35-9, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3848-36-5, Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime 4058-69-9, Benzaldehyde, p-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (preparation of)
 RN 3848-29-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



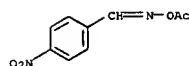
RN 3848-31-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



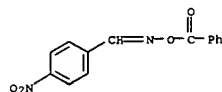
RN 3848-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



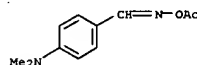
RN 3848-34-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



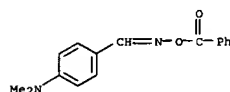
RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



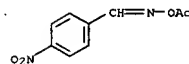
RN 3986-36-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



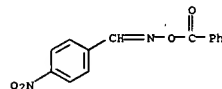
RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



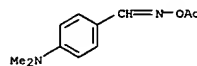
L31 ANSWER 79 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



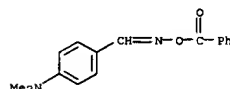
RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 3986-36-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



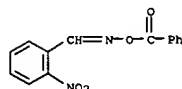
RN 4058-69-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



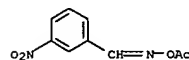
L31 ANSWER 79 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB RCONCS and Cl yield RCON:CCl2 or RCON:CClSCl depending on reactant ratio used. These react with amines, alcs., or phenols yielding the corresponding deriva. PhCON:CCl2, b2 124-6°, n20D 1.5670, d20 1.3345; o-ClC6H4CON:CCl2, b20 160-2°, 1.5824, 1.4511 (p-isomer b17 153-4°, 1.5900, 1.4344); PhCON:CClSCl, m. 91-2°; p-ClC6H4CON:CClSCl, m. 112-14°; PhCON:C(NHPh)SNHPh, m. 101-3°. No details are given.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:15142 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:15142
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:2725d-e
TITLE: N-Acyl isothiocyanate derivatives
AUTHOR(S): Ivanova, Zh. M.; Derkach, G. I.; Kirsanova, N. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Kiev
SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1964), 34(10), 3516-18
CODEN: ZOKH44; ISSN: 0044-460X

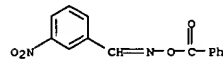
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
IT 3848-29-1, Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime
3848-31-5, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-32-6
Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3848-34-8,
Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-acetyloxime 3848-35-9, Benzaldehyde,
p-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime 3986-36-5, Benzaldehyde,
p-(dimethylamino)-, O-acetyloxime 4058-69-9, Benzaldehyde,
p-(dimethylamino)-, O-benzoyloxime
(preparation of)
RN 3848-29-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, o-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 3848-31-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



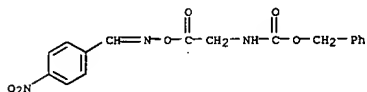
RN 3848-32-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



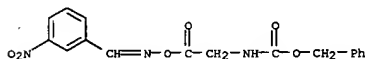
RN 3848-34-8 CAPLUS

L31 ANSWER 80 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB (Chc = PhCH2O2C throughout this abstract) Carbohenzoxyglycine (I) reacted with a series of oximes by the anhydride method (A) (Weygand and Steglich, CA 55, 5359b) (average yields 70%) and with Ph2C:CO (method B) (Elmore and Smyth, CA 59, 4033a) (unfavorable results) to give aminoacyl oximes, PhCH2O2CNHCH2CO2N:CR1, (II), whose rates of aminolysis by PhCH2NH2 were determined in tetrahydrofuran (THF) at 22°. The results were plotted and discussed from the standpoint of substituent effects on carboxyl activation. The new activation method for peptide synthesis was tested with some simple examples. The following standards were prepared from comparative aminolysis: I thiophenyl ester, m. 72°, from I, PhSH, and POCl3 in absolute THF at -15°; I p-nitrophenyl ester, m. 131°. From I, p-O2NC6H4OH, and POCl3 in THF; and I benzyl ester, m. 71°, from equimolar ams. I and PhCH2Cl in boiling dioxane with excess Et3N. Method A. I (20 millimoles) and 20 millimoles absolute Et3N in 20-30 cc. THF treated with 20 millimoles ClCO2Et at -15° with stirring, after 30 min. a solution of the appropriate oxime in THF added, and the mixture stirred 12 hrs. at -15°, kept overnight at room temperature, and worked up (Wieland and Heinke, CA 53, 18880f) gave II. Method B. I (20 millimoles) in THF treated with 20 millimoles Ph2C:CO and 4 cc. M THF-absolute Et3N at -15°, followed after several min. by 20 millimoles appropriate oxime in THF, the solution warmed gradually to room temperature, kept overnight, and worked up, and the product recrystd. from EtOAc-petr. ether or Me2CO-petr. ether gave II. The following II were prepared (R, R1, and m.p. given): Me, Me (III), 110-12°; (RR' =) cyclohexylidene, 80.5-1.5°; H, m-O2NC6H4, 126.5-8.0°; H, p-O2NC6H4, 166.5-7.5°; Me, Ph, 95.5-7.0°; Me, p-tolyl, 104°; Me, p-anisyl, 90°; Ph, Ph (IV), 78-9°; H, α-ClOH7 (V), 107-8°; Me, p-BrC6H4, 113-14°, and Me, m-O2NC6H4 (VI), 79-80°. To 10 millimoles I and 10 millimoles absolute Et3N in 30 cc. THF was added 10 millimoles ClCO2Et at -15° with stirring, after 30 min. 10 millimoles appropriate alc. [furfuryl alc., furfuryl mercaptan (VII), or 1-phenyl-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone (VIII)] added, the mixture kept 5 hrs. at room temperature and worked up, and the crude product recrystd. from EtOAc-petr. ether to give I furfuryl ester, m. 70-1°; carbohenzoxyglycyl ester of VII, m. 65-67°; and 1-phenyl-3-methylpyrazolyl ester (IX) (VIII bound to I as enol ester according to the ir spectrum), m. 131°, resp. EtO2CCH2NH2·HCl (X.HCl) (10 millimoles) suspended in 20 cc. MeCN treated with 10 millimoles absolute Et3N, followed by 10 millimoles III in MeCN, and the mixture kept 24 hrs. at room temperature and worked up gave 61.2% Cho-Gly-Gly-OEt (XI), m. 81-2°. Similar treatment of 10 millimoles X.HCl in MeCN with 10 millimoles VI, V, and IX gave XI, m. 81-2°, in yields of 73, 85, and 75%, resp. From 50-millimoles ams. L-tyrosine Et ester-HCl (XII.HCl), IV, and absolute Et3N in MeCN was similarly prepared 75% Cho-Gly-Tyr-OEt (XIII), m. 126-7°, [α]22D 19.1° (c 3, EtOH), and from 50-millimole ams. XII.HCl and IX was similarly prepared 90% XIII, m. 126-7°, [α]22D 19.0° (c 3, EtOH).

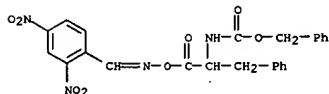
L31 ANSWER 80 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:3302 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:3302
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:631f-h, 632a-c
 TITLE: N-Protected aminoacyl oximes as new
 carboxyl-activated compounds for peptide synthesis
 AUTHOR(S): Losse, Guenter; Barth, Alfred; Schatz, Karin
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Halle, Germany
 SOURCE: Justus Liebig's Annalen der Chemie (1964), 677, 185-90
 CODEN: JLAACF; ISSN: 0075-4617
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 62:3302
 IT 3065-06-3, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-[N-carboxyglycyl]oxime,
 benzyl ester 3065-07-4, Benzaldehyde, m-nitro-,
 O-[N-carboxyglycyl]oxime, benzyl ester
 (preparation of)
 RN 3065-06-3 CAPLUS
 CN Carbanic acid, [2-[[[O-(p-nitrobenzylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]-,
 benzyl ester (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 3065-07-4 CAPLUS
 CN Carbanic acid, [2-[[[O-(3-nitrophenyl)methylene]amino]oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-,
 phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 81 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN (Continued)



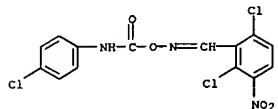
L31 ANSWER 81 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB The dissociation consts. (as pK) of several phenols, oximes, and hydroxamic acids was determined. Many of these were condensed with benzyloxy-carbonyl-L-phenylalanine (I) by the dicyclohexylcarbodiimide procedure. Then the rate of coupling of these esters was compared with an excess of PhCH2NH2 (II) in dioxane-water using as a measure of reactivity the first order half-reaction time (t/2) which was calculated from the change of the optical d. of the reaction mixture with time. Preparative scale reactions of phenolic esters of I with II and with H2NCH2CO2Et gave desired products in yields above 75%. Esters of slightly acidic phenols with I reacted slowly with amines, but 2,4,6-(O2N)3C6H2OH (pK 0.29) had such high reactivity with I that the ester could not be isolated but immediately disproportionated to the anhydride of I. The reactions of phenol esters of I with II were as follows [R of phenol HOR, pK, and t/2 (min.) given]: 4-Me2NC6H4, --, no reaction; 4-PhC6H4, 13.00, very slow; 4-FC6H4, 13.10, very slow; 4-ClC6H4, 12.51, 700; 2-FC6H4, 12.15, 555; 3-FC6H4, 12.42, 500; 3-ClC6H4, 12.09, 360; 2,4,6-13C6H2, 8.24, 350; 2-ClC6H4, 11.98, 264; 3-pyridyl, 11.55, 172; 4-AcC6H4, 11.18, 157; N-methyl-3-pyridinium group, 6.75, 7; 3,5-Cl2C6H3, 10.70, 44; 4-EtO2CC6H4, 11.35, 42.1; 2,4-Cl2C6H3, 10.87, 38.5; 2,4-MeO(OHC)C6H3, 10.30, 31.0; 2,4-Br2C6H3, 10.82, 31.0; 2,4,6-Cl3C6H2, 9.69, 19.3; 2,4,6-Br3C6H2, 8.29, 72.0; 4-O2NC6H4, 9.41, 5.7; 4-ONC6H4, 8.22, 4.3; 2,4,5-Cl3C6H2, 9.60, 2.8; Cl5C, 6.25, 2.36. The hydroxamic acid or aldohime, its pK, and the % yield from the reaction of its derivative of I with II were as follows: HONHCO2CH2Ph, 14.3, 68; HONHCO2Ph, 13.1, 78; BzNHON (III), 11.4, 72; 4-O2NC6H4NHON, 9.9, 85; AcNHON, 14.5, 60; HON:CHPh, 14.5, 90; 2,4-(O2N)2C6H3CH:NON, 12.0, 92; 3-NON:CHQ (Q = pyridyl), 13.4, 83; 4-NON:CHQ, 13.1, 84; HONHCO2C2Cl, 10.8, side reaction: HON:C(NH2)CH2Cl, 8.8, side reaction: HON:C(NH2)CCL3, strongly acid, side reaction. The t/2 of the reaction of the mixed anhydride of I and III with II was 44 min.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:3293 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:3293
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:627g-h, 629g-h, 629a
 TITLE: Use of some new active esters in peptide synthesis
 AUTHOR(S): Fless, J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sandoz Ltd., Basel, Switz.
 SOURCE: Peptides, Proc. European Symp., 5th, Oxford (1963), 1962, 69-72
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 3267-57-0, Carbanic acid, [alpha-[[[O-(2,4-dinitrobenzylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenethyl]-, benzyl ester (reaction with benzylamine)
 RN 3267-57-0 CAPLUS
 CN Carbanic acid, [alpha-[[[O-(2,4-dinitrobenzylidene)amino]oxy]carbonyl]phenethyl]-, benzyl ester (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L31 ANSWER 82 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
 AB The title compds. were prepared by chlorinating benzaloximes in the presence of diluents with suitable isocyanates. The compds. exhibited usefulness as pre- and postemergent weed killers, in most cases more effective than Me2C:NO2CNHPh. Thus, 12.5 g. PhNCO added dropwise at 60° to a solution of 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NOH in 200 ml. absolute C6H6 and the mixture refluxed 30 min. gave 23 g. 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NO2CNHPh, m. 112-13° (decomposition). Similarly were obtained the following 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NO2CNHR [R and m.p. (decomposition) given]: 4-ClC6H4, 108-13°; 3-ClC6H4, 129-31°; 3,4-Cl2C6H3, 156°; 4-O2NC6H4, 144°; 4-EtOC6H4, 109-12°; 1-naphthyl, 180°; 1,2,3,4,5-Cl5C2, 150°. 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NO2CNHCO2C6H4Me-4 m. 117-18° (decomposition). 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NOH (38 g.) in 200 ml. CH2Cl2 treated dropwise at 20-5° with 1,2,6-Me(OCN)2C6H3 in 100 ml. CH2Cl2 and the mixture stirred 6 hrs. at room temperature gave 31 g. (2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NO2CNH)2R (I, R = 1-methyl-2,6-phenylene), m. 195° (decomposition). Similarly were prepared the following I (R and m.p. given): 1-methyl-2,4-phenylene, 147° (decomposition); 1,4-phenylene, <140° (decomposition); (4-C6H4)2CH2, <90°; 1,5-naphthylene, <200° (decomposition); 1,4-cyclohexylene, 132-5°; (4-C6H4)2CHMe2, 145° (decomposition); 1,3-phenylene, <130° (decomposition); 1,3,4-trichloro-5-methyl-2,6-phenylene, 180° (decomposition); 4,4'-dicyclohexylenemethyl, 130° (decomposition). 2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NOH (28.5 g.) in 200 ml. CH2Cl2 treated dropwise at 20-5° with 23.3 g. (4-OCNC6H4O)3PS in CH2Cl2 and the mixture stirred 7 hrs. at room temperature, gave 50 g. (4-(2,6-Cl2C6H3CH:NO2CNH)C6H4O)3P(S), m. 90-100° (decomposition). 2,3,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NOH (45 g.) in 200 ml. CH2Cl2 treated dropwise at 20° with 24 g. PhNCO and the solution kept 3 hrs. gave 56 g. 2,3,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NO2CNHR (II, R = Ph), m. 55-60° (decomposition). Similarly were prepared the following II [R and m.p. (decomposition) given]: 3-ClC6H4, 98°; 4-ClC6H4, 94°; 3,4-Cl2C6H3, 118-20°; 1,2,3,4,5-Cl5C, 161°. 2,3,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NO2CNHCO2C6H4Me-4 (137-9° (decomposition)). 2,3,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NOH (45 g.) in 200 ml. CH2Cl2 treated dropwise at 20° with 14.7 g. 1,2,4-Me(OCN)2C6H3 and the mixture stirred 4 hrs. gave 58 g. 2,4-(2,3,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NO2CNH)2C6H3Me m. 210° (decomposition). 2,6,3-Cl2(O2N)C6H2CH:NOH (47 g.) in 200 ml. Et2O treated dropwise at 20° with 30.7 g. p-ClC6H4NCO in Et2O gave 60 g. 2,6,3-Cl2(O2N)C6H2CH:NO2CNHR (III, R = 4-ClC6H4), m. 158-64° (decomposition). Similarly prepared were the following III [R and m.p. (decomposition) given]: 3-ClC6H4, 128°; 3,4-Cl2C6H3, 147°. 2,6,3-Cl2(O2N)C6H2CH:NO2CNHCO2C6H4Me-4, m. 140-1°. 2,6,3-Cl2(MeO)C6H2CH:NOH (11 g.) in 300 ml. CH2Cl2 treated at 35-40° with 6 g. PhNCO and the mixture stirred kept several hrs. gave 14 g. 2,6,3-Cl2(MeO)C6H2CH:NO2CNHR (IV, R = Ph), m. 120-3° (decomposition). Similarly were prepared the following IV [R and m.p. (decomposition) given]: 4-ClC6H4, 130-1°; 1,2,3,4,5-Cl5C, 135°. 2,4,6-Cl3C6H2:NOH (45 g.) in 200 ml. Et2O treated dropwise at 20° with 24 g. PhNCO gave 57 g. 2,4,6-Cl3C6H2CH:NO2CNHR, m. 154-6° (decomposition).
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:476345 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61:76345
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:13244b-g
 TITLE: Chlorinated O-carbamoylbenzaloximes
 INVENTOR(S): Dickore, Karlfried; Sasse, Klaus; Eue, Ludwig; Heiss, Rudolf
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.
 SOURCE: 6 pp.

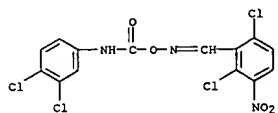
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| DE 1174757 | | 19640730 | DE | 19621222 |
| BE 641600 | | | BE | |
| FR 1379919 | | | FR | |
| GB 995313 | | | GB | |
| NL 302370 | | | NL | |

IT 92158-91-3, Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(p-chlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxime 92167-56-1, Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxime 92428-75-6, Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(p-tolylsulfonyl)carbamoyl]oxime (preparation of)
 RN 92158-91-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(p-chlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxime (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



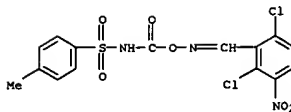
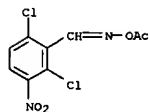
RN 92167-56-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxime (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 92428-75-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-[(p-tolylsulfonyl)carbamoyl]oxime (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

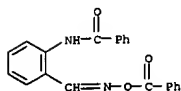
AB The efficiency and phytotoxicity of various fungicides (zineb-S65, zineb P-10, maneb S-65, maneb P-7, maneb P-15, ferbam S-76, thiram S-80, and ziram S-80) against P. tabacina was studied in hot houses, sprout-beds, and in the field. Zineb at 0.3% concentration yielded very good results with no phytotoxic effect; 4-5 g./sq.m. of powder based on zineb (17.5-10%) yielded good results during field tests. Maneb (3-4 g./sq.m.), containing 7-17%, also yielded good results but a slight phytotoxic effect was observed. Maneb spray at 0.05-0.06% concentration was effective and medium phytotoxicity was of temporary character. Ferbam (0.5-0.4% concentration) provided effective protection without phytotoxicity. Thiram was effective at 0.4% concentration. Ziram (0.2-0.4% concentration) failed to protect tobacco against P. tabacina.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:19287 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:19287
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:3430f-h
 TITLE: Efficiency and phytotoxicity of some fungicides in protection of Dungsank tobacco from Peronospora tabacina
 AUTHOR(S): Blagojevic, Milutin; Nadezhdin, Milojka; Prpic, Zdenka
 SOURCE: Agron. Glasnik (1963), 13(8), 559-67
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 90418-11-4, Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (as fungicide)
 RN 90418-11-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 2,6-dichloro-3-nitro-, O-acetyloxime (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

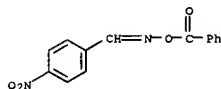


AB Deoxygenation of quinoxaline 3-oxide (I) to quinoxaline (II) was effected by PCl3, PBr3, or catalytic reduction (Raney Ni). Such catalytic absorption of 1 mole equivalent H by 1.3 g. I in MeOH yielded 0.8 g. II, m. 48-9° (b. 240-3°), whereas absorption of 2 mole equivs. H by 0.75 g. I in MeOH yielded 0.3 g. 3,4-dihydroquinoxaline, the structure of which (5 g.) in C6H6 was confirmed by oxidation with alkaline K3Fe(CN)6 to yield 2 g. II, b15-16 115-18°, m. 48°. However, I suffered ring fission with the anionoid reagents which caused simple substitution of the corresponding 1-oxide (III). Thus, 0.5 g. I and 0.23 g. KCN in H2O treated slowly with 0.5 g. BzCl gave an orange oil, purified by ether extraction and Al2O3 chromatography to yield 0.12 g. o-BzHNC6H4CH:NOBz, m. 147-8°, also formed, in confirmation of structure, from BzCl in C5H5N on o-H2NC6H4CH:NOH. I (0.5 g.) with p-MeC6H4SO2Cl in CHCl3 yielded 0.4 g. unidentified crystalline compound I (0.5 g.) heated 4 hrs. on a water bath with 6 cc. Ac2O, excess Ac2O removed in vacuo, the residue made alkaline with 15% K2CO3, extracted with C6H6, and the extract purified by Al2O3 chromatography yielded 0.08 g. o-CNC6H4CN, m. 109-10°, the infrared spectrum of which showed bands characteristic of CN and NC groups. I (0.5 g.) refluxed 1 hr. on a water bath with 10 cc. SO2Cl2 yielded 0.1 g. unidentified oil. Both unidentified products were probably also results of fission of the pyrimidine ring of I. Mechanisms for such reactions were outlined. Even 2N NaOH kept overnight at room temperature with 0.3 g. I opened the ring to yield 0.21 g. o-(OHCHN)C6H4CH:NOH, m. 154-5°. Reactions of the less reactive anionoid reagents with I afforded further contrasts to those with the 4-MeO derivative (IV) of III. Thus, 0.3 g. I allowed to stand overnight at room temperature with HCN-MeOH, 20% NaHSO3, or 80% N2H4.H2O gave, resp., 0.15 g. 4-NC derivative of II, m. 118-19° (identical with the oxidation product of 3,4-dihydro-4-quinoxalinecarbonitrile), 0.25 g. 4-NAO3S derivative of II, m. above 360°, or 0.16 g. 4-H2NHN derivative (V) of II, m. 188-9° (decomposition). On the other hand, IV failed to react with HCN or NaHSO3 and with N2H4.H2O 0.3 g. IV yielded 0.2 g. 4-hydrazinoquinoxaline 1-oxide, m. 167-8° (decomposition). The structure of V (0.35 g.) was confirmed by refluxing 3 hrs. on a water bath with BzH in MeOH to yield 0.2 g. 4-PhCH:NHN derivative of II, m. 171-2°. All these results indicated a greater nucleophilic activity of the 4-position in I as compared with the 2-position in III. Also, the 3-oxide group lessened the stability of the ring and led to its fission between the 2- and 3-positions.

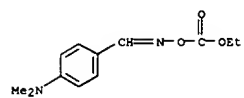
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:38508 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:38508
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 56:7320e-1, 7321a
 TITLE: Quinoxaline 3-oxide
 AUTHOR(S): Higashino, Takeo
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Shizuoka Coll. Pharm.
 SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1961), 9, 635-41
 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 94963-92-5, Benzanilide, 2'-formyl-, O-benzoyloxime (preparation of)



L31 ANSWER 85 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AB H2NOBz (I), m. 8°, λ 230 mμ (ε 10,900) and 5.78
 μ, was prepared from 15 ml. of a fresh 1:1 mixture of 4N H2NOH2Cl and
 3.5N
 NaOH added with shaking to 20 millimoles p-O2NC6H4OBz (II), m.
 145°, in 500 ml. 95% EtOH at 65° and allowed to stand 15
 min. at room temperature, assays showing 100% p-O2NC6H4O- (by ε at 400
 mμ) but only 15% hydroxamic acid (FeCl3 test); an addnl. 5 min.
 evaporation
 to 95 ml. at reduced pressure, addition of 95 ml. H2O, 2 extns. with 100
 ml.
 Et2O, drying with Na2SO4, and evaporation produced 4.9 g. stable
 mixture, m.
 -15°, purified by washing a cold 1.5% solution in Et2O or CHCl3 with
 0.2N aqueous Na2CO3, evaporating, and crystallizing at -78° from
 ether-petr.
 ether. From 157 mg. I in 5 ml. MeOH with 0.15 ml. Ac2O and 1.5 ml. M
 aqueous
 NaOAc at room temperature, evaporated to 0.5 ml. and crystallized from
 Et2O, was obtained
 136 mg. AcNHOBz, m. 98-99°. I (42 mg.) with 45 mg. p-O2NC6H4CHO in
 1.5 ml. HOAc gave an immediate precipitate from which, after standing 5
 min.,
 heating 10 min. on the steam bath and cooling, was isolated 59 mg.
 p-nitrobenzaldehyde benzoate, m. 192-2.5°. The same reactants in
 alc. without HOAc gave a mol. complex, m. 120°. It was attempted
 to prepare H2NOAc (III) similarly to I at 0° from H2NOH2Cl and 5
 millimoles p-O2NC6H4OAc (IV), m. 78-9°; assays indicated
 p-O2NC6H4O-, 0.8 millimoles AcNHOBz (V), and no Ac2NOH (VI); the
 distillate
 contained only alc. and 2.6 millimoles III, transformed into V and VI by
 attempted purification, or into 189 mg. BzNHOBz, m. 128-9°, with
 BzCl at room temperature. Pure I after standing 2 hrs. (10 min.) at 30°
 (100°) decomposed into 45% (88%) BzNHOBz and 11% (3%) Bz2NOH. In 1.6M
 H2NOH only BzNHOBz was formed. I or III were completely destroyed by
 0.01M
 NaOH in 5 min. at room temperature Other acylating agents for NH2OH
 were examined
 in neutral buffer solns. (in the presence of [CH2N(CH2CO2H)2]2 to prevent
 metal catalysis of N-acylation). Reagent and initial % hydroxamic acid
 (= N-acylation) are given: Ac2O 49, acetylhydrazide 14, IV 25, VI 8, II 41,
 2,4-(NO2)2 compound 63, BzCl 96.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1959:77605 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:77605
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 53:14030d-1
 TITLE: Reaction of hydroxylamine with activated acyl groups.
 I. Formation of O-acylhydroxylamine
 Jencks, Wm. P.
 AUTHOR(S): Brandeis Univ., Waltham, MA
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1958), 80,
 SOURCE: 4581-4
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 3848-35-9, Benzaldehyde, p-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime
 (preparation of)
 RN 3848-35-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, O-benzoyloxime (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L31 ANSWER 86 OF 86 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB A kinetic study of the pyrolysis of acyl derivs. of the aldoximes,
 XC6H4CH: NOR → XC6H4CN + ROH, at various temps. in xylene and in the
 absence of solvents shows 1st-order kinetics, and the results of varying
 the substituent X indicate a decrease in the rate constant in the order
 o-MeO > p-Me2N > p-MeO > 3,4-CH2O2 > H > m-MeO > o-NO2 >
 m-NO2 > p-NO2. Variations in R produce a decrease in rate constant in
 the
 order Cl3CCO > Ph2NCO > EtOCO > p-NO2C6H4CO > Bz > p-MeOC6H4CO >
 CH2ClCO > Ac. If H bonding exists in the Ac derivs. of α-aldoximes,
 as suggested by Bengner and B. (Part XXXIX, above), the pyrolysis can be
 represented as involving electron shifts without separation of charges
 (III).
 Electron release from XC6H4 favors the rupture of the N-O bond but
 hinders
 the rupture of the C-H bond, the effect from X = p-MeO to X = p-NO2 being
 less than in the hydrolysis of BzOEt. Electron withdrawal of R, while
 retarding the electron shift from the :O atom, favors it from the N-O
 bond, probably the determining factor in this reaction. Many pyrolyses
 are now
 regarded as involving a homolytic fission, but the absence of by-products
 in this reaction opposes this mechanism here. The rate consts. for
 o-NO2 compds. are appreciably higher than for the corresponding m-
 and p-NO2 isomers although the dissociation constant of o-O2NC6H4CO2H is
 20 times that of the m- or p-isomer. These results suggest H bonding
 between the methine-H atom and an atom of the ortho-substituent, favoring
 rupture of the C-H bond (IV). Acyl derivs. prepared by known methods
 were:
 α-p-ON2C6H3CH: NOCOCH2Cl, m. 128°; α-p-
 MeOC6H3CH: NOCOCH2Cl, m. 72°; and α-m-NO2C6H3CH: NOBz, m.
 175°. The following CO2Et derivs. were prepared (X in
 XC6H4CH: NOCO2Et and m.p., resp., given): m-NO2, 95°; p-NO2,
 108°; o-NO2, 42°; o-MeO, 50°; H,
 36-7°; p-MeO, 73°; and p-Me2N, 116°.
 α-m-MeOC6H3CH: NOCO2Et, m. 43° (from petr. ether),
 α-p-MeOC6H3CH: NOCO2Et, m. 149° (from C6H6), and
 p-MeOC6H3CH: NOCO2Et, m. 153° (from C6H6), were also prepared
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1951:26920 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 45:26920
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 45:4678g-1, 4679a-e
 TITLE: Isomerism of oximes. XLIII. Kinetics of the pyrolysis
 of acyl derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Ambrose, Douglas; Brady, O. L.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Coll., London
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1950)
 1243-9
 CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 71063-92-8, Benzaldehyde, p-dimethylamino-, α-O-
 ethoxycarbonyloxime
 (preparation of)
 RN 71063-92-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, O-(ethoxycarbonyl)oxime (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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TOTAL

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SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

439.24

2652.33

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-62.78

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